DECEMBER 5, 2014



20 INDY 20 A COMPONENT OF PLAN 2020



Consolidated Plan

Executive Summary

ES-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The City of Indianapolis receives an annual allocation of funding from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to be used for the benefit of low-income persons or neighborhoods. The funding is based on a formula and a number of community development factors, including population, the extent of poverty, housing overcrowding and population growth lag in relationship to other metropolitan areas.

The City of Indianapolis receives four different entitlement grants from HUD, the Community Development Block Grant (\$8,000,000 per year), the HOME Investment Partnerships Program Grant (\$3,000,000 per year), the Emergency Solutions Grant (\$690,000 per year) and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with HIV/AIDS (\$940,000 per year). Based on funding levels from 2014, the City of Indianapolis expects approximately \$12,600,000 each year, \$63,000,000 over five years. These grants are known as CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA, respectively. The City of Indianapolis uses these funds to leverage other public and private funding towards community development projects throughout Marion County/Indianapolis.

Once every five years the City of Indianapolis must complete a Consolidated Plan. The Consolidated Plan is an assessment of housing, homelessness and community development needs in the community. Through statistical analysis and community input, the City of Indianapolis determines the needs in the community and outlines a strategy, including priorities and goals, to address those needs.

Once a year, the City of Indianapolis will write an Action Plan. The Action Plan outlines projects and the amount of funding that will go towards meeting the goals outlined in the Consolidated Plan. At the conclusion of each fiscal year, the City of Indianapolis will write a final report, called the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report, to report the progress towards the Consolidated Plan goals and accomplishments by project.

This document will serve as the Consolidated Plan for the City of Indianapolis, covering years 2015 through 2019. For the City of Indianapolis, fiscal years are concurrent with calendar years, thus the Consolidated Plan will run from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2019. This document will also serve as the first year Action Plan, outline projects to receive funding in 2015.

2. Summary of the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan Needs Assessment Overview

The City of Indianapolis is at a moment in time with many of its planning documents ready for updating. The Consolidated Plan, Comprehensive Plan, Transportation Plan and Land Use Plan all need to be updated in 2015-2016. Plan 2020, a yearlong effort to solicit input from the community to determine the future of Indianapolis has been the driving force for all the plans. This is in addition to the City updating its zoning classifications and descriptions.

The 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan will incorporate several initiatives, or priorities, from Plan 2020 in a way that supports a diverse population. The priorities over the next five years include:

- 1. **Livable Communities** Livable communities will be vibrant neighborhoods with buildings of quality design, accessible infrastructure and affordable housing for all income groups.
- Youth Education and Employment The City will support programs that provide youth of all ages, from pre-K to young adults, with affordable education and opportunities for summer employment.
- 1. **Economic Opportunities** Economic opportunities will be opened for business owners and the workforce they intend to hire. Preparing Indianapolis residents for jobs that will be created is important to increasing income for low-income residents but also attracting businesses to the area.
- 1. **Prevention and Stabilization** For some families, stabilizing their housing is of highest priority. The challenge not only lies in helping low income households find housing, it is helping them keep their housing, particularly for those households that are chronically homeless. The City will support programs that help extremely low-income households stabilize their housing.
- 1. Emergency Shelter Assistance The City will continue to support households that fall on hard times, by helping them find shelter and quickly get back into housing. This is called Rapid Rehousing, with the intention of families and individuals finding permanent housing quickly and minimizing the time in a shelter. The City will also support programs reducing the length of shelter stays to easy overcrowding in the communities shelters.
- 1. **Street Outreach** The City will support service providers going out into the community, away from their facilities, to reach homeless neighbors unable or unwilling to come in the shelter. The intention of this program is to connect these individuals and families with services they may not be aware of that could help them find permanent housing.
- Services for Persons Living with HIV/AIDS Affordable housing and supportive services are a
 high need for persons and households living with HIV/AIDS. Medical costs are exceptionally high
 for treatment, thus creating a challenge for these households when it comes to stabilizing
 housing. The City will support programs serving persons living with HIV/AIDS in many different
 ways, including emergency rent or utility assistance and case management services.
- 1. *Fair Housing* The City of Indianapolis will strive to further fair housing in the community. Testing by local and national advocacy groups have found system-wide discrimination on the basis of race and disability in the community.

The goals outlined in the Strategic Plan will go to meet each of these priorities. The City of Indianapolis will fund projects that meet these priorities during the 2015-2019 fiscal years.

3. Evaluation of past performance

In it's previous Consolidated Plan, the City of Indianapolis focused in the same areas of community development, but with goals more focused on homeownership and combating the damage from the foreclosure crisis. Accomplishments over the past five years include:

- v Assisted an average of five small businesses with façade improvements per year
- v Supported summer youth programs, benefiting approximately 1,200 youth per year
- v Placed unemployed or underemployed adults in jobs, approximately 100 per year, with 70 percent of those placed able to retain those jobs for 90 days
- v Assisted 40 homeowners per year with major repairs, in targeted neighborhoods with other housing activities
- v Assisted 200 homeowners across Indianapolis with major repairs, including modifications for special needs households.
- v Provided emergency rent or utility assistance to approximately 300 households per year.
- v Provided supportive services and support to 200 households living with HIV/AIDS per year.

The City of Indianapolis reports on the progress made every year; however, the most recent annual report did not include cumulative accomplishments. Based on the above average annual accomplishments, the City of Indianapolis will likely not meet many of the 2010-2014 Consolidated Plan. Goals were set on the progress the City of Indianapolis was able to make in the previous five years, 2005-2009.

Changes in funding levels, challenges with credit for new homebuyers and changes in institutional structure have created challenges in accomplishing the goals set in 2009. A few neighborhoods were able to make substantial changes, such as the Near Eastside Legacy Project, Fountain Square/Virginia Avenue, United Northeast area and the Meadows. These areas were able to accomplish large-scale renovation projects and business development along commercial corridors to steam the tide of dis-investment. These neighborhoods demonstrated how private and public partnerships can support and enhance a community, moving projects from planning stages to reality. The City of Indianapolis will be furthering this holistic approach based on the success of the during the previous Consolidated Planning period.

4. Summary of citizen participation process and consultation process

The City of Indianapolis had three different processes to solicit comprehensive input from the community.

First, the City of Indianapolis hired a consultant to conduct consultations with community stakeholders. The stakeholders represented a variety of non-profit community organizations, local government leadership, advocacy groups, business leaders and social service providers. The Indianapolis Continuum of Care was also part of the stakeholder interviews. Interviews were conducted in person or via conference call. A summary of the comments received is listed in the Consultation Narrative later in this document.

Second, as part of Plan 2020, the City of Indianapolis, Division of Planning hosted a variety of public engagement meetings to encourage public comments on the status of the City Indianapolis and the direction the City should go when it comes to planning for future development. Plan 2020 is a yearlong effort to prepare the City of Indianapolis for its bicentennial celebration and plan for the future of the City. Engagement activities went beyond public meetings and took planning efforts to the people through community events such as the Indianapolis City Farmer's Market, Mayor's Night Out and Indiana Black Expo. The City of Indianapolis also used an on-line site called MindMixer to engage citizens and collect their ideas for the future. Engagement activities allowed residents to provide input and find out more about the City of Indianapolis' services and initiatives for the future.

Third the City of Indianapolis utilized a traditional survey instrument to solicit input from the community. Paper surveys were distributed to the jury pool and completed by interns working with individuals utilizing the central library branch. The public input section will discuss the comments and ideas received from the survey process.

5. Summary of public comments

The draft form of this Consolidated Plan was available for 30 days for public comment beginning **October 24, 2014 and ending November 24, 2014**. Draft copies of the document were available in the Department of Metropolitan Development offices and at the Hall for comment and electronically via the City of Indianapolis website. The Hall served as the Indianapolis City Hall from 1910 to 1962. In addition to housing Plan 2020, The Hall also provides meeting and gathering space for the public and a gallery of community-based initiatives.

A summary of comments will be inserted into this narrative after the comment period.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

All comments on this document have been accepted. Appendix A includes all comments received by individuals and organizations. While not every comment went into the decision making process for priority and goal setting, all comments did help shape the multiple plans released as part of the Plan 2020 and how the City of Indianapolis intends to implement the projects funded through the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan. Comments received during the 30-day comment period from October 15, 2014 to November 15, 2015 will be included as part of the final document.

The City of Indianapolis also released the *Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing (AI)* during the same time period. Comments associated with the AI are included with that document.

7. Summary

The City of Indianapolis is part of Unigov- a government structure that has merged together the City and County governments. Indianapolis/Marion County have one single Mayor and an elected City County Council. The City of Indianapolis is responsible for planning for all of Marion County with the exception of the excluded cities of Beech Grove, Speedway, Lawrence and Southport. Indianapolis is divided into nine townships, Pike, Washington, Lawrence, Wayne, Center, Warren, Decatur, Perry and Franklin. Each township has its own metropolitan school district except in areas where the Indianapolis Public Schools are located.

The downtown area is a hub of development, both commercial and residential, giving new life to older buildings. Between 1990 and 2012 approximately \$9.3 billion was invested by the public, private, and not-for-profit sectors in arts, culture, sports, recreational, and educational amenities and in convention center expansions, life science, and other commercial buildings and upscale housing options. However, according to the Marion County Alliance Tax report by the Greater Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce (2002) "many people who reside outside Marion County work in and/or visit Indianapolis without paying for any of the services they receive and sometimes without paying for the amenities they use."

This poses an income challenge for the City of Indianapolis, as it must attract residents to live within its borders to increase its tax revenue for public services. As such, the City of Indianapolis needs to create

attractive communities to live, work and play in while preserving its diversity of affordable housing and services for all of its residents. Gentrification is often a side affect of new development and redevelopment. Abandoned properties are renewed for high end residential or commercial development, forcing low income families "out." While Plan 2020 will be the driving force behind the sustainability and growth of Indianapolis, the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan will be the preservation arm of Plan 2020. The City of Indianapolis will redevelop its older neighborhoods, keeping communities affordable to all residents at all income levels.



Map of Indianapolis by Township

The Process

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies 24 CFR 91.200(b)

1. Describe agency/entity responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

| Agency Role | Name | | Department/Agency | |
|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| CDBG Administrator | INDIANAPOLIS | De | partment of Metropolitan | |
| | | De | velopment | |
| HOPWA Administrator | INDIANAPOLIS | Department of Metropolitan | | |
| | | De | velopment | |
| HOME Administrator | INDIANAPOLIS | De | partment of Metropolitan | |
| | | De | velopment | |
| ESG Administrator | INDIANAPOLIS | De | partment of Metropolitan | |
| | | De | velopment | |

Table 1 - Responsible Agencies

Narrative

The City of Indianapolis is responsible for the administration and implementation of projects funded with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) grant funding from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Division of Community Economic Development within the Department of Metropolitan Development is responsible for administration of the funds, creating the planning documents, reporting to HUD and the community about the progress of all projects funded. The Division is also responsible for record maintenance and long-term compliance associated with each funding resource.

The City of Indianapolis currently does not implement programming from its offices, but utilizes project sponsors, developers and subgrantees to implement its programs. Local Community Development Corporations and private developers implement housing programs utilizing funds from the City. All developers compete through an open application process once per year for funding for a specific project or program. Projects are evaluated by Division of Community Economic Development Staff to ensure eligibility and compliance with City initiatives and this Consolidated Plan. Public services programs also receive funding via this process.

The project sponsors and the City of Indianapolis typically enter into one and two-year agreements for the implementation of projects and programs. More details about this process, including the monitoring of the project sponsors will be spelled out later in this Consolidated Plan.

The City of Indianapolis hired a consultant, City Consultants & Research, LLC, to write the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan. The consultant wrote narrative sections, partnered with the Division of Planning for public input processes and conducted consultation interviews with stakeholders. To write the Strategic Plan, the consultant worked with the Division of Community Economic Development to set priorities, goals and

projects to meet the needs of the community. The consultant also developed the *Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing* for 2015, incorporating it into the Strategic Plan of this document.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

Questions about the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan should be directed to:

Department of Metropolitan Development/Division of Community Development City of Indianapolis 200 East Washington Street, Suite 2042 Indianapolis, IN 46204 317-327-5355

PR-10 Consultation - 91.100, 91.200(b), 91.215(l)

1. Introduction

The City of Indianapolis hired a consultant to help with the development of this Consolidated Plan. The consultant conducted private consultations with stakeholders in the community. The consultation discussions were held to support the Plan 2020 public process and centered on issues of fair housing and the Consolidated Plan. Consultations were completed face-to-face and via conference call. The City of Indianapolis provided the consultant a full list of people to conduct interviews with. Some interviews were added at the suggestion of interviewees in the consultations. A full list of those consulted is in the tables below.

Provide a concise summary of the jurisdiction's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies (91.215(I)).

The City of Indianapolis and its consultant worked directly with the Indianapolis Housing Agency (IHA) to complete portions of this Consolidated Plan. IHA had to complete its draft five-year strategic plan by August 15, 2014 to meet its own deadlines. Data provided by the City of Indianapolis helped IHA set goals to address the needs of very low-income households. In sum, data provided by the IHA helped the City of Indianapolis understand the capital needs of the public housing community.

The City of Indianapolis also works with the Marion County Health Department to implement lead based paint hazard demonstration grants. Referrals from the health department enable the City of Indianapolis target federal funds to the households and children in the most need.

As a rule, the State of Indiana does not invest its community development dollars in the City of Indianapolis because it does receive its own allocation directly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. However, information available in the State of Indiana five-year strategic plan and from the State Health Department were helpful in establishing the needs in Marion County.

Overall the City of Indianapolis works in conjunction with all other public agencies. Through consultation, the City of Indianapolis has learned that project sponsors still desire greater coordination among funding agencies such as the State of Indiana, the City of Indianapolis and private resources as the grant funding cycles have synced creating a challenge when budgeting financial and human capital resources.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

The Indianapolis Continuum of Care (CoC) is a collaborative, an engaged coalition of public and private agencies and individuals who are dedicated to preventing and ending homelessness in the City of Indianapolis. Members of the Continuum of Care recognize that long-term efforts and goals can only be realized through a cooperative approach and readily share information and resources to meet their collective needs.

The Governance Charter to determine the structure for the Indianapolis CoC was unanimously adopted at the first full membership meeting of the Continuum of Care held on Wed., August 14, 2013. The latest version was amended and approved at a full Continuum of Care meeting on August 27, 2014. The CcC is composed of representatives of organizations, including nonprofit homeless providers, victim service providers, faith-based organization, governments, businesses, advocates, public housing agencies, school districts, social service providers, mental health agencies, hospitals, universities, affordable housing developers, law enforcement organizations that serve homeless and formerly homeless veterans and homeless and formerly homeless persons to the extent these groups are represented with in the geographic area and are available to participate. The Blueprint Council must represent all of these organizations.

The Coalition for Homelessness Intervention and Prevention is the lead agency for Indianapolis Continuum of Care, but the City of Indianapolis is one of the partner agencies in the Continuum. The City of Indianapolis works in partnership with the Indianapolis Continuum of Care consistently throughout the year as part of the governing body called the Blueprint Council. Four staff members from the Division of Community Development are appointed members to the Indianapolis Continuum of Care.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the jurisdiction's area in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards and evaluate outcomes, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the administration of HMIS

Annually, the City of Indianapolis issues an application for funding and holds a public meeting to discuss the available funds through the Emergency Solutions Grants. Any agency that is eligible may submit an application without regard to community or faith based status so long as they comply with the regulations. Under the requirements of the HEARTH Act of 2009, the City cannot award more than 60% of its funds to emergency shelter and street outreach activities. In 2010, the City elected to issue no more than 50% to emergency shelters and street outreach and to have a focus on prevention and rapid re-housing projects.

Completed applications are reviewed by a team who scores them. If the application meets the threshold score established by the Department of Metropolitan Development leadership, that application will receive some level of funding. Typically, the funding is a percentage based on scores or a maximum amount available, whichever is less. Contracts are then issued and funds are paid on a reimbursement basis.

- CED (Community Economic Development) will issue an RFP for entitlement funds in conjunction
 with the consolidated planning process. The RFP will consist of instructions to complete the
 application, an application, and a listing of the evaluation criteria. A notice of the release of the RFP
 will be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation, two weeks prior to the issuance and
 a public hearing will be held to announce it. A deadline for proposal submission will be included in
 these announcements.
- A question and answer session will be held by CED staff at least one week in advance of the proposal due date.
- Proposals must be received in Suite 2042 of the City-County Building by **12:00 p.m**. (noon) on the due date. Applications will be date stamped for verification of receipt. Any proposals received after the announced deadline will be ineligible for consideration.

- A team or teams will be convened to review proposals. A standard evaluation form will be used to
 assess all proposals, based on the criteria identified in the RFP. Through this evaluation process, the
 review team(s) will establish recommendations.
- The Mayor and the Director of DMD will review the recommendations and will either approve or amend these recommendations.
- The proposals recommended through the above process will be presented to the appropriate
 governing body. This governing body has the final authority to approve or amend the funding
 recommendations.
- Applicants will receive written notification, indicating the level of support, if any, which will be awarded. Participation in further discussion regarding the outcomes of the application process will be at the discretion of review team members and City administration.
- Funds for those projects that have received approval will be made available upon the execution of a signed contract between the City and the Project Sponsor.
- 2. Describe Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and describe the jurisdictions consultations with housing, social service agencies and other entities

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

| 1 | Agency/Group/Organization | LOCAL INIATIVES SUPPORT CORPORATION |
|---|---|---|
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | rigency, Group, Organization Type | Regional organization |
| | | Civic Leaders |
| | | Community Development Financial Institution |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Economic Development |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Bill Taft and Rachel McIntosh of Local |
| | | |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Initiatives Support Corporation. Discussed issues |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | facing housing development and economic |
| | improved coordination? | development as they related to total neighborhood |
| | | redevelopment. Institutional structure for delivering |
| | | services and affordable housing was also discussed. |
| 2 | Agency/Group/Organization | Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services - Housing |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Public Housing Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Amy Nelson to discuss fair housing issues in |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Indianapolis. She revealed new reports about fair |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | housing and income would be released on or about the |
| | improved coordination? | same time the City of Indianapolis will need to release |
| | | its new Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing and |
| | | Consolidated Plan. |
| 3 | Agency/Group/Organization | AccessAbility |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | | Services - Housing |
| | | Services-Persons with Disabilities |
| | | Service-Fair Housing |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Public Housing Needs |
| | | Non-Homeless Special Needs |
| | | Transportation |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | In person meeting with Melissa Madill, Amber |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | O'Haver to discuss the needs of persons living with |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | disability. Discussion included fair housing, access to |
| | improved coordination? | housing and transportation needs. |
| 4 | Agency/Group/Organization | Back Home in Indiana Alliance |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | | Services - Housing |
| | | Services-Persons with Disabilities |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Public Housing Needs |
| | | Non-Homeless Special Needs |
| | | Transportation |
| | | 1 |

| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Meeting with AccessAbility and Back Home in Indiana |
|---|---|---|
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Alliance to discuss the housing and service needs of |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | persons living with disabilities. Transportation was |
| | improved coordination? | also a topic covered. |
| 5 | Agency/Group/Organization | NEAR NORTH DC |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | | Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Market Analysis |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with the CDC Executive Director, Michael |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Osborne, to discuss housing development. The |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | discussion included affordable housing, |
| | improved coordination? | homeownership opportunities, fair housing and the |
| | | vacant housing problem. |
| 6 | Agency/Group/Organization | Indianapolis - Division of Planning |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Service-Fair Housing |
| | | Other government - Local |
| | | Planning organization |
| | | Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Citizen Input |
| | Consultation? | |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | The Division of Planning assisted with the solicitation |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | of public input through Plan 2020 and issuing surveys. |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | Also had discussions with Keith Holdsworth on the |
| | improved coordination? | need to include fair housing initiatives within the |
| | mproved coordination. | comprehensive plan. |
| 7 | Agency/Group/Organization | INDIANAPOLIS |
| , | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services-Children |
| | rigency, Group, Organization Type | Services-Education |
| | | Civic Leaders |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Economic Development |
| | Consultation? | Anti-poverty Strategy |
| | Consultation. | Education Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Deputy Mayor Olgen Williams and Deputy |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Mayor Jason Kloth on the initiatives from the Mayor's |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | office, including education for pre-school aged |
| | improved coordination? | children. |
| 8 | Agency/Group/Organization | Indianapolis - Division of Parks |
| U | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Other government - Local |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Civic Leaders |
| | | |
| | What are the continue of the Di | Parks Planning |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Anti-poverty Strategy |
| | Consultation? | Parks services and facilities needs |

| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Elaine Dillahunt and Don Colvin on the |
|----|--|---|
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | challenges facing the Indianapolis Parks Department. |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | |
| | | The staff is creating some reports on the specific |
| | improved coordination? | capital improvement needs of the Parks Department |
| | 10 10 ::: | to provide to this Consolidated Plan. |
| 9 | Agency/Group/Organization | Coalition For Homelessness Intervention and |
| | | Prevention |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | | Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| | | Services-Victims of Domestic Violence |
| | | Services-homeless |
| | | Service-Fair Housing |
| | | Services - Victims |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Homelessness Strategy |
| | Consultation? | Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless |
| | | Homeless Needs - Families with children |
| | | Homelessness Needs - Veterans |
| | | Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth |
| | | Anti-poverty Strategy |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Christy Shepard and Michael Butler on the |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | needs facing the Indianapolis homeless population and |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | the continuum of care providers that work with these |
| | improved coordination? | individuals and families. |
| 10 | Agency/Group/Organization | HAWTHORNE COMMUNITY CENTER |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Services - Housing |
| | | Services-Children |
| | | Services-Elderly Persons |
| | | Services-Persons with Disabilities |
| | | |
| | | Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| | | Services-Persons with HIV/AIDS Services-Education |
| | | |
| | | Services-Education |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Services-Education Services-Employment |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation? | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing |
| | | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs |
| | Consultation? | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy |
| | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from |
| | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. |
| | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. The changing funding landscape has required them to |
| | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. The changing funding landscape has required them to become a Center for Working Families. The |
| 11 | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. The changing funding landscape has required them to become a Center for Working Families. The discussion also included education initiatives that may be helpful to families and children living in poverty. |
| 11 | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. The changing funding landscape has required them to become a Center for Working Families. The discussion also included education initiatives that may |
| 11 | Consultation? How was the Agency/Group/Organization consulted and what are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination? | Services-Education Services-Employment Service-Fair Housing Non-Homeless Special Needs Anti-poverty Strategy Met with Diane Arnold to discuss the demands from the community at the Hawthorne Community Center. The changing funding landscape has required them to become a Center for Working Families. The discussion also included education initiatives that may be helpful to families and children living in poverty. Greater Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce - |

| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Economic Development |
|----|---|--|
| | Consultation? | |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Brian Gildea to talk about economic |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | development initiatives to benefit the entire area and |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | Marion County. Discussed the development of a |
| | improved coordination? | CEDS and the planned released date for the initiative. |
| 12 | Agency/Group/Organization | INDIANAPOLIS HOUSING AGENCY |
| | Agency/Group/Organization Type | Housing |
| | | PHA |
| | What section of the Plan was addressed by | Housing Need Assessment |
| | Consultation? | Public Housing Needs |
| | | Non-Homeless Special Needs |
| | How was the Agency/Group/Organization | Met with Jennifer Green, Nicole Britt and Katherine |
| | consulted and what are the anticipated | Davidson. The team worked together to share |
| | outcomes of the consultation or areas for | information about the affordable housing needs, |
| | improved coordination? | public housing capital plans, public housing capital |
| | | needs, residential involvement. The team also |
| | | discussed the release of the Public Housing Five-Year |
| | | Plan and the Consolidated Plan. |

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

Many agencies have been consulted through the traditional Consolidated Plan Consultation process as well as through the Plan 2020 process.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

| Name of Plan | Lead Organization | How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | goals of each plan? | | | |
| Continuum of Care | Coalition for | The Strategic Plan for the City of Indianapolis includes goals | | | |
| | Homeless | of the Continuum of Care. These goals are written to supper | | | |
| | Intervention and | the efforts of the community that serves our homeless | | | |
| | Prevention | neighbors. | | | |
| Plan 2020 | City of Indianapolis | Plan 2020 is a regional effort to solicit input from the public | | | |
| | | about the future of Indianapolis as it approaches its 200th | | | |
| | | birthday. The plan focuses in five areas, Love Indy, Choose | | | |
| | | Indy, Serve Indy, Work Indy and Connect Indy. | | | |
| Analysis of | City of Indianapolis | Fair housing is a leading issue facing Indianapolis. Research | | | |
| Impediments to | | by the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana has show mass | | | |
| Fair Housing | | amounts of housing discrimination. The new AI and the | | | |
| | | goals it sets are a part of this Consolidated Plan. | | | |

Table 3 – Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Describe cooperation and coordination with other public entities, including the State and any adjacent units of general local government, in the implementation of the Consolidated Plan (91.215(l))

Many of the initiatives set out in Plan 2020 and the Consolidated Plan will need help from other local entities for its implementation. Programs and possible areas of coordination include:

- Low Income Housing Tax Credits issued by the State to leverage capital funds for affordable housing development
- Metropolitan Planning Organization and IndyGo development of public transit options near neighborhood developments
- Advocacy from the State of Indiana to the federal Department of Transportation for the development of rapid bus transit lines
- Advocacy from other neighboring communities to the federal Department of Transportation for the development of rapid bus transit lines
- Support from the Indianapolis Public Schools to develop educational opportunities for young children prior to kindergarten and first grade
- Support from the Indianapolis Public Schools to develop educational opportunities for children before and after school
- Support from the Office of Fair Housing within the Department of Housing and Urban Development to help with fair housing initiatives, including earning a substantial equivalency between the local city ordinance and the federal fair housing act.

Narrative (optional):

Through the consultations, even with different topics within community development as part of the interview, the one thread connecting all the discussions is human capital. The need for more human capital is the commonality.

All agencies have performed great feats when it comes to community development. However, to implement projects and keep a planning pipeline of projects poses a challenge for most community development corporations and the City of Indianapolis. Administrative requirements associated with the funding require consultants or additional staff time away from project implementation and future project planning. Instead of working 5-10 years into the future, most local organizations are working 6 months to a year in advance. Larger private organizations with enough history and private resources have been able to adapt to the changing financial climate of public grant dollars. However, small organizations primarily funded with public dollars continue to face a shortage of human capital.

Partnerships will be the primary way to overcome this obstacle, borrowing brain power and man power to handle heavy administrative burdens, project implementation and project/strategic planning.

PR-15 Citizen Participation

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

Plan 2020 is a strategic planning initiative forging a compelling future for Indianapolis. The plan is a collaboration between the Greater Indianapolis Progress Committee, Department of Metropolitan Development, and community leaders to make Indianapolis a better place to live, work and visit. Plan 2020 will be used to update a number of City of Indianapolis plans, including the Marion County Comprehensive Land Use Plan, the Marion County Thoroughfare Plan, the Marion County Parks, Recreation and Open Space Plan, the Regional Center Plan, the Consolidated Plan and the Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy.

All of these plans have come to a point of renewal at the approximate same time. Though a gift of the Lilly Endowment, the City of Indianapolis and its partners are working with the public through an extensive input process to develop and shape the future of Indianapolis. The Hall, the recently renovated old City Hall, is the center for information and public inquiry. Friday Forums offer a way for the community to find out more about the process.

Committees are working to develop goals for the community in one of five areas – Choose Indy, Connect Indy, Love Indy, Serve Indy and Work Indy. Goals are set under each of one of these areas, creating a city that is livable and competes for people to move to the City, connecting the people of Indianapolis to each other and places, creating a city that welcomes people, creating a engaged community and creating economic opportunity. More specific to the Consolidated Plan, the City of Indianapolis conducted survey research to get ideas from the community on housing, homeless and community development needs. The survey was distributed to the jury pools each morning for the month of August and interns from Plan 2020 distributed surveys to people entering the Center Branch Library just north of downtown. The survey reached a random selection of registered voters and people utilizing the library. The City of Indianapolis also an electronic survey link to housing and public service providers. A summary of responses is included in the appendix to this document.

Citizen Participation Outreach

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 1 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Plan 2020 - the Public | Introduction of plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Launch - 225 people | 2020 Themes and | received. | |
| | | | attended a meeting at | draft values for the | | |
| | | | the Hall. 6/14/14 | community to react | | |
| | | | | to the themes | | |
| | | | | presented. | | |
| 2 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | IndyHub Get | Highlighted ways | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Indyvolved - 75 | young professionals | received. | |
| | | | people attended a | can engage with Plan | | |
| | | | meeting at 212 West | 2020 - get ideas on | | |
| | | | 10th Street. 6/18/14 | draft value | | |
| | | | | propositions | | |
| 3 | Road Show & | Minorities | Major Taylor Wellness | Highlighted ways to | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | | Ride - 25 people | engage with Plan | received. | |
| | | | attended a meeting at | 2020 - primarily | | |
| | | | 3649 Cold Springs | black audience. | | |
| | | | Road. 7/12/14 | | | |
| 4 | Road Show & | Minorities | Indiana Black Expo - | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | | talked with 125 people | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | at the expo between | residents value - | | |
| | | | 7/18/14 and 7/20/14. | primarily black | | |
| | | | | audience | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 5 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Nuvo Best of Party - | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | talked with 50 people | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | at 25 West Georgia | residents value and | | |
| | | | Street - 7/26/14. | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy. | | |
| 6 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | City Market Farmer's | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Market - talk with 200 | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | people located at the | residents value and | | |
| | | | City Market. 7/30/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |
| 7 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | City Market Farmer's | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Market - talk with 200 | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | people located at the | residents value and | | |
| | | | City Market. 8/6/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |
| 8 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Mayor's Night Out | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Lawrence - talk with | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | 15 people at 5610 East | residents value and | | |
| | | | 56th Street. 8/14/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 9 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | We Are City | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Typeform - Online | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | outreach - 20 people. | residents value and | | |
| | | | 6/20/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |
| 10 | Road Show & | Young Adults | Discover Indy - 120 | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | | people attended a | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | residents value and | | |
| | | | 8/21/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy - | | |
| | | | | Primarily young | | |
| | | | | professional | | |
| | | | | audience. | | |
| 11 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Decatur Library - 50 | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | meeting at 5301 | residents value and | | |
| | | | Kentucky Avenue. | track where they | | |
| | | | 8/28/14 | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 12 | Road Show & | Non-English | International | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | Speaking - Specify | Marketplace Event - | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | other language: | 100 people attended a | residents value and | | |
| | | multiple languages, | meeting at 748 | track where they | | |
| | | Spanish primarily | Massachusetts Ave. | live, work and love | | |
| | | | 8/30/14 | to go in Indy - | | |
| | | | | primarily | | |
| | | | | international | | |
| | | | | audience. | | |
| 13 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Garfield Park Library - | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | 20 people attended a | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | meeting at 2502 | residents value and | | |
| | | | Shelby Street. 9/16/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |
| 14 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Lawrence Library - | Received feedback | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | 100 people attended a | on what Indy | received. | |
| | | | meeting at 7898 N. | residents value and | | |
| | | | Hague Road. 9/16/14 | track where they | | |
| | | | | live, work and love | | |
| | | | | to go in Indy | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 15 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Indy Connect - 2 | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 6/28/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on Indy | | |
| | | | | Connect/public | | |
| | | | | transportation. | | |
| 16 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Indy FastTrack - 10 | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 7/11/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on Indy | | |
| | | | | FastTrack - | | |
| | | | | redevelopment of | | |
| | | | | industrial sites. | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 17 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Renew Indianapolis - 5 | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 7/18/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on | | |
| | | | | Renew Indianapolis | | |
| | | | | - a non profit | | |
| | | | | charged with | | |
| | | | | redevelopment of | | |
| | | | | vacant and | | |
| | | | | abandoned housing | | |
| | | | | properties. | | |
| 18 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Community Economic | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Development Strategy | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | - 5 people attended a | various planning | | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | activities are | | |
| | | | 7/25/14 | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on | | |
| | | | | Indy's Community | | |
| | | | | economic | | |
| | | | | development | | |
| | | | | strategy | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 19 | Internet Outreach | Non-targeted/broad | Online Survey - | Challenges facing | All comments have been | |
| | | community | 7/23/2014 - Present - | indy, neighborhood | received. | |
| | | | Online Website - 24/7 | development, | | |
| | | | Accessibility. | housing and | | |
| | | | | community | | |
| 20 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | 410 Surveys | Challenges facing | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | distributed and | indy, neighborhood | received. | |
| | | | returned from the jury | development, | | |
| | | | pool and central public | housing and | | |
| | | | library. | community | | |
| 21 | Road Show & | Minorities | The Consolidated Plan | Please see Appendix | | |
| | Exhibit Teams | | document will be | Α. | | |
| | | Persons with | available for a period | | | |
| | | disabilities | of 30 days for | | | |
| | | | comment from the | | | |
| | | Non-targeted/broad | general public. It will | | | |
| | | community | be made available to | | | |
| | | | affordable housing | | | |
| | | Residents of Public | providers, social | | | |
| | | and Assisted | service providers and | | | |
| | | Housing | the Indianapolis | | | |
| | | | Housing Agency. | | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 22 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Library Strategic Plan - | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | 30 people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 8/01/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on the | | |
| | | | | Central Library's | | |
| | | | | Strategic Plan | | |
| 23 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Bike Share/Cultural | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Trail - 15 people | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | attended a meeting at | various planning | | |
| | | | the Hall. 8/08/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on Bike | | |
| | | | | Share and the | | |
| | | | | Cultural Trail | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 24 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | State of Education - 5 | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 8/15/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on the | | |
| | | | | State of Education | | |
| | | | | in Indianapolis | | |
| 25 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Monument Circle | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Reconstruction Project | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | - 5 people attended a | various planning | | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | activities are | | |
| | | | 8/22/14 | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on | | |
| | | | | Monument Circle | | |
| | | | | Reconstruction | | |
| | | | | Project | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 26 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Indy Food Council - 7 | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | people attended a | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | various planning | | |
| | | | 9/5/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on the | | |
| | | | | Indy Food Council | | |
| 27 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Reconnecting Our | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Waterways - 10 people | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | attended a meeting at | various planning | | |
| | | | the Hall. 9/12/14 | activities are | | |
| | | | | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on | | |
| | | | | Reconnecting to | | |
| | | | | Our Waterways | | |
| 28 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Indy Parks Full Circle | Introduced Plan | All comments have been | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Master Plan - 15 | 2020 and how | received. | |
| | | | people attended a | various planning | | |
| | | | meeting at the Hall. | activities are | | |
| | | | 9/19/14 | influencing our | | |
| | | | | process - this info | | |
| | | | | followed by a | | |
| | | | | presentation on the | | |
| | | | | Full Circle master | | |
| | | | | plan | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 29 | Public Meeting | Minorities | Public meeting held | Discussions included | All comments were | |
| | | | on 10/16/14 at the | the Consolidated | received. | |
| | | Persons with | Public Assembly | Plan priorities and | | |
| | | disabilities | Room to release a | goals, as well as a | | |
| | | | draft version of this | listing of the 2015 | | |
| | | Non-targeted/broad | Consolidated Plan. | Action Plan projects. | | |
| | | community | | | | |
| 30 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Draft Consolidated | Discussions included | All comments were | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | Plan - Meeting | the Consolidated | received. | |
| | | | scheduled for noon at | Plan priorities and | | |
| | | | the Hall. 10/17/14 | goals, as well as a | | |
| | | | | listing of the 2015 | | |
| | | | | Action Plan projects. | | |
| 31 | Public Meeting | Non-targeted/broad | Public Meeting held by | No comments have | No comments have been | |
| | | community | Division of | been received | received as a result of | |
| | | | Community | regarding priorities | this meeting. | |
| | | | Development Staff in | and goals. | | |
| | | | the public assembly | | | |
| | | | room. The staff | | | |
| | | | presented the draft | | | |
| | | | goals to the | | | |
| | | | Consolidated Plan, | | | |
| | | | requiting input or | | | |
| | | | suggested changes. | | | |

| Sort Order | Mode of Outreach | Target of Outreach | Summary of | Summary of | Summary of comments | URL (If |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | | response/attendance | comments received | not accepted | applicable) |
| | | | | | and reasons | |
| 32 | Road Show & | Non-targeted/broad | Public responses are | Public comments | All comments were | |
| | Exhibit Teams | community | included as an | included questions | accepted. Comments of | |
| | | | attachment to this | about geographic | similar nature have a | |
| | | | document. | target areas and the | combined response in | |
| | | | | City's commitment | the attached document. | |
| | | | | to fair housing. | | |

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Needs Assessment

NA-05 Overview

Needs Assessment Overview

The City's last Consolidated Plan, published in late 2009, citied that while the area was considered to have affordable housing, a great number of households experienced a cost burden as income decreased. That need has not decreased since then.

The housing needs analysis will state the greatest housing problem experienced population of Indianapolis is for those with a cost burden or severe cost burden. Cost burden occurs when a household pays more than 30 percent of the household's gross monthly income towards housing. Severe cost burden occurs when a household pays more than 50 percent of the household's gross monthly income towards housing. Extremely low-income households, (those earning less than 30 percent of the area median income), experience these two housing problems at the highest rates and are at risk of homelessness when they cannot afford their housing. The analysis will also show that African American households experience housing problems at a greater rate than their Caucasian peers. African American households with extremely low incomes experience a disproportionate rate of cost burden. However, this changes as income increases, with African Americans experiencing cost burden at the same rate as their peers.

The need for affordable housing for the most vulnerable, low-income households continues in Indianapolis. By addressing this need, it will help African American households have more choice in housing and reduce their disproportionate risk of homelessness.

NA-10 Housing Needs Assessment - 24 CFR 91.205 (a,b,c)

Summary of Housing Needs

The Indianapolis housing market is considered one of the most affordable housing markets in the County. CNN Money ranked Indianapolis third most affordable city in the United States. In the three-month period from May to July, 2014, the average sales price of a home was \$95,203. The market currently has an inventory of 7.3 months of listings, according to the Metropolitan Indianapolis Board of Realtors (MIBOR). The average sales price is down slightly from the same period in 2013, when the average sales price was \$104,458.

Affordable housing is not necessarily low-income housing. Affordable housing is housing that costs less than 30 percent of a household's gross monthly income. Households who spend more than 30 percent of their gross month income towards housing costs are considered to have a cost burden. By evaluating the number of households with cost burden, the City of Indianapolis can determine if there is a shortage in affordable housing for its population.

A large number of households (43 percent of owners and 51 percent of renters) spend more than 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing costs. By spending more than 30 percent of the gross monthly income, the household is considered to have a housing problem or added cost burden by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). This section of the Consolidated Plan will examine the population of the City of Indianapolis and determine who has a cost burden and how to address their needs with the federal funding that is available.

| Demographics | Base Year: 2000 | Most Recent Year: 2011 | % Change |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Population | 791,926 | 824,745 | 4% |
| Households | 324,583 | 328,693 | 1% |
| Median Income | \$40,154.00 | \$42,772.00 | 7% |

Table 5 - Housing Needs Assessment Demographics

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2007-2011 ACS (Most Recent Year)

Additional Demographic Information

City Consultants & Research, LLC utilized the SAVI Community Information System, a large community data system managed by the Polis Center at the Indiana University School of Liberal Arts to update information provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The general population statistics were incomplete from the HUD provided analysis. The American Community Survey for 2011 within SAVI listed a population for Marion County as 897,515. That is an increase of 4.31 percent since the 2000 decennial census.

The number of households also increased since 2000 by 1.53 percent. The total number of households is 357,586. The average household size is 2.5 persons. The largest segment of households is married couples with children, totaling 135,574. Households with children are a close second, totaling 112,997 households.

Marion County is divided into nine (9) townships, Pike, Washington, Lawrence, Warren, Center, Wayne, Decatur, Perry and Franklin. Pike Township has the biggest minority population with 63.5 percent of the

population identifying themselves as a minority race. Wayne Township has the biggest Hispanic population, with 15.34 percent identifying themselves as Hispanic.

| Demographics | Base Year: 2000 | Most Recent Year: 2011 | % Change |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Population | 860,454 | 897,515 | 4.31% |
| Households | 352,164 | 357,587 | 1.53% |
| Median Income | \$ 40,421 | \$ 43,197 | 6.87% |

Table 6 - SAVI Information

Number of Households Table

| | 0-30% | >30-50% | >50-80% | >80-100% | >100% |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|---------|
| | HAMFI | HAMFI | HAMFI | HAMFI | HAMFI |
| Total Households * | 48,828 | 43,357 | 62,845 | 35,478 | 138,205 |
| Small Family Households * | 16,275 | 16,002 | 22,482 | 12,901 | 69,428 |
| Large Family Households * | 3,784 | 3,008 | 4,835 | 3,102 | 9,146 |
| Household contains at least one | | | | | |
| person 62-74 years of age | 5,533 | 6,135 | 9,556 | 5,390 | 21,136 |
| Household contains at least one | | | | | |
| person age 75 or older | 4,395 | 6,857 | 7,287 | 3,191 | 7,898 |
| Households with one or more | | | | | |
| children 6 years old or younger * | 11,413 | 8,932 | 9,743 | 6,299 | 13,350 |
| * the highest income | me category for | these family t | ypes is >80% I | HAMFI | |

Table 7 - Total Households Table

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

Housing Needs Summary Tables

1. Housing Problems (Households with one of the listed needs)

| | , , | Renter | | | | | Owner | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------|-------|------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| | 0-30% | >30- | >50- | >80- | Total | 0-30% | >30- | >50- | >80- | Total |
| | AMI | 50% AMI | 80% AMI | 100% AMI | | AMI | 50% AMI | 80% AMI | 100% AMI | |
| NUMBER OF HO | L OUSEHC | | 71111 | 71111 | | | 71111 | 71111 | 71111 | |
| Substandard | | | | | | | | | | |
| Housing - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lacking | | | | | | | | | | |
| complete | | | | | | | | | | |
| plumbing or | | | | | | | | | | |
| kitchen facilities | 560 | 374 | 524 | 144 | 1,602 | 229 | 260 | 274 | 130 | 893 |
| Severely | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overcrowded - | | | | | | | | | | |
| With >1.51 | | | | | | | | | | |
| people per room | | | | | | | | | | |
| (and complete | | | | | | | | | | |
| kitchen and | | | | | | | | | | |
| plumbing) | 415 | 295 | 314 | 55 | 1,079 | 0 | 90 | 74 | 15 | 179 |
| Overcrowded - | | | | | | | | | | |
| With 1.01-1.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| people per room | | | | | | | | | | |
| (and none of the | | | | | | | | | | |
| above problems) | 1,139 | 729 | 955 | 190 | 3,013 | 230 | 265 | 565 | 345 | 1,405 |
| Housing cost | | | | | | | | | | |
| burden greater | | | | | | | | | | |
| than 50% of | | | | | | | | | | |
| income (and | | | | | | | | | | |
| none of the | | | | | | | | | | |
| above problems) | 24,347 | 7,048 | 1,069 | 110 | 32,574 | 6,761 | 5,105 | 3,267 | 592 | 15,725 |
| Housing cost | | | | | | | | | | |
| burden greater | | | | | | | | | | |
| than 30% of | | | | | | | | | | |
| income (and | | | | | | | | | | |
| none of the | | = . = | | | • • • • | 4.450 | | 40000 | | |
| above problems) | 3,205 | 14,785 | 11,600 | 1,103 | 30,693 | 1,678 | 4,532 | 10,928 | 5,156 | 22,294 |
| Zero/negative | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income (and | | | | | | | | | | |
| none of the | 2 (10 | | _ | | 2.440 | 1.400 | | | | 1 100 |
| above problems) | 3,649 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,649 | 1,109 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,109 |

Table 8 – Housing Problems Table

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

2. Housing Problems 2 (Households with one or more Severe Housing Problems: Lacks kitchen or

33

complete plumbing, severe overcrowding, severe cost burden)

| | | | Renter | | | | | Owner | | |
|------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 0-30% | >30- | >50- | >80- | Total | 0- | >30- | >50- | >80- | Total |
| | AMI | 50% | 80% | 100% | | 30% | 50% | 80% | 100% | |
| | | AMI | AMI | AMI | | AMI | AMI | AMI | AMI | |
| NUMBER OF HO | NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | |
| Having 1 or | | | | | | | | | | |
| more of four | | | | | | | | | | |
| housing | | | | | | | | | | |
| problems | 26,467 | 8,453 | 2,860 | 514 | 38,294 | 7,226 | 5,730 | 4,186 | 1,082 | 18,224 |
| Having none of | | | | | | | | | | |
| four housing | | | | | | | | | | |
| problems | 7,419 | 19,228 | 30,475 | 13,951 | 71,073 | 2,993 | 9,948 | 25,322 | 19,947 | 58,210 |
| Household has | | | | | | | | | | |
| negative income, | | | | | | | | | | |
| but none of the | | | | | | | | | | |
| other housing | | | | | | | | | | |
| problems | 3,649 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,649 | 1,109 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,109 |

Table 9 – Housing Problems 2

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

3. Cost Burden > 30%

| | | Re | enter | | Owner | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|--------|--|--|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30-50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50-80% AMI | Total | | |
| NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Small Related | 11,491 | 9,490 | 5,305 | 26,286 | 2,149 | 3,520 | 5,621 | 11,290 | | |
| Large Related | 2,339 | 1,339 | 545 | 4,223 | 775 | 854 | 1,386 | 3,015 | | |
| Elderly | 3,010 | 3,829 | 1,869 | 8,708 | 3,378 | 3,572 | 3,835 | 10,785 | | |
| Other | 12,549 | 7,988 | 5,435 | 25,972 | 2,480 | 1,968 | 3,702 | 8,150 | | |
| Total need by income | 29,389 | 22,646 | 13,154 | 65,189 | 8,782 | 9,914 | 14,544 | 33,240 | | |

Table 10 – Cost Burden > 30%

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

4. Cost Burden > 50%

| | | Re | enter | | Owner | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------|--------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------|--|--|
| | 0-30% >30- AMI 50% | | >50- 80% | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% | >50- 80% | Total | | |
| | AWII | AMI | AMI | | AMI | AMI | AMI | | | |
| NUMBER OF E | NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | |
| Small Related | 10,311 | 2,950 | 335 | 13,596 | 1,794 | 1,992 | 1,189 | 4,975 | | |
| Large Related | 1,744 | 230 | 10 | 1,984 | 720 | 359 | 55 | 1,134 | | |
| Elderly | 2,235 | 1,610 | 494 | 4,339 | 2,431 | 1,835 | 1,120 | 5,386 | | |

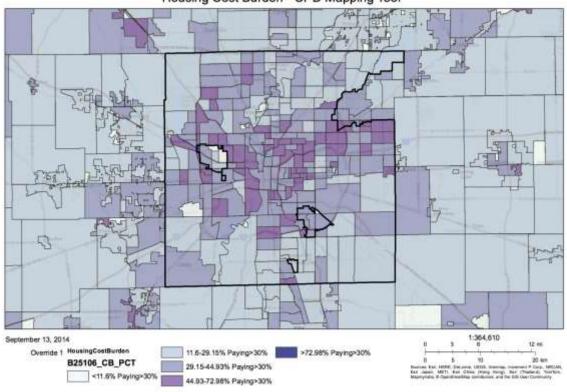
| | | Re | nter | | Owner | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--|--|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | Total | | |
| Other | 11,434 | 2,533 | 380 | 14,347 | 2,116 | 1,059 | 960 | 4,135 | | |
| Total need by income | 25,724 | 7,323 | 1,219 | 34,266 | 7,061 | 5,245 | 3,324 | 15,630 | | |

Table 11 – Cost Burden > 50%

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

Housing Cost Burden - CPD Mapping Tool



Housing Cost Burden Map

5. Crowding (More than one person per room)

| | | Renter | | | | | | Owner | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total | | | |
| NUMBER OF HO | NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Single family households | 1,339 | 884 | 875 | 215 | 3,313 | 220 | 305 | 420 | 235 | 1,180 | | | |

| | | Owner | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|
| | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total | 0-30% AMI | >30- 50% AMI | >50- 80% AMI | >80- 100% AMI | Total |
| Multiple, unrelated family households | 190 | 135 | 289 | 29 | 643 | 10 | 49 | 249 | 129 | 437 |
| Other, non-family households | 19 | 30 | 99 | 4 | 152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total need by income | 1,548 | 1,049 | 1,263 | 248 | 4,108 | 230 | 354 | 669 | 364 | 1,617 |

Table 12 – Crowding Information – 1/2

Data

2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

| | | Re | nter | | Owner | | | | | |
|------------------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|--|--|
| | 0-30% | >30- | >50- | Total | 0-30% | >30- | >50- | Total | | |
| | AMI | 50% | 80% | | AMI | 50% | 80% | | | |
| | | AMI | AMI | | | AMI | AMI | | | |
| Households with | | | | | | | | | | |
| Children Present | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |

Table 13 – Crowding Information – 2/2

Data Source Comments:

Describe the number and type of single person households in need of housing assistance.

Funding from HUD is often targeted to different income levels and household sizes. It is important to have the correct number of housing units and sized housing units to meet the demand in the community. While the average household size in Indianapolis 2.5 persons, the Number Households Table helps the City of Indianapolis understand the size of households by income group, thus understand the types of housing that must be built and the level of affordability needed. Each income category lists a percent of HUD Area Median Income for Indianapolis MSA.

Small family households, or those households with four related people or less, make up the majority of households at all income levels. Small family households earning above 100 percent HAMFI are the largest segment of the population, 50.2 percent of the households earning incomes over 100 percent of the area median income. For the remaining income levels, small households make up 33 to 36 percent of the total households

Households with children under the age of 6, make up the second largest household population for each income category. These households are 23.37 percent of extremely low-income households, earning less than 30 percent of the HAMFI. These households are 20 percent of low-income households, earning between 30 and 50 percent of the HAMFI.

Elderly households, or those households with a person of age 62 years or older present, are a growing segment of the population. The largest number of elderly households earn between 50 and 80 percent HAMFI. 26 percent of households at this income level are elderly households.

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance who are disabled or victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

The Indiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence collects reports by County and for the entire State of Indiana on the number of people seeking services. The most recent report covers July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013. During that time, 4,527 victims received residential services in Marion County. An additional 5,949 victims received non-residential services in Marion County. During that same time, 10 people died as a result of domestic violence in Marion County.

What are the most common housing problems?

The most common housing problem in Indianapolis is cost burden. Cost burden is defined as a household paying more than 30 percent of its gross monthly income towards housing costs, either rent or mortgage and utility costs. Renters are more likely to experience a cost burden in Indianapolis than homeowners. Approximately 30,600 renter households experience a cost burden and approximately 22,300 homeowner households experience a cost burden in Indianapolis.

Severe cost burden is a housing problem where households pay more than half its gross monthly income towards housing costs. Extremely low-income renters have the highest rate of this housing problem in Indianapolis. Of the renter households experiencing a severe cost burden, 74.7 percent of them earn an income 30 percent HAMFI or below.

Other housing problems, such as substandard living conditions and overcrowding are rare and only experienced by a small number of households in Indianapolis. In the case of overcrowding, extremely low-income renter households experience this housing problem the most. According to the latest CHAS information, 1,139 extremely low-income renter households report overcrossing as a housing problem.

Are any populations/household types more affected than others by these problems?

Extremely low-income households experience the most housing problems out of all types of households. Extremely low-income households earn less than 30 percent of the HAMFI for the Indianapolis area. For a family of four, the household earns less than \$19,550 per year. This rate is below the federal poverty rate of \$23,850 for a family of four.

Unfortunately, these are not the only people in Indianapolis facing housing problems. The HUD guidelines allow the City of Indianapolis to fund housing and programs to households earning 80 percent of the HAMFI. All types of households under this income level face various housing problems.

Some of these housing problems facing households in Indianapolis include:

- 79.7 percent (or 29,389) of extremely low income, earning less than 30 percent HAMFI, renters experience a housing cost burden
- 42.6 percent (or 12,549) of those are other, unrelated households
- 39.0 percent (or 11,491) of those are small, related households
- 68.5 percent (or 25,724) of extremely low income, earning less than 30 percent HAMFI, renters have a severe cost burden

- 44.4 percent (or 11,434) of those are other, unrelated households41.7 percent (or 10,311) of those are small, related households 2
- 1 percent (or 3,572) of all households who earn 31 to 50 percent HAMFI and are elderly homeowners experience a severe cost burden
- An additional 3,378 elderly households who earn less than 30 percent HAMFI and who own their own home experience a severe cost burden.
- Extremely low-income households have a higher rate of overcrowding, with single-family households (1,139) making up the majority of those overcrowded.

Describe the characteristics and needs of Low-income individuals and families with children (especially extremely low-income) who are currently housed but are at imminent risk of either residing in shelters or becoming unsheltered 91.205(c)/91.305(c)). Also discuss the needs of formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and are nearing the termination of that assistance

Extremely low-income renters have the highest rate of cost burden out of any group of households. Small related households and other households are the two largest groups of households with this housing problem. Small-related households account for 21,802 extremely low-income households in Indianapolis experiencing cost burden and severe cost burden. While the analysis does not tell us how many of these households are families with small children. Small-related households are defined as households with four or fewer members. For the purpose of this analysis, we will consider these households with extremely low income as families at-risk of homelessness.

The last point-in-time count of the homeless population reported 360 children under the age of 18 experiencing homelessness. One child was unsheltered during that count. The City of Indianapolis and the Indianapolis Continuum of Care have made it a priority to shelter and house families with children. One of the programs is Rapid Re-housing. Rapid Re-housing is a newer concept where aid is provided to households to be housed quickly. While Housing First, another program, was geared to homeless individuals and families with many needs and barriers, this program is for households needing little assistance or short-term help.

When persons or households are signed up for Rapid Re-housing in Indianapolis, housing providers utilize a self-sufficiency matrix, assessing and identifying the household and goals to help them achieve self-sufficiency. The household is given 90 days to recertify and update those goals. While not a City requirement, each Rapid Rehousing agency requires that clients contribute, as they are able, up to 30% of their income toward expenses since the funds are so scarce. Several agencies only provide first month's rent and deposit. Most persons or households helped with rapid re-housing have much lower barriers to getting housed and maintaining stability. They have been identified through the Matrix to be able to reach and maintain stability faster, thus a better fit for this program. If the household does not meet their stability goals, in some cases assistance may be extended but in reality, the household is moved to another program with long-term care and funding.

If a jurisdiction provides estimates of the at-risk population(s), it should also include a description of the operational definition of the at-risk group and the methodology used to generate the estimates:

The City of Indianapolis will consider all households earning an income of 30 percent of the area median income and with a cost burden or severe cost burden at-risk of homelessness. Each of these households, regardless of size, is at risk of loosing their housing if one unexpected expense arises and the household is unable to make a rent or mortgage payment.

Cost burden prevents these households from putting aside savings for "rainy days" or unexpected expenses. Budgets are tight and when an unexpected expense comes, the household must pick which bills have to be paid and which go unpaid. If any housing expense goes unpaid, the household is at-risk of loosing the home or being forced to vacate their home.

Specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness

Since the Blueprint to End Homelessness was first proposed in 2002, the community has made several key strides towards the goal of ending homelessness in Indianapolis. Service providers have proceeded with a focus on collaboration, and as a result case management and coordination have significantly improved. Key stakeholders commented that program funding, especially for programs that focus on prevention, is too low; yet, prevention was cited as possibly the most useful strategy to end homelessness. As a result, the Blueprint's original focus on a Housing First approach was seen as an inefficient, one size fits all model. When an individual or family receives housing, supportive services are a key requirement Housing First. Funding for such services has also decreased in the past five years.

Discussion

Housing Cost Burden and Severe Housing Cost Burden are two risk factors for homelessness. When a household pays more than 30 percent or even more than 50 percent of its gross monthly income towards housing costs, the amount of income left to pay for other items such as food and transportation costs decreases. Sudden changes in needs, such as car repairs, medical costs and other emergency needs can cause a missed rent payment or mortgage payment.

Small households, both related families and unrelated individuals, earning the extremely low income experience the housing cost burden at a higher rate than their peers in other income brackets. Creating affordable housing, particularly rental housing that is affordable to these very low income individuals will be important in the coming years to prevent homelessness and loss of housing for these households.

NA-15 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

It is important, not only to investigate the types of housing problems by income level, but also by race. The City of Indianapolis wants to know if any race, is experiencing a housing problem more than peer households. This could be an indicator of housing discrimination or lack of housing choice for minority households.

According to the American Community Survey for 2011, Caucasians represent 64.8 percent of the population for Indianapolis/Marion County. African Americans represent 26.3 percent of the population, Hispanics represent 8.86 percent of the population and other races, including multi-racial individuals, represent 8.91 percent of the population.

For the purpose of this study, the City of Indianapolis will utilize these percentages to compare to the housing problems by race tables in the 2007-2011 CHAS to determine disproportionate needs.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 42,716 | 7,758 | 3,465 | |
| White | 21,111 | 3,753 | 1,935 | |
| Black / African American | 17,143 | 3,690 | 1,215 | |
| Asian | 559 | 80 | 85 | |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 59 | 25 | 0 | |
| Pacific Islander | 25 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hispanic | 3,133 | 124 | 169 | |

Table 14 - Disproportionally Greater Need 0 - 30% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS Source:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room,

4. Cost Burden greater than 30%

^{*}The four housing problems are:

30%-50% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 33,349 | 12,354 | 0 |
| White | 17,504 | 8,143 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 11,710 | 3,160 | 0 |
| Asian | 389 | 64 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 69 | 14 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 3,299 | 889 | 0 |

Table 15 - Disproportionally Greater Need 30 - 50% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

*The four housing problems are:

50%-80% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 24,930 | 42,797 | 0 |
| White | 15,761 | 27,792 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 7,059 | 10,907 | 0 |
| Asian | 325 | 620 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 45 | 95 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 1,310 | 2,575 | 0 |

Table 16 - Disproportionally Greater Need 50 - 80% AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

*The four housing problems are:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room,

4.Cost Burden greater than 30%

^{1.} Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room,

^{4.}Cost Burden greater than 30%

80%-100% of Area Median Income

| Housing Problems | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | housing problems | |
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 6,476 | 30,081 | 0 | |
| White | 4,487 | 21,385 | 0 | |
| Black / African American | 1,668 | 6,833 | 0 | |
| Asian | 110 | 399 | 0 | |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 4 | 28 | 0 | |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Hispanic | 184 | 933 | 0 | |

Table 17 - Disproportionally Greater Need 80 - 100% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than one person per room, 4.Cost Burden greater than 30%

Discussion

African American households experience a higher rate of housing problems at lower incomes than all other races, including other minority races. For extremely low-income households, earning less than 30 percent of the HUD area median income, African Americans make up 40.13 percent of the households with housing problems. For low-income households, earning between 31 and 50 percent of the area median income, African Americans represent 35.1 percent of the households with housing problems. Yet, African American households represent only 26 percent of the total population.

Hispanic households earning between 31 and 50 percent of the area median income also have a disproportionate housing need. 9.89 percent of Hispanic households at that income level experience a housing problem while Hispanic households only represent 8.86 percent of the population. While this is a much smaller miss-match than those experienced by their African American peers, it is important to note for those organizations trying to reach out to the Indianapolis' growing Hispanic population.

Once a household's income grows to 80 percent of the area median income, the racial make-up of households with housing problems match the racial make-up of the City.

^{*}The four housing problems are:

NA-20 Disproportionately Greater Need: Severe Housing Problems – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction

Severe housing problems include severe housing cost burden (spending more than 50 percent of household income towards housing) and severe over crowding (more than 1.5 person per room).

According to the American Community Survey for 2011, Caucasians represent 64.8 percent of the population for Indianapolis/Marion County. African Americans represent 26.3 percent of the population, Hispanics represent 8.86 percent of the population and other races, including multi-racial individuals, represent 8.91 percent of the populations.

For the purpose of this study, the City of Indianapolis will utilize these percentages to compare the housing problems by race tables in the 2007-2011 CHAS to determine disproportionate needs.

0%-30% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 35,551 | 14,930 | 3,465 |
| White | 17,011 | 7,840 | 1,935 |
| Black / African American | 14,718 | 6,100 | 1,215 |
| Asian | 463 | 174 | 85 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 54 | 30 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 25 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 2,743 | 520 | 169 |

Table 18 - Severe Housing Problems 0 - 30% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room,

4.Cost Burden over 50%

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

30%-50% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 11,706 | 34,015 | 0 |
| White | 6,326 | 19,320 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 3,810 | 11,069 | 0 |
| Asian | 140 | 303 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 45 | 39 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 20 | 15 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 1,215 | 2,974 | 0 |

Table 19 - Severe Housing Problems 30 - 50% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

- 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
- 4.Cost Burden over 50%

50%-80% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 5,201 | 62,525 | 0 |
| White | 2,962 | 40,565 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 1,539 | 16,428 | 0 |
| Asian | 78 | 854 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 140 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 545 | 3,360 | 0 |

Table 20 - Severe Housing Problems 50 - 80% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

- 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
- 4.Cost Burden over 50%

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

80%-100% of Area Median Income

| Severe Housing Problems* | Has one or more of four housing problems | Has none of the four housing problems | Household has no/negative income, but none of the other housing problems |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 1,023 | 35,541 | 0 |
| White | 697 | 25,175 | 0 |
| Black / African American | 195 | 8,311 | 0 |
| Asian | 20 | 489 | 0 |
| American Indian, Alaska Native | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 100 | 1,019 | 0 |

Table 21 - Severe Housing Problems 80 - 100% AMI

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

- 1. Lacks complete kitchen facilities, 2. Lacks complete plumbing facilities, 3. More than 1.5 persons per room,
- 4.Cost Burden over 50%

Discussion

As with the previous section, African American households experience disproportionate housing needs at lower incomes than all other races, including other minority races. For extremely low-income households, earning less than 30 percent of the HUD area median income, African Americans make up 41.4 percent of the households with severe housing problems. For low-income households, earning between 31 and 50 percent of the HUD area median income, African Americans represent 32.5 percent of the households with severe housing problems. For moderate-income households, earning between 51 and 80 percent of the HUD area median income, African Americans represent 29.59 percent of households with severe housing problems. Yet, African American households represent only 26 percent of the total population.

Hispanics also have a disproportionate housing need when it comes to severe housing problems at higher income levels than their African American peers. For low-income households, earning between 31 and 50 percent of the HUD area median income, Hispanic households represent 10.3 percent of the households with severe housing problems. For moderate-income households, earning between 51 and 80 percent of the HUD area median income, Hispanic households represent 10.5 percent of households with severe housing problems. However, Hispanic households only represent 8.86 percent of the population.

Once a household's income grows to 80 percent of the area median income, the racial make-up of households with housing problems begin to match the racial make-up of the City. Yet, Hispanic households still have a slightly higher rate of severe housing problems at the higher income level than other households.

^{*}The four severe housing problems are:

NA-25 Disproportionately Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens – 91.205 (b)(2)

Assess the need of any racial or ethnic group that has disproportionately greater need in comparison to the needs of that category of need as a whole.

Introduction:

Earlier in this document, housing cost burden and severe housing cost burden are the most dominant housing problems for households in Indianapolis, particularly for smaller households. This section will determine if it is housing cost burden that is the cause of these disproportionate rates of housing problems versus the other issues of overcrowding, lacking plumbing facilities or lacking kitchen facilities.

Earlier in this document, housing cost burden and severe housing cost burden are the most dominant housing problems for households in Indianapolis, particularly for smaller households. This section will determine if it is housing cost burden that is the cause of these disproportionate rates of housing problems versus the other issues of overcrowding, lacking plumbing facilities or lacking kitchen facilities.

Housing Cost Burden

| Housing Cost Burden | <=30% | >50% | No / negative | |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | computed) |
| Jurisdiction as a whole | 215,831 | 60,613 | 49,079 | 3,584 |
| White | 158,438 | 36,436 | 25,575 | 1,979 |
| Black / African | | | | |
| American | 43,373 | 18,591 | 18,792 | 1,285 |
| Asian | 3,347 | 743 | 668 | 85 |
| American Indian, Alaska | | | | |
| Native | 328 | 78 | 84 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 15 | 45 | 0 |
| Hispanic | 7,652 | 3,959 | 3,198 | 174 |

Table 22 - Greater Need: Housing Cost Burdens AMI

Data Source: 2007-2011 CHAS

Discussion:

Based on race and income, white households earning less than 30 percent of the area median income have the highest rate of cost burden. Of the extremely low-income households with cost burden, white households represent 73.41 percent, while only representing 64.8 percent of the total population. This comes as a surprise as for all housing problems, white households did not have disproportionate needs.

African American households in the higher income levels also experience a disproportionate rate of housing cost burden. For low-income households, earning between 31 and 50 percent of the area median income, African Americans represent 30.67 percent of the households with a housing cost burden. For moderate-income households, earning between 51 and 80 percent of the area median income, African Americans represent 38.28 percent of households with a housing cost burden. Yet, African American households represent only 26 percent of the total population.

NA-30 Disproportionately Greater Need: Discussion – 91.205(b)(2)

Are there any Income categories in which a racial or ethnic group has disproportionately greater need than the needs of that income category as a whole?

The analysis did not find any situation where a racial or ethnic group has a disproportionately greater need than the needs of an income category. While African Americans had a disproportionate need and higher rate of housing problems, it does not exceed the rate of housing problems for extremely low-income, low-income or moderate-income households.

The analysis did show that an overwhelming majority of households in Marion County face a cost burden; some might consider this an alarming rate.

If they have needs not identified above, what are those needs?

Please see discussion above.

Are any of those racial or ethnic groups located in specific areas or neighborhoods in your community?

Maps from the CPD mapping tool show a concentration of minority populations in the Center and northern portions of Marion County. The majority of the census tracts with the highest concentration of African American residents are located southeastern in the center of the City, including southeast Pike Township, northern Center Township and southwest Lawrence Township. The lowest concentration of African Americans includes primarily to the southern parts of the City, including Decatur Township, Perry Township and Franklin Township. The majority of the census tracts in Wayne, Warren and Washington Townships are also have low concentrations of African Americans.

Pike Township has the greatest percentage of its population identifying themselves as African American, 45.3 percent. This is a change from the 2000 Census when Center Township had the largest percent identifying themselves as African American. In Decatur, Perry, and Franklin Townships, where the Caucasian/White population is high, the percentage of the total population that is African American does not exceed 7 percent. This is a marked increase from 2000 when the percentage of African Americans in those townships did not exceed 2 percent.

NA-35 Public Housing – 91.205(b)

Introduction

The Indianapolis Housing Agency (IHA) is the public housing agency for the City of Indianapolis. Public housing was established to provide decent and safe rental housing for eligible low-income families, the elderly, and persons with disabilities. Public housing comes in all sizes and types, from scattered single-family houses to high-rise apartments for elderly families. IHA manages 1,554 units in 15 different properties.

IHA also manages the housing choice voucher program, or more commonly known as the Section 8 Voucher. The Section 8 program offers subsidy to a household to allow them to rent any apartment in the local housing authority's jurisdiction. The household will pay 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards rent and the Housing Choice Voucher covers the remaining cost of the pre-determined rent standard, which is often 80 percent of the fair market rent.

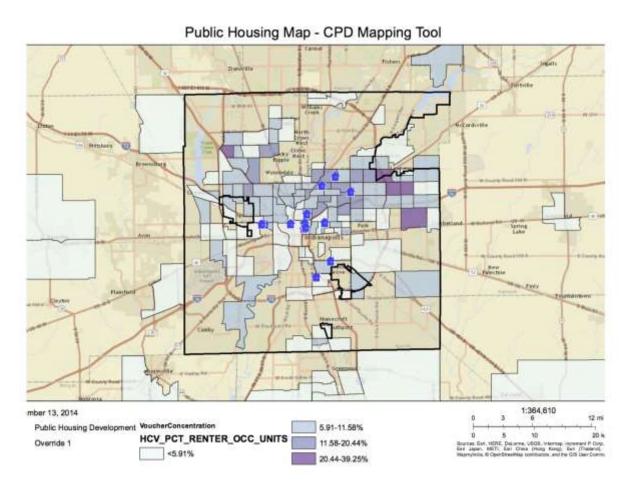
Totals in Use

| | | | | Program Type | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------|---------|--------------|-----------|----------|------------|---------------|----------|
| | Certificate | Mod- | Public | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | Rehab | Housing | Total | Project - | Tenant - | Speci | al Purpose Vo | ucher |
| | | | | | based | based | Veterans | Family | Disabled |
| | | | | | | | Affairs | Unification | * |
| | | | | | | | Supportive | Program | |
| | | | | | | | Housing | | |
| # of units vouchers in use | 0 | 0 | 1,554 | 7,126 | 208 | 6,658 | 161 | 0 | 0 |

Table 23 - Public Housing by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

^{*}includes Non-Elderly Disabled, Mainstream One-Year, Mainstream Five-year, and Nursing Home Transition



Public Housing Usage Map

Characteristics of Residents

| Program Type | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|----------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Certificate | Mod- | Public | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | Rehab | Housing | Total | Project - | Tenant - | Special Purp | pose Voucher | |
| | | | | | based | based | Veterans | Family | |
| | | | | | | | Affairs | Unification | |
| | | | | | | | Supportive | Program | |
| | | | | | | | Housing | | |
| Average Annual Income | 0 | 0 | 9,552 | 10,381 | 9,747 | 10,315 | 9,773 | 0 | |
| Average length of stay | 0 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | |
| Average Household size | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| # Homeless at admission | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | |
| # of Elderly Program Participants | | | | | | | | | |
| (>62) | 0 | 0 | 288 | 639 | 17 | 595 | 14 | 0 | |
| # of Disabled Families | 0 | 0 | 403 | 1,711 | 27 | 1,597 | 56 | 0 | |
| # of Families requesting accessibility | | | | | | | | | |
| features | 0 | 0 | 1,554 | 7,126 | 208 | 6,658 | 161 | 0 | |
| # of HIV/AIDS program | | | | | | | | | |
| participants | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| # of DV victims | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Table 24 - Characteristics of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Race of Residents

| Program Type | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|----------------|--------------|------------|------------|----------------|----------|
| Race | Certificate | Mod- | Public | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | Rehab | Housing | Total | Project - | Tenant - | Speci | al Purpose Voi | ıcher |
| | | | | | based | based | Veterans | Family | Disabled |
| | | | | | | | Affairs | Unification | * |
| | | | | | | | Supportive | Program | , |
| | | | | | | | Housing | | , |
| White | 0 | 0 | 182 | 671 | 67 | 537 | 51 | 0 | 0 |
| Black/African American | 0 | 0 | 1,360 | 6,413 | 139 | 6,082 | 109 | 0 | 0 |
| Asian | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| American Indian/Alaska | | | | | | | | | |
| Native | 0 | 0 | 5 | 24 | 0 | 23 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Pacific Islander | 0 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *includes Non-Elderly Disab | led, Mainstream | One-Year, I | Mainstream | Five-vear, and | Nursing Home | Transition | | | |

Table 25 – Race of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Ethnicity of Residents

| | Program Type | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| Ethnicity | Certificate | Mod- | Public | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | Rehab | Housing | Total | Project - | Tenant - | Speci | al Purpose Vo | ucher |
| | | | | | based | based | Veterans | Family | Disabled |
| | | | | | | | Affairs | Unification | * |
| | | | | | | | Supportive | Program | |
| | | | | | | | Housing | | |
| Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 23 | 87 | 7 | 76 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Not Hispanic | 0 | 0 | 1,531 | 7,039 | 201 | 6,582 | 159 | 0 | 0 |
| *includes Non-Elderly D | Disabled, Mainstrea | m One-Year | , Mainstream | Five-year, and | Nursing Hom | e Transition | • | | |

Table 26 – Ethnicity of Public Housing Residents by Program Type

Data Source: PIC (PIH Information Center)

Section 504 Needs Assessment: Describe the needs of public housing tenants and applicants on the waiting list for accessible units:

Out of the 1,554 units available in public housing, 172 of them are accessible to persons with disabilities. The Indianapolis Housing Agency prides itself that the number of public housing units within its system exceeds the requirement set by HUD. Seven out of the 15 developments have more accessible units than required by HUD. Two developments, Georgetown and Barton Tower, have five less units than required by HUD.

Thirty one percent of the families listed on the wait list for public housing and Section 8 vouchers are families with disabilities. Through the consultation process, the City of Indianapolis has learned that finding accessible and affordable units for individuals and families living with disabilities is a challenge.

Most immediate needs of residents of Public Housing and Housing Choice voucher holders

Through consultations with IHA staff, the majority of public housing residents and voucher holders will state the greatest need is to find affordable housing. Changes in regulations for housing choice vouchers have caused some households to stretch their housing dollars. Previously, housing choice vouchers would allow for a 3 bedroom apartment and 3 bedroom utility allowance for a household designated for a 2 bedroom apartment so long as the apartment rent for the 3 bedroom would be at the designated rent for a 2 bedroom unit.

Since July 2014, the household designated for a 2-bedroom apartment will only receive the payment for the 2-bedroom unit and a utility allowance set for a 2-bedroom unit. The rent for a bigger unit may be covered, but now the household will need to cover more utility cost.

How do these needs compare to the housing needs of the population at large

The need for affordable housing choices is a constant among the general population, the people utilizing public housing programs and those waiting for public housing programs. However, the families or households waiting for public housing are not representative of the total city population.

Of the 5,608 families waiting for public housing units on June 30, 2014, 60.77 percent of them were extremely low income, earning less than 30 percent of the area median income. An additional 23.07 percent earn incomes between 31 and 50 percent of the HUD area median income. Of the 7,924 households waiting for a Section 8 voucher on June 30, 2014, 54.86 percent of them were extremely low income, earning less than 30 percent of the HUD area median income.

Citywide, Indianapolis is home to 48,828 extremely low-income households, representing 14.85 percent of the total population. Indianapolis is home to 43,357 low-income households, earning between 31 and 50 percent of the area median income. This represents 13.18 percent of the total households in Indianapolis.

Eighty-nine (89.61) percent of the households waiting for public housing are African American. Eighty-five (85.07) percent of the households waiting for Section 8 vouchers are African American. Yet, only 26.3 percent of the total population in Marion County is African American. Caucasians or whites are the largest population, but only represent 12.2 percent of the public housing waitlist and 7.62 percent of the Section 8 Housing wait list.

Discussion

The population in public housing and waiting for public housing is not representative of the total general population. African American households are the primary users of public housing and Housing Choice Vouchers whereas African American households make up a total of 26.5 percent of the total population. Of the housing choice voucher users, 90 percent are African American and of the public housing unit residents, 87.5 percent are African American.

In consultation with AccessAbility, the staff indicated a large number of persons with disabilities in need of public housing and housing choice vouchers need help to afford a decent place to live. Table 24 shows that 100 percent of families utilizing public housing units and 100 percent of families requesting housing choice vouchers also requested accessible features in their housing. Despite the number of 504 accessible units in public housing, the demand for accessible units or features exceeds the supply. This indicates the need by persons with disabilities is not being met by public housing.

NA-40 Homeless Needs Assessment – 91.205(c)

Introduction:

Homeless Needs Assessment

| Population | Estimate the # of persons experiencing homelessness | | Estimate the # experiencing | Estimate the # becoming | Estimate the # exiting | Estimate the # of days persons |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | on a giv | en night | homelessness | homeless | homelessness | experience |
| | | | each year | each year | each year | homelessness |
| | Sheltered | Unsheltered | | | | |
| Persons in Households with Adult(s) | | | | | | |
| and Child(ren) | 0 | 535 | 3,490 | 3,456 | 1,520 | 75 |
| Persons in Households with Only | | | | | | |
| Children | 1 | 12 | 27 | 27 | 12 | 0 |
| Persons in Households with Only | | | | | | |
| Adults | 73 | 1,269 | 2,744 | 2,718 | 1,182 | 213 |
| Chronically Homeless Individuals | 28 | 183 | 727 | 720 | 384 | 297 |
| Chronically Homeless Families | 0 | 8 | 17 | 17 | 8 | 128 |
| Veterans | 7 | 359 | 1,017 | 843 | 537 | 300 |
| Unaccompanied Child | 1 | 12 | 27 | 27 | 12 | 0 |
| Persons with HIV | 1 | 19 | 75 | 74 | 35 | 99 |

Table 27 - Homeless Needs Assessment

Data Source Comments: 2014 Point in Time CountIn the final column, a 0 indicates no data was available.

Indicate if the homeless population is: Has No Rural Homeless

If data is not available for the categories "number of persons becoming and exiting homelessness each year," and "number of days that persons experience homelessness," describe these categories for each homeless population type (including chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth):

No data is available from the point in time count for length of stay for children or unaccompanied children.

Number estimates for chrontically homeless individuals and families reflect the numbers of persons after being identified as chronically homeless.

Nature and Extent of Homelessness: (Optional)

| Race: | Sheltered: | Unsheltered (optional) |
|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| White | 723 | 23 |
| Black or African American | 0 | 28 |
| Asian | 8 | 1 |
| American Indian or Alaska | | |
| Native | 8 | 3 |
| Pacific Islander | 2 | 0 |
| Ethnicity: | Sheltered: | Unsheltered (optional) |
| Hispanic | 51 | 0 |
| Not Hispanic | 0 | 74 |

Data Source

Comments: Point in Time Count - 1/29/2014

Estimate the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for families with children and the families of veterans.

Children under the age of 18 make up 19 percent of the homeless population. Only one child was found during the point in time count to be unsheltered. The other children were in either emergency shelters or transitional housing.

Veterans make up 20 percent of the Indianapolis homeless population. Seven veterans were found "unsheltered" meaning they were living in a place unfit for human habitation.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Homelessness by Racial and Ethnic Group.

The 2014 Point in Time Count listed African Americans and Whites as the largest groups by race of the homeless population. People who classify themselves as African Americans were the majority of the homeless population, 54.9 percent. People who classify themselves as White were the second largest race of the homeless population, 39.7 percent. People who classify themselves as multi-racial were 4.2 percent of the homeless population. Only 2 percent of the population classify themselves as Hispanic.

Describe the Nature and Extent of Unsheltered and Sheltered Homelessness.

The Point in Time Count from January 29, 2014 lists 96.1 percent of the homeless individuals as sheltered. 991 individuals were living in emergency shelters and 803 individuals were living in transitional housing, or housing designated for 2 years or less time.

The count normally happens in January, so the number of those who are sheltered tend to be higher than during warmer months of the year. However, 2014 was an extreme year for cold weather, with temperatures only reaching a high of 24 degrees Fahrenheit and a low of 2 degrees Fahrenheit. Shelters implemented emergency winter weather policies to get homeless individuals and households into warm places to prevent illness or death. The extreme cold was not an apparition for the winter of 2014, but a common occurrence. Thus, assuming that the number of sheltered homeless individuals is a sign of having enough emergency beds for the population might not be correct.

Discussion:

Although the first Blueprint to End Homelessness from 2002 fell short of its goals to end homelessness, it did bring the issue of homelessness to the forefront of community development. In the last ten years, the City of Indianapolis, through the Indianapolis Continuum of Care, has increased affordable housing by 4,916 units.

While that is short of the overall goal to increase affordable housing for the homeless or families earning less than 30 percent of the area median income, the overall number of individuals experiencing homeless has decreased since a decade prior. When the first Blueprint was published, the City of Indianapolis expected 15,000 people would experience homelessness during the year. During the 2003 Point in Time Count, 2,230 people were experiencing homelessness. The number of homeless individuals did not decrease to fewer than 2,000 people until the count in 2008.

The next Blueprint takes the lessons learned from the challenges facing developers and funders to address homelessness and the prevention of homelessness. Those goals will be outlined in the strategic plan of this document.

NA-45 Non-Homeless Special Needs Assessment - 91.205 (b,d)

Introduction:

The US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) asks each local government to evaluate the needs of special needs populations. For the purpose of this document, special needs populations will be defined as those:

- Persons with disabilities, either mental or physical
- Person who are elderly
- Persons with HIV/AIDS

The City of Indianapolis receives a grant designated for serving those living with HIV/AIDS called Housing Opportunities with HIV/AIDS (HOPWA). It is the only grant that can be used outside Marion County/Indianapolis. A map showing the service area of this grant is included below.

HOPWA

| Current HOPWA formula use: | |
|--|-------|
| Cumulative cases of AIDS reported | 4,582 |
| Area incidence of AIDS | 0 |
| Rate per population | 0 |
| Number of new cases prior year (3 years of data) | 206 |
| Rate per population (3 years of data) | 0 |
| Current HIV surveillance data: | |
| Number of Persons living with HIV (PLWH) | 0 |
| Area Prevalence (PLWH per population) | 0 |
| Number of new HIV cases reported last year | 0 |

Table 28 - HOPWA Data

Data Source Comments: Indiana State Department of Health - 2013 Report

HIV Housing Need (HOPWA Grantees Only)

| Type of HOPWA Assistance | Estimates of Unmet Need |
|--|-------------------------|
| Tenant based rental assistance | 40 |
| Short-term Rent, Mortgage, and Utility | 65 |
| Facility Based Housing (Permanent, short-term or | |
| transitional) | 6 |

Table 29 – HIV Housing Need

Data Source Comments: 2013 HUD 40110 provided by the City of Indianapolis

Describe the characteristics of special needs populations in your community:

In 2011, Marion County is home to 92,514 people who are age 55 years to 64. The County is home to 95,833 people who are age 65 years or older. 13 percent of those individuals are age 85 years or older.

This is a growing sector of the community. Connect 211 is a call service to connect people with needs in the community to services available in the community. 1 in 6 callers between July 2012 and June 2013 were age 55 years or older. That is a 33 percent increase over the previous year.

Data for other special needs populations is harder to find. The last count of persons with disabilities is from the 2000 Census. Turning to the information from Connect 211, 16 percent of all callers during that time were people reporting an illness or disability, causing them to call for assistance. In the first half of 2014, 17 percent of the callers have listed an illness or disability as a reason for calling.

The Social Security Administration reported 25,758 people in Marion County received Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments in 2013. While not all people with disabilities receive SSI, it does give an estimate to the extent of persons living with a disability in Marion County.

What are the housing and supportive service needs of these populations and how are these needs determined?

Items such as Medicaid Waivers help individuals pay for rent or other living items for persons with disabilities in Indiana. The goals of Waiver services are to provide to the person, meaningful and necessary services and supports, to respect the person's personal beliefs and customs, and to ensure that services are cost-effective. As of 9/30/12, 1,718 people in Marion County receive these waivers and 1,199 people are on a waiting list for a waiver.

Through consultations, the City of Indianapolis has learned that some homeless shelters are not providing reasonable accommodation. Such complaints include not allowing a person to accompany the disabled individual to help with hygiene or allowance of service animals. The complaints have not been officially made to either the City of Indianapolis or the State of Indiana. Also, there are no statistics on requests versus refusal of accommodation at the time of the publication of this comment. The City of Indianapolis will begin monitoring this issue as part of its funding cycle and annual monitoring visits to ensure all housing providers are compliant with the Americans with Disabilities Act and making reasonable accommodations for those experiencing homelessness and are disabled.

Discuss the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families within the Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area:

The Indiana State Department of Health reported in 2013 that Marion County is home to 4,582 people living with HIV/AIDS. It also reported that there were 206 new cases diagnosed during that time in Marion County. These numbers are based on the last known address of the patient. Due to health privacy laws, it is unknown how accurate these numbers are.

Discussion:

The Indiana State Department of Health reported in 2013 that Marion County is home to 4,582 people living with HIV/AIDS. It also reported that there were 206 new cases diagnosed during that time in Marion County. These numbers are based on the last known address of the patient. Due to health privacy laws, it is unknown how accurate these numbers are.

NA-50 Non-Housing Community Development Needs – 91.215 (f)

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Facilities:

Providing people in need with food, clothing, shelter and access to services that keep them safe and healthy, United Way has supplied basic needs assistance to the Central Indiana community for nearly a century. By helping people with their most urgent needs today, they provide them with the tools and knowledge to strive for a better life. Marion County residents often go to the Township Trustee for Assistance. The Township Trustee's offices help with employment services, housing, utilities, food, household supplies, clothing, transportation, burials, traveler's aid and payee representative program.

One of the primary shelters for Marion County is The Wheeler Mission, which is located on the corner of Delaware St. and New York Street and provides shelter for men, women, and children. The Wheeler Mission was founded in 1893 and provides emergency services, residential programs, and addiction recovery programs. In July alone, the Wheeler Mission provided lodging for 9,477 individuals, served 22,064 meals and provided 44 medical/dental appointments.

The Julian Center in Indianapolis has been supporting victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, and other life crises. Their mission is to provide the services victims need to recover and build a life absent of abuse. Those services include counseling, safe shelter, case management, advocacy, education, transitional housing, and affordable housing. Through outreach and consultation, they also seek to educate the community about the issue of domestic violence and its impact on all our lives. Their programs and services are designed to contribute to a significant reduction in the incidence of domestic violence and sexual assault, to support survivors in healing, and to help break the intergenerational cycle of abuse. The Julian Center is one of the largest facilities of its kind in the country and has been nationally recognized as a model for communities seeking to improve their responses to domestic violence. Each year, the Julian Center reaches more than 6,500 victims.

The United Way of Central Indiana funds approximately 94 different public agencies and facilities across the six county regions. Most agencies will find assistance with facility improvement from the United Way of Central Indiana if it is a certified United Way agency. In absence of direct financial funding, during the Days of Caring, companies and other groups voluntarily tackle service projects around the community. Whether the service is for a nonprofit agency, school or childcare center, people in the community work together to build a stronger community and make a positive difference.

How were these needs determined?

Reports from the United Way and the local Township Trustees provide information about the services requested or needed. Connect 2-1-1, a service funded by the United Way of Central Indiana tracks all of the calls and provides annual reports on the types of services requested by those in need. This includes the demand for public facilities, such as domestic violence shelters.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Improvements:

The City of Indianapolis has a crumbling infrastructure. RebuildIndy is Mayor Ballard's initiative to restore deteriorating thoroughfares, residential streets, sidewalks and bridges, and other City assets.

From 2010-2013 about \$500 million in infrastructure improvements were made throughout Marion County through the RebuildIndy program. Still, the need is great, particularly in light of the 2013-2014 winter season, the harshest in Indianapolis history, which has left many of our streets in disrepair.

Indianapolis has a plan to address the City's sweeping infrastructure needs without raising taxes. The plan is called RebuildIndy 2, and it would allow the Department of Public Works to continue the successful RebuildIndy program with up to \$350 million in projects over three years. Funding for this program has not been allocated as of publication of this document.

How were these needs determined?

Reports from the Department of Public Works help provide information about the needs of public infrastructure. At the time of the draft document release, the Division of Community Development was waiting for more specific statistics from the Department of Public Works.

Describe the jurisdiction's need for Public Services:

Through the administration of CDBG programs, Marion County supports public services across the community. Despite the successes, challenges in acquiring affordable properties for affordable housing development and a growing demand for public services from increasing numbers of households who are falling behind the growing wealthy communities continue.

Good Life Tour (GLT) provides vendors with an outreach opportunity by bringing services onsite to the residents in the community. The GLT eliminates the barrier of transportation and scheduling. Public service programs such as food pantries, legal services, health services, childcare, transportation, fair housing will be funded under this goal in the next five years. There are over 70 food pantries in the Indianapolis area. Gleaners food bank was able to feed over 300,000 people across Indiana by providing access to 20 million meals. They also distributed over 4.4 million pounds of fruits and vegetables and over 10,000 elementary school children were able to take home enough healthy food home each weekend.

Indiana Legal Services is a nonprofit law firm that provides free civil legal assistance to eligible low-income people throughout the state of Indiana. In 2013 ILS served over 7,900 low-income people.

By dialing 2-1-1 Marion County residents have a simple way to connect to food, shelter and housing assistance, employment services, counseling resources and more. In 2013 the biggest concern callers had was regarding housing & utilities needs which accounted for 28 percent of the calls. Other major concerns were Income support & Assistance (14 percent), food and meals (13 percent), Legal, consumer & public safety (8 percent) health Care (7percent) and mental health & addictions (3 percent).

Indy Connect, central Indiana's transportation initiative, is about connecting people to people and people to places through a network of bus routes, rapid transit lines, walking and biking paths and roadways. In 2009, approximately 75% of IndyGo riders were between the ages of 25-64 and nearly 70% of riders reported a household income of less than \$25,000 a year. In 2012, residents and visitors used IndyGo to take more than 10.2 million trips. IndyGo's three most popular routes are Route 39, East 38th Street, Route 8, Washington and Route 10, 10th St. These four routes combined accounted for more than 1/3 of all rides on the IndyGo system. Annual ridership continues to increase in 2012 there were 10,243,610 riders up from 2011 that had 9,207,465 riders.

How were these needs determined?

Information from SAVI.org and the United Way of Central Indiana supported agency 2-1-1 Connect provided information on the needs of people calling for basic services and assistance.

Housing Market Analysis

MA-05 Overview

Housing Market Analysis Overview:

When the last Consolidated Plan was published, the City of Indianapolis has experienced many foreclosures already as the housing market crashed in 2008. According to RealityTrac, as of September 2014, 3,988 Indianapolis are in some stage of foreclosure, default, auction or bank owned,. In August, the number of properties that received a foreclosure filing in Indianapolis, IN was 17 percent higher than the previous month and 0 percent lower than the same time last year

MIBOR, the Metropolitan Indianapolis Board of Realtors, report from July 2014 describes a robust housing market with a 12.6 percent increase in listings over the previous year. The median sales price has decreased by 1.9 percent to \$86,750, increasing the affordability for homebuyers. There is a 7.3-month supply of housing inventory, a marked improvement over the 10-12 month supply during the housing market collapse of 2008.

MA-10 Number of Housing Units – 91.210(a)&(b)(2)

Introduction

This part of the Consolidated Plan will examine the number of housing units and types to determine if the supply is meeting demand or if another reason is causing the affordable housing issue in Indianapolis.

Single-family structures (both detached and attached) dominate the housing stock within . Of the total 384,620 residential structures in the City, 257,334, or 67 percent, are single-family structures. The housing stock is older, typically built between 1950 and 1980, with three bedrooms for houses and one or two bedrooms for a multifamily structure.

All residential properties by number of units

| Property Type | Number | 0/0 |
|---------------------------------|---------|------|
| 1-unit detached structure | 228,331 | 59% |
| 1-unit, attached structure | 29,003 | 8% |
| 2-4 units | 32,282 | 8% |
| 5-19 units | 61,868 | 16% |
| 20 or more units | 28,333 | 7% |
| Mobile Home, boat, RV, van, etc | 4,803 | 1% |
| Total | 384,620 | 100% |

Table 30 - Residential Properties by Unit Number

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

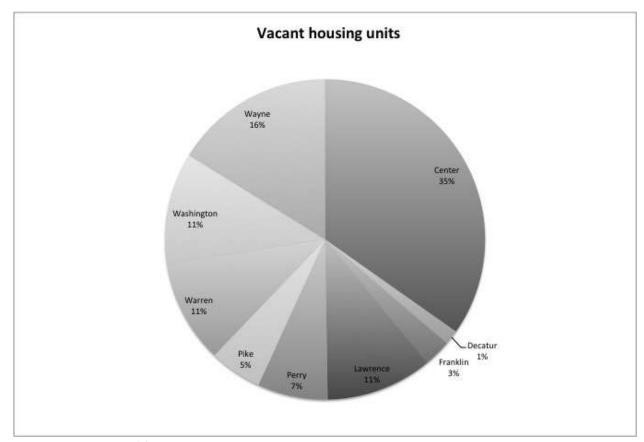
Unit Size by Tenure

| | Owne | ers | Ren | Renters | | |
|--------------------|---------|------|---------|---------|--|--|
| | Number | % | Number | % | | |
| No bedroom | 207 | 0% | 4,862 | 3% | | |
| 1 bedroom | 3,006 | 2% | 42,649 | 30% | | |
| 2 bedrooms | 39,434 | 21% | 58,094 | 41% | | |
| 3 or more bedrooms | 145,490 | 77% | 34,951 | 25% | | |
| Total | 188,137 | 100% | 140,556 | 99% | | |

Table 31 – Unit Size by Tenure

Data 2007-2011 ACS

Source:



Vacant Housing by Township

Describe the number and targeting (income level/type of family served) of units assisted with federal, state, and local programs.

The Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority (IHCDA) administers the Rental Housing Tax Credit program for all of Indiana, including the City of Indianapolis. This program is the driving force for multi-family development for affordable housing in Indianapolis. The City of Indianapolis offers support for developments, both fiscally and in general, for tax credit funding. Developers sell the tax credits to investors to raise capital funds for the development. Investors can receive annual income tax credits as long as the units remain affordable. IHCDA maintains a listing of all current tax credit projects, including those in Indianapolis.

IHCDA reports show the number of units and the household income the units will be priced to. 47 percent of units, are affordable to households earning 60 percent of the HUD Area Median Family Income (HAMFI). An additional seven (7) percent are affordable at market rate, meaning to any household earning any income. Only 7 percent are affordable to extremely low-income households, earning 30 percent HAMFI.

This supports the needs assessment finding that a high number of extremely low-income renters have a high cost burden. 78 percent of renters earning 30 percent HAMFI, have a cost burden. Clearly, the housing supply is not meeting the demand for more affordable housing at this level.

Provide an assessment of units expected to be lost from the affordable housing inventory for any reason, such as expiration of Section 8 contracts.

The Indianapolis Housing Agency does not anticipate any loss of affordable housing inventory through public housing or expiration of Section 8 housing contracts. The 2015-2019 goals include expansion of affordable housing opportunities through new development and expansion of the Housing Choice Voucher program.

The City of Indianapolis has a high level of vacant housing. According to the 2012 American Community Survey, 58,602 housing units in Indianapolis were vacant. Center Township has the highest percentage of vacant units, with 35 percent of the total city's vacant units. Wayne Township is second with 16 percent of all vacant units.

The vacant housing does not equal affordable housing. However, the amount of vacant housing could mean a loss of affordable housing because of unsanitary or unhealthy living conditions, forcing a household to vacate the premises. The market analysis will discuss the affect of vacant housing later in the Consolidated Plan.

Does the availability of housing units meet the needs of the population?

The housing supply does not meet the needs of special needs populations, particularly those living with a physical disability. In consultation with Accessibility, a local advocacy and housing organization for persons with disabilities, the City of Indianapolis has learned there is a shortage of 504 accessible units. This is especially true for the units affordable to households earning 30 percent of the area median family income or lower.

People with disabilities continue to have challenges to find accessible and affordable housing despite effort by the Indianapolis Housing Agency to meet the minimum HUD requirement for accessible units. Out of the 1,554 units available in public housing, 172 of them are accessible to persons with disabilities. The Indianapolis Housing Agency prides itself that the number of public housing units within its system exceeds the requirement set by HUD. Seven out of the 15 developments have more accessible units than required by HUD. Two developments, Georgetown and Barton Tower, have five less units than required by HUD.

The Analysis of Impediments to fair housing discusses the living wage needed to afford an apartment in Indianapolis. The lowest fair market rent in Indianapolis is \$506 per month for a studio apartment. The monthly payment for SSI, the primary and typically only income for a person with a disability, is \$721 per month in Indiana. The most rent a person can afford without a cost burden is \$261 per month. This is far shy of the \$506 fair market rent for a studio apartment. Additional monthly housing subsidies would be necessary for persons with disabilities earning SSI to afford a place to live.

Describe the need for specific types of housing:

Older housing stock tends to have smaller bathrooms, two stories, steps and other obstacles for older adults trying to remain in their homes. The City of Indianapolis has this type of older housing stock, most of which was built between 1950 and 1980, when aging in a home and possibly living with a disability was not incorporated as part of the design.

The City of Indianapolis has funded home repair programs over the past 20 years, with many requests for modifications for aging homeowners. Each year, the City of Indianapolis funds assists 200 homeowners with repair projects.

In addition, the State of Indiana has adopted Aging in Place as an initiative. The State of Indiana website for the Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority states:

Aging in place refers to adapting our collective living environment so it is safer, more comfortable, and increases the likelihood a person can live independently and remain at home as circumstances change. On a broader scope, while primary target populations for aging in place strategies include seniors, families with seniors, and persons with disabilities, everyone benefits from communities that are accessible, visitable, and livable.

The Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis has also listed aging in place as a priority for funding housing projects across Indiana. With over 96,800 people in Marion County over the age of 65, the need for accessible housing or housing where they can age in place.

Discussion

The City of Indianapolis does have an abundance of housing. According to the HUD CHAS information, there are 384,620 residential units and 359,438 households living in Marion County. There are 25,182 more housing units in Marion County than households to fill them.

Despite the surplus of housing units, the type of housing available is not meeting the demand. Persons with disabilities and those aging in place are finding their homes are not meeting their needs, either financially or physically. Demand for home modifications for seniors or persons with disabilities continue to increase.

Additionally, persons with extremely low income are challenged with finding affordable housing. Even with development of low income rental tax credits, a small percentage of the current affordable housing projects are affordable to those households earning less than 30 percent HAMFI.

MA-15 Housing Market Analysis: Cost of Housing - 91.210(a)

Introduction

CNN Money considers the City of Indianapolis housing market one of the most affordable. Yet, through consultations, the cost of housing is listed as a challenge for low income and extremely low-income households. This section of the Consolidated Plan will look at the cost of housing and its affects on households living in Marion County.

Since 2000, the median housing value has increased 25 percent and the median contract rent has increased 24 percent. Just over half of Marion County can afford the overwhelming majority of housing units. Those earning 80 percent HAMFI or more can afford 88 percent of the owner occupied units and 68 percent of the rental units in Marion County. For those families living in poverty and on the margins, the housing in Marion County is not considered affordable, confirming the interviews with stakeholders.

Cost of Housing

| | Base Year: 2000 | Most Recent Year: 2011 | % Change |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Median Home Value | 96,900 | 120,900 | 25% |
| Median Contract Rent | 487 | 606 | 24% |

Table 32 - Cost of Housing

Data Source: 2000 Census (Base Year), 2007-2011 ACS (Most Recent Year)

| Rent Paid | Number | % |
|-----------------|---------|--------|
| Less than \$500 | 42,660 | 30.4% |
| \$500-999 | 88,556 | 63.0% |
| \$1,000-1,499 | 7,343 | 5.2% |
| \$1,500-1,999 | 1,192 | 0.9% |
| \$2,000 or more | 805 | 0.6% |
| Total | 140,556 | 100.0% |

Table 33 - Rent Paid

Data 2007-2011 ACS

Source:

| Cost Burden | # Owners | % Owners | # Renters | % Renters |
|------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Greater than 30% | 32,755 | 15.8% | 34,885 | 23.2% |
| Greater than 50% | 18,255 | 8.8% | 36,605 | 24.3% |

Table 34 - Cost Burden and Severe Cost Burden for Marion County

Housing Affordability

| % Units affordable to | Renter | Owner |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Households earning | | |
| 30% HAMFI | 8,323 | No Data |
| 50% HAMFI | 42,120 | 18,229 |
| 80% HAMFI | 104,990 | 53,510 |
| 100% HAMFI | No Data | 75,276 |

| | % Units affordable to | Renter | Owner |
|---|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| | Households earning | | |
| í | Total | 155,433 | 147,015 |

Table 35 - Housing Affordability

Data 2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

Monthly Rent

| Monthly Rent (\$) | Efficiency (no | 1 Bedroom | 2 Bedroom | 3 Bedroom | 4 Bedroom |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | bedroom) | | | | |
| Fair Market Rent | 1,005 | 1,240 | 1,542 | 2,056 | 2,399 |
| High HOME Rent | 1,050 | 1,255 | 1,542 | 2,056 | 2,395 |
| Low HOME Rent | 1,050 | 1,253 | 1,506 | 1,756 | 1,962 |

Table 36 - Monthly Rent

Alternate Data Source Name:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014

Data Source Comments:

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | RRM | BRM | BRM | BRM | BRM | BRM | BRM |
| Monthly Wage needed to afford low | \$1,720 | \$2,083 | \$2,510 | \$2,910 | \$3,253 | \$3,597 | \$3,933 |
| HOME Rent Limit | | | | | | | |
| Hourly wage | \$9.92 | \$12.02 | \$14.48 | \$16.79 | \$18.77 | \$20.75 | \$22.69 |

Table 37 - Income Needed to Afford Low HOME Rent

Is there sufficient housing for households at all income levels?

The National Low Income Housing Coalition conducts an annual study called *Out of Reach*, a study that looks at what an hourly wage needs to be for a household to afford a place to rent without working more than the standard 40-hour workweek.

The study compares the fair market rents for an area to the rents affordable at different wages, including minimum wage, average SSI payments, etc. Fair Market Rents are the 40th percentile of gross rents for typical, non-substandard rental units occupied by recent movers in a local housing market, meaning 40 percent of the rents are less expensive and 60 percent of the rental units are more expensive. The fair market rate increases with the number of bedrooms as part of the housing unit.

The minimum wage in Indianapolis in 2014 is \$7.25 per hour. Working 40 hours per week, a person will earn \$15,080 per year. The rent payment affordable to a person earning minimum wage is \$377 per month. A person will need to work 54 hours a week to afford a studio apartment with no bedrooms. For a two-bedroom apartment, a person working minimum wage will need to work 82 hours per week, over double the typical workweek.

The picture is bleaker for recipients of SSI payments. The mean monthly payment from SSI is \$721 per month, meaning the rent affordable to a household or person with only SSI for income is \$261 per

month. No apartments in Indianapolis at fair market rent are affordable to persons with only SSI payments as income.

To afford the fair market rents in Indianapolis/Marion County, a household needs to earn a living wage, or a wage that enables them to work 40 hours per week and only pay 30 percent of their income towards housing. For a two-bedroom apartment in Indianapolis, the living wage needs to be \$14.94 per hour.

How is affordability of housing likely to change considering changes to home values and/or rents?

Through Plan 2020, the City of Indianapolis wants to attract new development and redevelopment of older neighborhoods to attract new residents. While the primary goals and strategies focus on five areas, the idea behind the plan is to make Indianapolis a better place to live, work and visit. With planning efforts and strategies to be outlined in the coming year, one of the benefits will be to create demand for housing in Marion County, reducing the flow of urban sprawl to the surrounding counties and to attract new residents to the region for other areas of the State of Indiana and country.

The challenge with developing new and added demand for housing will be to ensure the households with lower incomes are not forced to leave or "priced out" of the community. Affordable housing development through the use of Community Development Block Grant dollars, HOME Investment Partnerships Program funds and Low Income Housing Tax Credits help preserve some housing for low and moderate-income households.

The investments by the City of Indianapolis in affordable housing projects enable developers to raise more capital funding for the project, reducing the amount of mortgage needed. This enables the owner of the development to lower rents to a more affordable level for low and moderate-income households.

How do HOME rents / Fair Market Rent compare to Area Median Rent? How might this impact your strategy to produce or preserve affordable housing?

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development set rent levels, which multi-family developments cannot exceed when charging rent. These rents are set to ensure affordability for low-income households.

Even at these levels, not every household can afford these rent levels. Some extremely low-income households cannot pay 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing and still rent at the HOME rent levels. This is true for those earning minimum wage or just receiving SSI payments. Table 37 shows the monthly and hourly income needed to afford the low HOME rents. Developers can ask for lower rents, however, in order to make the development financially feasible, the HOME rents may be the lowest possible levels. Any lowering of rent would require greater amounts of capital investment into the building to lower debt burden of the owner or monthly subsidy payments such as Section 8 Vouchers.

Discussion

The Indianapolis housing market is considered one of the most affordable housing markets in the County. CNN Money ranked Indianapolis third most affordable city in the United States. In the three-month period from May to July, 2014, the average sale price of a home was \$95,203. The market currently has an inventory of 7.3 months of listings, according to the Metropolitan Indianapolis Board of Realtors

(MIBOR). The average sales price is down slightly from the same period in 2013, when the average sales price was \$104,458.

Affordable housing is not necessarily low-income housing. Affordable housing is housing that costs less than 30 percent of a household's gross monthly income. Households who spend more than 30 percent of their gross month income towards housing costs are considered to have a cost burden. By evaluating the number of households with cost burden, the city of Indianapolis may determine if there is a shortage in affordable housing for its population.

A large number of households spend more than 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing costs. By spending more than 30 percent of the gross monthly income, the household is considered to have a housing problem or added cost burden by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). There is a higher level of cost burden, called Severe Cost Burden, where a household spends more than 50 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing costs. This is particularly difficult for these households to prepare or save for any emergency when most of their income goes towards housing. Table 8 shows the total number of owners and renters with both cost burden and sever cost burden.

Renters have a higher rate of cost burden than homeowners. Nearly one quarter of renters are experiencing a cost burden and an additional one quarter of renters are experiencing a severe cost burden for a total of 47.5 percent of all renters having some level of a cost burden in Marion County. This is contrary to the earlier statements by local leaders that Indianapolis is a booming housing market that is affordable. These statements may only be true for those who are buying homes, rather than renting.

MA-20 Housing Market Analysis: Condition of Housing – 91.210(a)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis has grown the downtown area, with high demand for rental and owned housing units located within a mile square of Center Circle. MIBOR, the Metropolitan Indianapolis Board of Realtors, released a report from July 2014 which described a robust housing market overall with a 12.6 percent increase in listings over the previous year. The median sales price has decreased by 1.9 percent to \$86,750, increasing the affordability for homebuyers. There is a 7.3-month supply of housing inventory, a marked improvement over the 10-12 month supply during the housing market collapse of 2008.

This positive report does not mean that all housing within Indianapolis is in good condition. Age, abandonment and high amounts of cost burden are factors that affect the condition of housing in a community. This section will look at those factors taking place in Indianapolis.

Definitions

To begin this discussion, the City of Indianapolis must first define the word "conditions of units" to understand the measurements in the tables below. A "condition" of a unit may be one of four items.

- A housing unit lacking kitchen facilities
- A housing unit lacking plumbing facilities
- A housing unit with more than one person per room
- A housing unit with a household with a cost burden of at least 30 percent

For the purpose of this discussion, any unit will be considered as having a substandard condition when the residential property is not up to the local building or housing code. Any unit will be considered as having a substandard condition but suitable for rehabilitation if the renovation costs for the unit do not exceed the value of the property: land and buildings combined value.

Condition of Units

| Condition of Units | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------|-----------------|-----|--|
| | Number | % | Number | % | |
| With one selected Condition | 47,407 | 25% | 66,522 | 47% | |
| With two selected Conditions | 1,211 | 1% | 3,334 | 2% | |
| With three selected Conditions | 175 | 0% | 145 | 0% | |
| With four selected Conditions | 0 | 0% | 0 | 0% | |
| No selected Conditions | 139,344 | 74% | 70,555 | 50% | |
| Total | 188,137 | 100% | 140,556 | 99% | |

Table 38 - Condition of Units

Data 2007-2011 ACS

Source:

Year Unit Built

| Year Unit Built | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | | |
|-----------------|----------------|------|-----------------|------|--|
| | Number | 0/0 | Number | 0/0 | |
| 2000 or later | 22,944 | 12% | 11,271 | 8% | |
| 1980-1999 | 47,159 | 25% | 34,622 | 25% | |
| 1950-1979 | 74,737 | 40% | 64,561 | 46% | |
| Before 1950 | 43,297 | 23% | 30,102 | 21% | |
| Total | 188,137 | 100% | 140,556 | 100% | |

Table 39 – Year Unit Built

Data

2007-2011 CHAS

Source:

Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard

| Risk of Lead-Based Paint Hazard | Owner-Occupied | | Renter-Occupied | |
|---|----------------|-----|-----------------|-----|
| | Number | % | Number | % |
| Total Number of Units Built Before 1980 | 118,034 | 63% | 94,663 | 67% |
| Housing Units build before 1980 with children present | 12,378 | 7% | 8,401 | 6% |

Table 40 - Risk of Lead-Based Paint

Data

2007-2011 ACS (Total Units) 2007-2011 CHAS (Units with Children present)

Source:

Vacant Units

| | Suitable for Rehabilitation | Not Suitable for Rehabilitation | Total |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|
| Vacant Units | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Abandoned Vacant Units | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| REO Properties | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Abandoned REO Properties | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 41 - Vacant Units

Data

2005-2009 CHAS

Source:

Need for Owner and Rental Rehabilitation

According to the CHAS information, at least 25 percent of homeowners in Indianapolis have at least one housing condition. Half of renters have at least one housing condition. The most common housing problem in Indianapolis is cost burden for households. Cost burden is defined as a household paying more than 30 percent of its gross monthly income towards housing costs, either rent or mortgage and utility costs. More renters than homeowners in Indianapolis experience a cost burden. Approximately 30,600 renter households experience a cost burden and approximately 22,300 homeowner households experience a cost burden in Indianapolis.

Severe cost burden is a housing problem where households pay more than half its gross monthly income towards housing costs. Extremely low-income renters have the highest rate of this housing problem in

Indianapolis. Of the renter households experiencing a severe cost burden, 74.7 percent of them earn an income 30 percent HAMFI or below.

When budgets are stressed, households are less able to plan for crisis or retirement and can risk foreclosure or defer home maintenance, which negatively affects the neighborhood. Providing opportunities to improve the quality of life for these households and assist them with repairs to their home can greatly reduce this risk.

Estimated Number of Housing Units Occupied by Low or Moderate Income Families with LBP Hazards

According to the CHAS information from HUD, roughly 7 percent of owner occupied housing built prior to 1980 have children present (12,378 units) and 6 percent of rental housing build prior to 1980 have children present (8,401 units). Estimates to remove lead paint hazards range from \$10,000 to \$45,000 per home depending on the size of the building and level of lead contamination. If every unit in the City built prior to 1980 with children present and cost \$10,000 to remove lead hazards, the need would exceed \$207,790,000. The need to target funding resources is apparent with such a large possible cost.

The U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development's Office of Healthy Homes & Lead Hazard Control was established to eliminate lead-based paint in low-income housing. The Department of Metropolitan Development City of Indianapolis was awarded a Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant to identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible households.

In order to be eligible for this program, households must reside within the City of Indianapolis, earn less than 80% of the area median income, and include a child under the age of six or a pregnant woman. Priority will be given to eligible households with pregnant woman or children with documented elevated blood lead levels. Blood testing can be done at a person's doctor's office or through the Marion County Health Department.

Discussion

Most housing in Indianapolis was built between the years 1950-1979. Despite the housing booms since 2000, 40 percent of homeowner occupied housing and 46 percent of renter occupied housing was built between 1950 and 1979. The housing stock in Indianapolis remains older. If large number of these occupants are experiencing a cost burden, the need for providing repairs for homeowners and developing rental units affordable to extremely low income renters.

An article in the Indianapolis Star in April 2014, stated the City of Indianapolis Department of Code Enforcement was suing five landlords representing over 750 rental units for public nuisances resulting form health and safety hazards. The lawsuits said the properties have become an unnecessary drain on public resources for causing hundreds of police, fire and ambulance runs.

The most recent abandoned homes report conducted by the City of Indianapolis, from 2009, stated there were over 9,000 abandoned homes in Marion County, many of them chronically vacant meaning vacant for over 12 months. This number is approximately 49,000 units less than reported than in the 2012 American Community Survey. While the stakeholders interviewed are aware of a large vacant housing problem in some of the urban core communities, it is a challenge to document just how large or small the problem is,

statistically. Information about the vacant housing problem is inconsistent from source to source and makes it difficult to analyze with any amount of certainty.

The scale of the age of the housing stock, level of cost burden experienced by homeowners and renters, level of health and safety issues by large landlords and the level of vacant homes requires a multi-faceted approach to addressing the aging housing market. This occurs in an area where a large amount of investment may be required but not able to be recouped through traditional real estate deals.

MA-25 Public and Assisted Housing – 91.210(b)

Introduction

The Indianapolis Housing Agency is the public housing agency serving Marion County/Indianapolis. The Indianapolis Housing Agency has three programs to assist low-income families with rental housing, public housing communities and the Section 8 Voucher Housing Choice program (Section 8) and a Non-Profit Community Development arm.

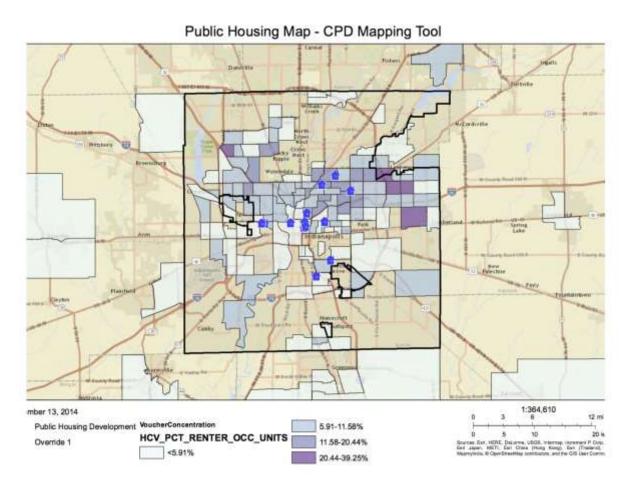
Totals Number of Units

| Program Type | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------|--|-----|-------|------------|-------------|----------|
| | Certificate | Mod-Rehab | Public | Vouchers | | | | | |
| | | | Housing | Total Project -based Tenant -based Special Purpose Voucher | | | | ner | |
| | | | | | | | Veterans | Family | Disabled |
| | | | | | | | Affairs | Unification | * |
| | | | | | | | Supportive | Program | |
| | | | | | | | Housing | | |
| # of units vouchers available | 0 | 0 | 1,860 | 8,199 | 244 | 7,955 | 1,047 | 0 | 0 |
| # of accessible units | | | | | | | | | |

Table 42 – Total Number of Units by Program Type

Data PIC (PIH Information Center)

Source:



Map of Public Housing and Voucher Concentration

Describe the supply of public housing developments:

Describe the number and physical condition of public housing units in the jurisdiction, including those that are participating in an approved Public Housing Agency Plan:

According to the five-year plan by the Indianapolis Housing Agency, they oversee 1,554 public housing units and 7,126 housing choice vouchers. These numbers were provided earlier in the needs section of the Consolidated Plan. The numbers issued by HUD as part of this market

analysis are different. The City of Indianapolis will use the prior numbers opposed to the above tables to make the information consistent throughout the entire Consolidated Plan.

Out of the units available in public housing, 172 of them are accessible to persons with disabilities. The Indianapolis Housing Agency prides itself that the number of public housing units within its system exceeds the requirement set by HUD. Seven out of the 15 developments have more accessible units than required by HUD. Two developments, Georgetown and Barton Tower, have five less units than required by HUD.

Most of IHA's communities are located within the middle of Indianapolis Marion County. According to the maps above, the locations of these communities are in areas of high concentration of the African American population. The maps also show the concentration of Housing Choice Vouchers, primarily in the areas of high concentration of the African American population.

The Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana is expected to release a report shortly after the publication of this document that shows a concentration of landlords accepting Housing Choice Vouchers in areas of high concentration of the African American Population. According to the report, in areas of high concentration of the White population, the number of landlords accepting vouchers is greatly reduced.

Public Housing Condition

| Public Housing Development | Average Inspection Score |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Lugar Towers | 90 |
| Georgetown | 90 |
| Tibbs Court | 66 |
| Laurelwood Apartments | 84 |
| Hawthorne | 85 |
| Lugar Towers (BRAXTON) | 91 |
| Red Maple Grove | 85 |
| 16 Park | 99 |
| Concord Homes East | 74 |
| Lugar Towers (Lugar LP) | 72 |
| John J Barton Apts | 53 |
| Trail Side on Mass Avenue | 80 |
| St. Clair Apartments | 69 |
| Blackburn Terrace | 78 |

Table 43 - Public Housing Condition

Describe the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing units in the jurisdiction: From the 2015-2019 Public Housing Plan:

HOPE VI, Mixed Finance Modernization or Development

IHA has sold twenty-six of the fifty-two homes in the third and final (homeownership) phase of the HOPE VI, mixed-finance redevelopment of Brokenburr Trails (formerly IN017-016, now Red Maple Grove: IN017-039, 040, 042). A HOPE VI grant preliminary closeout approval has been received. The Agency is awaiting the final close out.

The Agency contemplates a mixed finance proposal or disposition approval for the redevelopment of Clearstream Gardens (IN017-014, demolished c. 2002) in the second quarter of 2015.

The Agency contemplates a Neighborhood Choice implementation grant in 2015 for the redevelopment of the Phoenix Apartments and the Meadows redevelopment area in partnership with the United Northeast Community Development Corporation and the Meadows Foundation.

Mixed Finance developments (non-HOPE VI)

The Insight Development purchased Bethel Townhomes, a ninety-four (94) unit development. IHA will take over the management and Insight will be pursuing Low Income Housing Tax Credits in 2014 for an award of 2015.

Insight contemplates pursuing other supportive housing projects as well as assisted living developments. Insight will continue to evaluation opportunities to expand the affordable housing portfolio of IHA.

Insight will support neighborhood revitalization through Renew Indy Land Bank. This may include either the purchase of homes for rehabilitation or vacant land for redevelopment.

Insight is evaluating the redevelopment of Philips Temple for family, senior or supportive housing. Insight would pursue Low Income Tax Credits and Historic Tax Credits.

Describe the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of lowand moderate-income families residing in public housing:

The following are goals and objectives outlined in the 2015-2019 Public Housing Agency Plan that have been set by the Indianapolis Housing Agency.

Goal: Reduce Financial Dependency on HUD Public Housing Subsidy by 30%

- Create a marketing strategy to offer consulting services through IHAs instrumentality to the other Housing Agencies.
- Streamline public housing operations to ensure programs can obtain a High Performer level.
- Improve public housing management (increase PHAS score to 90 or higher)
- Improve Housing Choice Voucher management (increase SEMAP score to 90 or higher)
- Continue to pursue RAD to convert all public housing units
- Pursue opportunities to apply for new grant funded programs, such as the Family Unification Program (FUP) and other programs.
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.
- Aggressively market and lease income-generating assets including the instrumentalities' assets to generate non-public revenue, including hosting training for the affordable housing community, other PHAs and HUD.

Goal: Promote Resident Self-Sufficiency

- Meet face-to-face with every household that reports zero income for a time period longer than 60 consecutive days.
- Continue to build partnerships with local social service agencies and create employee development program for Section 8 and property management staff, whereby representatives from partner agencies can enhance staff knowledge of area programs available for resident referral
- Continuing the partnership with the Veterans Administration in administering HUD-VASH vouchers and accessing more vouchers when possible upon availability.
- Providing Family Self Sufficiency Programs for eligible Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program and Public Housing participants pursuant to applicable regulations and available funding.
- Establish a formal referral system to local multi-service centers.
- Facilitate and secure memorandum agreements with multi-service centers in the locality or catchment area of IHA communities.
- Apply for federal and non-federal funding to support ongoing and new self-sufficiency initiatives.
- Partner with organizations that provide training to improve the readiness of Section 3 applicants allowing an increase in the pool of qualified Section 3 candidates ready for hire.
- Continue the administration of the Housing Choice Voucher Program Homeownership Program.
- Utilize resident participation funds allocated to IHA to provide workshops/training opportunities for Resident Council members and attendees.

Discussion:

With 5,608 households waiting for public housing and 7,924 households waiting for Housing Choice Vouchers, the Indianapolis Housing Agency is aware and committed to addressing the demand for more affordable housing.

Sixty (60.77) percent of those waiting for public housing units earn an income less than 30 percent HAMFI. Fifty-four (54.86) percent of those waiting for a Housing Choice Voucher earn an income less than 30 percent HAMFI. A third of the households on both waiting lists are households where at least one person present has a disability.

The mission at IHA is to provide low-income families, seniors and persons with disabilities access to decent, safe, affordable housing in Indianapolis. By extension, IHA hopes to fight housing discrimination in the Indianapolis community while leading more Indianapolis citizens to greater self-sufficiency.

In the midst of a recovering housing market, IHA must explore innovative and diverse solutions in a constant effort to serve as many Indianapolis families as possible, as fully as possible. Chasing innovation means executing progressive solutions like mixed-source financing for new developments. It also means establishing mixed-income communities that stabilize public housing neighborhoods while breaking the cycle of concentrated low-income housing has it Indianapolis' urban core.

MA-30 Homeless Facilities and Services – 91.210(c)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis has a strong Continuum of Care that includes all housing types to address the needs of the homeless population, including Emergency Shelters, Transitional Housing, Permanent Supportive Housing and Rapid Re-Housing.

Emergency shelters provide short-term and immediate shelter when an individual or family has no other place to live. Living conditions are often dormitory style with only the ability for the family to stay overnight and leave during the day. Domestic Violence shelters are categorized as emergency shelters.

Transitional housing is housing that is also considered short term, with the maximum stay of two years. The housing is tied to supportive services to help a homeless individual or household learn to manage their budget, gain life skills, long term employment and address other challenges they may face. This is often considered housing to allow a household to remain in touch with necessary services but remove them from the stressful emergency shelter environment.

Permanent supportive housing is long-term housing that is tied to services. Individuals and families in need of additional support to maintain housing find themselves to be self-sufficient in this type of housing situation. Persons with mental health challenges that need to be monitored or physically disabled persons in need of daily care are examples of permanent supportive housing.

Rapid Re-Housing is a new concept to catch households that have very few barriers to housing but one or two items that can be resolved. Households eligible for this program generally have had a loss of income or a medical bill that caused them to loose their home. The idea behind Rapid Re-housing is to place a household back in a home if the loss of housing was a simple matter that can be resolved with 90 days of financial assistance and supportive services.

Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

| | Emergency Shelter Beds | | Transitional Housing Beds | Permanent Supp Be | O |
|---|---|-----|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Year Round Beds (Current & New) Voucher / Seasonal / Overflow Beds | | Current & New | Current & New | Under Development |
| Households with Adult(s) and Child(ren) | 566 | 91 | 197 | 44 | 0 |
| Households with Only Adults | 291 | 399 | 500 | 996 | 0 |

| | Emergency Shelter Beds | | Transitional Housing Beds | Permanent Supp Be | O |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Current & New | Current & New | Under Development |
| Chronically Homeless Households | 0 | 0 | 222 | 152 | 0 |
| Veterans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unaccompanied Youth | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 44 - Facilities and Housing Targeted to Homeless Households

Data Source Comments: Housing Inventory Chart - Indianapolis Continuum of Care

Describe mainstream services, such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are use to complement services targeted to homeless persons

The City of Indianapolis and the Indianapolis Continuum of Care openly partner with mainstream services to address the needs of the homeless population. While there are many housing options for the homeless population, it is still not meeting the need. Partnerships are the only way to expand services to the population in most need. Areas of possible partnership include:

- More services for persons with mental health needs
- Creating a central intake to share information among service providers
- Partner street outreach workers to reach all the areas homeless individuals and families across the City
- Develop respite care for homeless individuals after surgery
- Partner to identify homeless veterans and help them access resources only available to veterans

The Blueprint 2.0 specifically lists the following strategies:

- Build awareness and relationships that result in expanded Continuum membership and ensure its representation in important policy discussions
- Develop a faith-based group that connects and coordinates partners and providers
- Partner with the Veteran's Administration in support of the Opening Doors plan to end veteran homelessness
- Connect with underserved populations through community and service partners—particularly immigrant and youth-serving systems
- Collectively identify Continuum gaps and collaboratively work to fill them

List and describe services and facilities that meet the needs of homeless persons, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth. If the services and facilities are listed on screen SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure or screen MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services, describe how these facilities and services specifically address the needs of these populations.

The listing of services and facilities for the needs of homeless persons was too large to fit in this narrative document. A table has been added as Attachment C to this document. Despite the extensiveness of the list, many of the shelters are operating utilizing a winter contingency plan, meaning they are operating beyond their capacity.

Through consultation the City of Indianapolis has learned that even if the shelters expanded, the amount of human capital needed to operate a larger shelter may not be financial feasible.

MA-35 Special Needs Facilities and Services – 91.210(d)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis is home to a number of special needs service providers. Locating affordable housing for special needs population is the primary need. With limited income for persons with the only income of SSI, many households are not able to afford housing in Indianapolis.

According to the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing, the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana found several issues regarding accessibility and reasonable accommodation. A federal law passed in 1991 required new rental units and multi-family properties to have accessible units that met minimum standards. The testing conducted by the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana looked at eleven (11) multi-family complexes for accessible units and common areas within the properties. Only three (3) out of the eleven were in compliance with the federal law for accessibility.

The testing report also states that out of eight (8) additional tests for reasonable accommodation, 25 percent of the sites treated the person with a disability with discriminatory practices. Reasonable accommodations are changes to rules, policies, procedures and practices or changes in the way services are provided. Changes can include the allowance of a service animal or special parking. The intent of the law is to enable a person with a disability to have the opportunity to use the same facilities as those without a disability. The reasonable accommodation should not cause undue financial or administrative burden to the housing owner or cause a fundamental change in the operation or services provided.

Through consultation, the City of Indianapolis learned that some people with disabilities seeking emergency shelter were also denied reasonable accommodation, but statistics on the exact number and the location of such issues is not readily available. The City of Indianapolis will need to monitor such issues when it comes to serving special needs populations that are homeless.

HOPWA Assistance Baseline Table

| Type of HOWA Assistance | Number of Units Designated or Available for People with HIV/AIDS and their families | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| TBRA | 31 | | | |
| PH in facilities | 0 | | | |
| STRMU | 115 | | | |
| ST or TH facilities | 0 | | | |
| PH placement | 0 | | | |

Table 45- HOPWA Assistance Baseline

Data Source Comments: City of Indianapolis - 2013 HOPWA 40110

Including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental), persons with alcohol or other drug addictions, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, public housing residents and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify, and describe their supportive housing needs

Through consultation, the City of Indianapolis has found the needs of persons with disabilities are primarily affordable housing. Even with the efforts by housing developers to complete more affordable housing in the

community, most people with extremely low incomes cannot afford the housing available, even at low rents set by HUD.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development set rent levels, which multi-family developments cannot exceed when charging rent. These rents are set to ensure affordability for low-income households.

Even at these levels, not every household can afford these rent levels. Some extremely low-income households cannot pay 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing and still rent at the HOME rent levels. This is true for those earning minimum wage or just receiving SSI payments. Table 12 shows the monthly and hourly income needed to afford the low HOME rents. Developers can ask for lower rents, however, in order to make the development financially feasible, the HOME rents may be the lowest possible levels. Any lowering of rent would require greater amounts of capital investment into the building to lower debt burden of the owner or monthly subsidy payments such as Section 8 Vouchers.

The picture is bleaker for recipients of SSI payments. The mean monthly payment from SSI is \$721 per month, meaning the rent affordable to a household or person with only SSI for income is \$261 per month. No apartments in Indianapolis at fair market rent are affordable to persons with only SSI payments as income.

Describe programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing

One of the largest housing providers for PSH is Midtown Mental Health. The City of Indianapolis has a number of projects that are dedicated exclusively to those who are present with a mental illness as a barrier to housing. The City also has a Safe Haven (First Home) that works with those who are street homeless and mentally ill with addiction issues. There is a partnership with a housing provider to work with those mental health providers who do not get/want Continuum of Care funding to ensure that clients have access to housing supports and benefits. Nearly every project in Indianapolis, both prevention and intervention, contains some type of mental health programming or access.

The City of Indianapolis is home to a Men's Respite Program for men who are homeless and need to be discharged to a safe, stable environment. That is utilized by the largest hospitals. The Program is currently seeking ways to expand the men's program and add a women's program. The City has recently begun to work on a pilot project with a rehab hospital to help them find affordable housing for clients where they have been linked to income supports or benefits. There is an effort underway to strengthen the relationship and participation of the major hospitals and to work to get them into the Continuum of Care. The City of Indianapolis has recently begun meeting with a Community Outreach and Engagement team from the teaching hospital to identify a multidiscipline project that encompasses housing, clinics and services in a high need area. It is anticipated that the project will take a year to develop (end of 2015) and implement and it will contain a plan for persons who need to be discharged who are low/no income and at risk for homelessness.

Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. 91.315(e)

The City of Indianapolis will strive to create livable communities for all residents, including people who are not homeless but have special needs. Goals the City include:

- Support the development of multi-family housing with low income housing tax credits that improve the quality of aging urban communities Assist 200 households over five years.
- Support owner occupied repair/rehab through loans to person earning less than 80 percent HAMFI Assist 400 households over five years.
- Create a wider range of housing opportunities for households living with disabilities through Tenant Based Rental Assistance Assist 50 households over five years.
- Provide Tenant Based Rental Assistance to persons living with HIV/AIDS Assist 400 people over five years.
- Fund supportive services to persons living with HIV/AIDS Assist 1,250 people over five years.
- Fund short term rent, utility and mortgage assistance for persons with HIV/AIDS Assist 1,000 people over five years.

For entitlement/consortia grantees: Specify the activities that the jurisdiction plans to undertake during the next year to address the housing and supportive services needs identified in accordance with 91.215(e) with respect to persons who are not homeless but have other special needs. Link to one-year goals. (91.220(2))

The City of Indianapolis will strive to create livable communities for all residents, including people are not homeless but have special needs. Goals the City include:

- Support the development of multi-family housing with low income housing tax credits that improve the quality of aging urban communities Assist 40 households in the first year.
- Support owner occupied repair/rehab through loans to person earning less than 80 percent HAMFI
 Assist 80 households in the first year.
- Create a wider range of housing opportunities for households living with disabilities through Tenant Based Rental Assistance Assist 10 households in the first year.
- Provide Tenant Based Rental Assistance to persons living with HIV/AIDS Assist 80 people in the first year.
- Fund supportive services to persons living with HIV/AIDS Assist 250 people the first year.
- Fund short term rent, utility and mortgage assistance for persons with HIV/AIDS Assist 200 people the first year.

MA-40 Barriers to Affordable Housing – 91.210(e)

Negative Effects of Public Policies on Affordable Housing and Residential Investment

While barriers to affordable housing can come from anywhere, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) recognizes universal barriers. Local and state regulations on zoning and buildings are often the most recognized barriers to affordable housing. With increased regulation comes an increased cost to build housing that meets all regulations.

The Analysis of Impediments did not find any types of zoning that impose limits on housing, such as limits on vinyl siding or appearance of housing and its design. While there may not be any regulatory barriers, the institutional structure currently used to develop affordable housing may face organizational and other non-regulatory barriers to affordable housing development. Consultations with community leaders and stakeholders have suggestions as to the barriers that the hard data may not provide. These include barriers that prevent, or increase the challenge of affordable housing development. The barriers shared by those leaders and stakeholders include:

- High cost of property near accessible communities, such as downtown, make it difficult to develop special needs housing.
- Despite continued development of affordable housing, subsidizing projects large enough to serve households earning 0-30 percent of the area median income without cost burden.
- In conjunction with serving extremely low income households, developers of multi-family tax credits
 are finding it increasingly more difficult acquire enough capital funding to create affordable housing
 that is financial stable over the long term.
- New credit requirements for loaning dollars make creative financing such as that provided by Habitat for Humanity to work for low and moderate-income households wanting homeownership opportunities.
- Increased crime reports have created an image of fear and unsafe environments in urban core neighborhoods in need of private investment and redevelopment.
- Once a low-income household finds affordable housing, the challenges of their economic status often become a burden to sustaining that housing. These households are often transient, moving from rental unit to rental unit because of economic or other hardship.

MA-45 Non-Housing Community Development Assets – 91.215 (f)

Introduction

Ball State University Center for Business and Economic Research published an economic document called the Indiana Economic Outlook 2014. The document looks at the national and state economic recoveries as well as that of Central Indiana. The introduction to this document includes the following statement:

Central Indiana (roughly the greater Indianapolis region) is comprised of Boone, Brown, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, Putnam, and Shelby counties. The region is home to more than 1.76 million persons with a per capita income of \$40,027. Nearly one in three employed Hoosiers work in the region, totaling more than 1.1 million jobs. Since the end of the Great Recession, the region has seen strong population growth of 2.14 percent, per capita income growth of more than 8 percent, and employment growth of 1.8 percent. These are remarkably robust growth conditions, which mark the region as one of the more resilient and growing metropolitan areas in the nation.

As with the demographic information, the City of Indianapolis will examine economic data and income information by township. To examine data for all nine townships, the City of Indianapolis will need to use three-year estimates from 2008-2012 American Community Survey.

Economic Development Market Analysis Business Activity

| Business by Sector | Number of | Number of Jobs | Share of Workers | Share of Jobs | Jobs less workers |
|---|-----------|----------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Workers | | 0/0 | 0/0 | % |
| Agriculture, Mining, Oil & Gas Extraction | 701 | 823 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arts, Entertainment, Accommodations | 39,265 | 50,574 | 14 | 12 | -2 |
| Construction | 11,741 | 20,361 | 4 | 5 | 1 |
| Education and Health Care Services | 60,466 | 93,183 | 21 | 21 | 0 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate | 23,888 | 37,100 | 8 | 8 | 0 |
| Information | 6,626 | 11,053 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Manufacturing | 32,265 | 52,390 | 11 | 12 | 1 |
| Other Services | 12,172 | 18,212 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Professional, Scientific, Management Services | 23,989 | 41,284 | 8 | 9 | 1 |
| Public Administration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Retail Trade | 40,290 | 52,670 | 14 | 12 | -2 |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 19,952 | 32,230 | 7 | 7 | 0 |
| Wholesale Trade | 17,127 | 28,178 | 6 | 6 | 0 |

| Business by Sector | Number of Workers | Number of Jobs | Share of Workers | Share of Jobs | Jobs less workers |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Total | 288,482 | 438,058 | | | |

Table 46 - Business Activity

Data 2007-2011 ACS (Workers), 2011 Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (Jobs)

Source:

Labor Force

| Total Population in the Civilian Labor Force | 437,816 |
|--|---------|
| Civilian Employed Population 16 years and over | 390,625 |
| Unemployment Rate | 10.78 |
| Unemployment Rate for Ages 16-24 | 28.67 |
| Unemployment Rate for Ages 25-65 | 7.41 |

Table 47 - Labor Force

Data

2007-2011 ACS

Source:

| Occupations by Sector | Number of People |
|--|------------------|
| Management, business and financial | 86,120 |
| Farming, fisheries and forestry occupations | 18,182 |
| Service | 42,229 |
| Sales and office | 103,626 |
| Construction, extraction, maintenance and repair | 29,107 |
| Production, transportation and material moving | 25,095 |

Table 48 – Occupations by Sector

Data

2007-2011 ACS

Source:

Travel Time

| Travel Time | Number | Percentage |
|--------------------|---------|------------|
| < 30 Minutes | 265,354 | 71% |
| 30-59 Minutes | 92,654 | 25% |
| 60 or More Minutes | 13,483 | 4% |
| Total | 371,491 | 100% |

Table 49 - Travel Time

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Education:

Educational Attainment by Employment Status (Population 16 and Older)

| Educational Attainment | In Labor Force | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------------|
| | Civilian Employed Unemployed | | Not in Labor |
| | | | Force |
| Less than high school graduate | 33,251 | 7,576 | 23,509 |
| High school graduate (includes | | | |
| equivalency) | 86,435 | 11,393 | 29,851 |
| Some college or Associate's degree | 95,134 | 9,500 | 21,071 |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | 107,579 | 4,503 | 14,711 |

Table 50 - Educational Attainment by Employment Status

Data

2007-2011 ACS

Source:

Educational Attainment by Age

| | | | Age | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| | 18–24 yrs | 25–34 yrs | 35–44 yrs | 45–65 yrs | 65+ yrs |
| Less than 9th grade | 3,302 | 6,506 | 4,634 | 7,921 | 7,638 |
| 9th to 12th grade, no diploma | 16,695 | 14,824 | 11,890 | 18,561 | 12,822 |
| High school graduate, GED, or | | | | | |
| alternative | 24,743 | 31,301 | 32,141 | 64,310 | 30,330 |
| Some college, no degree | 28,424 | 29,487 | 22,914 | 41,313 | 16,045 |
| Associate's degree | 2,602 | 9,202 | 9,242 | 13,816 | 2,809 |
| Bachelor's degree | 9,252 | 31,132 | 21,201 | 32,948 | 8,969 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 740 | 10,364 | 9,113 | 22,268 | 8,569 |

Table 51 - Educational Attainment by Age

Data Source: 2007-2011 ACS

Educational Attainment – Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

| Educational Attainment | Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Less than high school graduate | 17,206 |
| High school graduate (includes equivalency) | 26,144 |
| Some college or Associate's degree | 31,018 |
| Bachelor's degree | 43,497 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 60,630 |

Table 52 - Median Earnings in the Past 12 Months

Data

2007-2011 ACS

Source:

Based on the Business Activity table above, what are the major employment sectors within your jurisdiction?

For those able and employed in Indianapolis, the community has a large number of professions/occupations available for individuals to choose from. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, in May 2013 the Indianapolis Metropolitan Statistical Area had a total of 912,810 occupations with an average wage of \$44,740 annually. Tables 54 and 55 lists the general categories of occupations and the mean annual wage for each category. Management occupations fared the best with a mean annual wage of \$97,230, while food preparation and serving related occupations fared the worst with a mean annual wage of \$20,250. Construction and Production Occupations had the biggest decreases with a 25.0 percent decrease and 46.4 percent decrease since 2007, respectively.

Describe the workforce and infrastructure needs of the business community:

The City of Indianapolis has a crumbling infrastructure. RebuildIndy is Mayor Ballard's initiative to restore deteriorating thoroughfares, residential streets, sidewalks and bridges, and other City assets.

From 2010-2013 about \$500 million in infrastructure improvements were made throughout Marion County through the RebuildIndy program. Still, the need is great, particularly in light of the 2013-2014 winter season, the harshest in Indianapolis history, which has left many of our streets in disrepair.

Indianapolis has a plan to address the City's sweeping infrastructure needs without raising taxes. The plan is called RebuildIndy 2, and it would allow the Department of Public Works to continue the successful RebuildIndy program with up to \$350 million in projects over three years. Funding for this program has not been allocated as of publication of this document.

In addition to public infrastructure, there is a need to develop a workforce that meets the needs of new businesses to the region. Nine (9.6) percent of the population in Indianapolis does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Fourteen (14.6) percent of the Indianapolis population has high school diploma or the equivalent. This type of education attainment is not complementary for many of the high paying jobs coming to the area.

Traditional job training programs have had to begin with basic life skills training, such as resume training, finding transportation to and from work, etc. The City of Indianapolis will begin funding programs with job skills training for work, such as certifications, math skills and computer skills. The key to this initiative will be to develop job training programs that meet the needs of businesses moving to the area. Partnerships with Employ Indy, the Indy Chamber and other business leaders will help target workforce development to the needs of employers.

Describe any major changes that may have an economic impact, such as planned local or regional public or private sector investments or initiatives that have affected or may affect job and business growth opportunities during the planning period. Describe any needs for workforce development, business support or infrastructure these changes may create.

With land that is easy to develop, many of the counties surrounding Indianapolis are able to attract businesses looking to expand. Land in those areas are typically low cost for acquisition, with public utilities, new roads and no prior environmental contamination. Through consultation, some of the suggested initiatives that may benefit both Indianapolis and the entire region are:

- Joint resolutions among the region's local governments that prevent incentives for businesses to move from one county to another as those moves often do not create new jobs for the area
- Industrial redevelopment, such as Indy Fast Track, that requires multiple agencies at the State of Indiana and local level, cooperating to address environmental issues
- Address zoning laws that are outdated to today's business environment
- Invest in public art to attract businesses to Indianapolis neighborhoods suggestions have included murals for interstate underpasses that are often areas of neglect in the community
- Great Places Initiative creating a ¼ mile walking radius destination for commercial development and public gathering
- Hire Up Indy a report showing the skills and areas driving the Indianapolis Economy: Science, Technology, Engineering and Math

How do the skills and education of the current workforce correspond to employment opportunities in the jurisdiction?

Upwards of 75 percent of job openings posted in the key industry sectors that drive Central Indiana's economy specify technical skill requirements, with a majority of those technical job postings requiring postsecondary education. The Central Indiana occupational structure in key industries is changing: more

people are employed in knowledge-intensive positions. The growth of the region's economy depends on the ability to equip current and future employees with the technical skills and education levels to meet these industry requirements.

Educational attainment, measured by the credentials held by Central Indiana residents, is important to the economic and social well-being of the region. However, Indianapolis also needs people who are educated in fields that align with the regional economy's needs and opportunities. The research commissioned by Hire Up Indy shows that technical education related to the region's key wealth-producing sectors and industries is particularly important in Central Indiana because of the increasing numbers of jobs in these areas that require technical skills and technical knowledge.

When Central Indiana employers say they cannot find new employees with the right skills they are reporting something very real: Not enough people in the labor force or in the educational pipeline now have or are learning the technical skills employers need.

Regional growth depends on technical skills and knowledge; educational strategies need to focus on increasing the numbers of people skilled in technical fields and the numbers of people holding postsecondary credentials in technical fields.

Nine (9.6) percent of the population in Indianapolis does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Fourteen (14.6) percent of the Indianapolis population has high school diploma or the equivalent. This type of education attainment is not complementary for many of the high paying jobs coming to the area.

Traditional job training programs have had to begin with basic life skills training, such as resume training, finding transportation to and from work, etc. The City of Indianapolis will begin funding programs with job skills training for work, such as certifications, math skills and computer skills. The key to this initiative will be to develop job training programs that meet the needs of businesses moving to the area. Partnerships with Employ Indy, the Indy Chamber and other business leaders will help target workforce development to the needs of employers.

Describe any current workforce training initiatives, including those supported by Workforce Investment Boards, community colleges and other organizations. Describe how these efforts will support the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan.

EmployIndy is a nonprofit organization that develops and finds the best talent to power the Marion County economy. EmployIndy identifies local talent needs by working closely with business leaders, community-based organizations, economic development professionals and civic leaders. EmployIndy identifies the tools and resources needed to ensure Marion County businesses have access to skilled talent, Marion County residents are qualified to meet employers' needs, and businesses and residents are equipped to drive the Marion County economy forward. As Marion County's local workforce development organization, EmployIndy:

Provides Expertise by determining the current and future needs of Indianapolis and Marion County
employers and job seekers. We commission research, analyze data and build relationships with
businesses and organizations serving Indianapolis residents.

- Identifies Tools by developing and facilitating the deployment of unique programs to meet the needs of businesses and residents for the benefit of the employer and jobseeker.
- Prioritize Resources by identifying how to leverage federal, state, local and philanthropic dollars to meet the needs of Indianapolis businesses and residents.

While Employ Indy is the primary workforce development organization in the City of Indianapolis, other organizations offer job training utilizing community development funding. Places such as the Centers for Working Families offer support for families aiming to move from poverty into self-sufficiency.

Each of these organizations can help the City of Indianapolis with the goals:

- To support job training and placement programs for low to moderate income individuals; and
- To Support summer youth employment.

Does your jurisdiction participate in a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)?

If so, what economic development initiatives are you undertaking that may be coordinated with the Consolidated Plan? If not, describe other local/regional plans or initiatives that impact economic growth.

The City of Indianapolis does not currently have a CEDS. The Indy Chamber is working in partnership with the City of Indianapolis and other community partners for the development of such a strategy. At the publication of this document, a survey was out to garner public input. The expected completion of the CEDS designation is May 2015.

Other economic growth factors include:

- v *Advocacy for mass transit, including bus rapid transit.* The City of Indianapolis, business partners and Metropolitan Planning Organization are entering the next phase of bus rapid transit study. The lines have already been identified and the study has moved to determining the cost, station locations and service characteristics.
- v *Indy Fast Track*. Brought on by the recent closure of three of Indianapolis' automotive manufacturing facilities and the significant loss of production at a fourth, the purpose of the Indy FastTrack Initiative is to create a market-based strategy to repurpose the resultant vacant and underutilized sites. The lessons learned will build our capacity to duplicate this approach for other sites in need of reuse. Indy FastTrack's intent is to assess our economy's vitality and ability to spur new manufacturing investment. This combined approach is further intended to create higher-skill, higher-wage jobs thereby enhancing the City's economic strength and diversity.
- v *Reconnecting Our Waterways (ROW)*. ROW is a grassroots initiative designed to reclaim the benefits of Indianapolis' waterways; to provide opportunities for physical, human, and economic development. It's about helping neighbors strengthen waterways, and in turn, helping waterways strengthen neighborhoods.

v *The Centers for Working Families (CWF)* are friendly neighborhood centers where hardworking, low income families can access a full range of services to help lift them out of poverty and achieve long-term financial stability. In Indianapolis, the Local Initiatives Support Corporation oversees the seven local sites. Built on a model developed by the Annie E. Casey Foundation, CWF provides people with the tools they need to increase their income ("EARN IT"), reduce expenses ("KEEP IT"), and build wealth ("GROW IT") for their families. The CWF network in Indianapolis is composed of seven neighborhood based centers that transition families from living paycheck to paycheck to investing in their future – not only getting a job, but a career; not only meeting expenses, but saving for their first home.

Discussion

For those able and employed in Indianapolis, the community has a large number of professions/occupations available for individuals to choose from. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, in May 2013 the Indianapolis Metropolitan Statistical Area had a total of 912,810 occupations with an average wage of \$44,740 annually. The tables below list the general categories of occupations and the mean annual wage for each category. Management occupations fared the best with a mean annual wage of \$97,230, while food preparation and serving related occupations fared the worst with a mean annual wage of \$20,250. The numbers in BOLD type are the occupations with decreases in numbers since the last time the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing was written in 2009 utilizing 2007 statistics. Construction and Production Occupations had the biggest decreases with a 25.0 percent decrease and 46.4 percent decrease, respectively.

| Occupation Type/Category | # Occupation | Mean Annual Wage |
|--|--------------|------------------|
| Architecture and Engineering Occupations | 14,930 | \$71,250 |
| Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations | 12,200 | \$45,410 |
| Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations | 27,330 | \$24,720 |
| Business and Financial Operation Occupations | 47,760 | \$66,840 |
| Community and Social Services Occupations | 9,130 | \$46,290 |
| Computer and Mathematical Science Occupations | 26,970 | \$72,520 |
| Construction and Extraction Occupations | 33,290 | \$48,540 |
| Education, Training, and Library Occupations | 42,450 | \$45,850 |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations | 640 | \$26,920 |
| Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations | 81,320 | \$20,250 |
| Healthcare Practitioner and Technical Occupations | 64,600 | \$72,440 |
| Healthcare Support Occupations | 24,710 | \$28,320 |
| Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations | 35,600 | \$44,370 |
| Legal Occupations | 6,990 | \$77,280 |
| Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations | 10,880 | \$62,280 |
| Management Occupations | 47,790 | \$97,230 |
| Office and Administrative Support Occupations | 139,930 | \$34,270 |
| Personal Care and Service Occupations | 21,160 | \$23,580 |
| Production Occupations | 35,600 | \$33,970 |

Table 53 - Number and Mean Wage by Occupation Type for Indianapolis-Carmel MSA

| Occupation Type/Category | # Occupations | Mean Annual Wage |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Protective Service Occupations | 20,550 | \$37,370 |
| Sales and Related Occupations | 97,950 | \$40,320 |

| Transportation and Material Moving Occupations | 86,400 | \$33,050 |
|--|--------|----------|
|--|--------|----------|

Table 54 - Number and Mean Wage by Occupation Type for Indianapolis-Carmel MSA - Cont.

MA-50 Needs and Market Analysis Discussion

Are there areas where households with multiple housing problems are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

Concentration, for the purpose of this document will be defined as a large amount of something in one place.

The CPD mapping tool shows a high concentration of lower value housing in Indianapolis compared to its neighboring communities and northern sections of the County. There are also some high concentrations of high value housing in downtown Indianapolis and southeast Marion County.

The areas of lower housing value also match the mapped areas of poverty concentration and housing cost burden. The exception is the downtown area, where high housing values and housing cost burden are located in the same areas.

Are there any areas in the jurisdiction where racial or ethnic minorities or low-income families are concentrated? (include a definition of "concentration")

Most minority populations are still concentrated in the center of Indianapolis, with pockets extending to the north of the City. Pike Township has the greatest percentage of its population identifying themselves as African American, 45.3 percent. This is a change from the 2000 Census when Center Township had the largest percent identifying themselves as African American. In Decatur, Perry, and Franklin Townships, where the White population is high, the percentage of the total population that is African American does not exceed 7 percent. This is a marked increase from 2000 when the percentage of African Americans in those townships did not exceed 2 percent.

The ratio of White to African American residents in Center Township is the most balanced of the townships, with 52 and 41 percent of the total township population. The ratio of White to African American residents is most out of balance in Decatur, Perry, and Franklin Townships.

Other Racial Minorities is calculated together using the individual 2012 American Community Survey data from the following racial categories: (1) American Indian and Alaska Native, (2) Asian, (3) Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander, and (4) Some Other Race. Pike Township is the most racially diverse when the data is considered from the perspective of the aforementioned categories combined. 12 percent of the total township population is one of the other racial minorities. This has remained unchanged since the 2000 Census. When this number is combined with the 45 percent of the township that is African American, it shows that minority races are the majority of the population in Pike Township. Wayne Township has the next highest percentage of persons identifying themselves as a race other than White or African American. In fact, 8.4 percent of the population in Wayne Township identify themselves as "some other race."

The City of Indianapolis, as part of the Analysis of Impediments also examined the concentration of persons living with a disability. The one-year estimates for 2012 do not have data for two of the nine townships. For this analysis, the City of Indianapolis will use the 2012 three-year estimates. Based on the population distribution of persons living with a disability, a housing provider can determine the need for accessible housing for Marion County residents. Center Township has the biggest population of persons living with a

disability. This is true for each age group the American Community Survey tracts, youth, adults and elderly adults.

What are the characteristics of the market in these areas/neighborhoods?

The National Fair Housing Alliance led an examination, nationwide, of REO maintenance and marketing practices of major lenders and Fannie Mae over the last five years. NFHA and its partners investigated more than 2,400 REO properties in 29 metropolitan statistical areas. REO properties, or Real Estate Owned properties, is a term used in the United States to describe owned by a lender, typically a bank, government agency or government loan insurer, after an unsuccessful sale at a foreclosure auction. The investigation and evaluation took into account over 30 different aspects of the maintenance and marketing of each property, including curb appeal, structure, signage, indications of water damage, condition of paint, siding and gutters. The results revealed a continuing and disturbing trend that properties in neighborhoods with high concentrations of minority populations, or in neighborhoods of color, are more likely to be found with maintenance issues or in disrepair.

Indianapolis, Indiana was one of the metropolitan statistical areas investigated by NFHA, including Carmel, Fishers, Speedway, Beech Grove, Lawrence and the City of Indianapolis. The study selected zip codes in which the majority of the residents were White, Non-Hispanic, Latino, African American or a combination of non-white, Latino and African American. Only REO properties that were still vacant and owned or overseen by the Federal Housing Agency or Government Sponsored Enterprises were evaluated. Findings in Indianapolis include:

- REOs in communities of color were 3.4 times more likely to have missing or out of place gutters compared to REOs in White communities
- REOs in communities of color were 2.3 times more likely to have an unsecured, broken or boarded door than REOs in White communities
- REOs in communities of color were 2.1 times more likely to have an unsecured, broken or boarded window than REOs in White communities

This becomes a fair housing issue as neighborhoods with color having a more difficult time to recover as these are the same neighborhoods with high rates of empty homes in disrepair. The study found that REO properties that were well maintained were sold to owner occupants at a higher rate than those in disrepair. Fifty percent of the well-maintained properties went to owner occupants whereas only 20 percent of poorly maintained properties sold to owner occupants. This is important as investors tend to be the buyers of poorly maintained properties and often result in further negative outcomes, including rapid decrease in property values and a higher risk of abandonment.

Are there any community assets in these areas/neighborhoods?

These neighborhoods have many assets that can support the community. Some of the many items include:

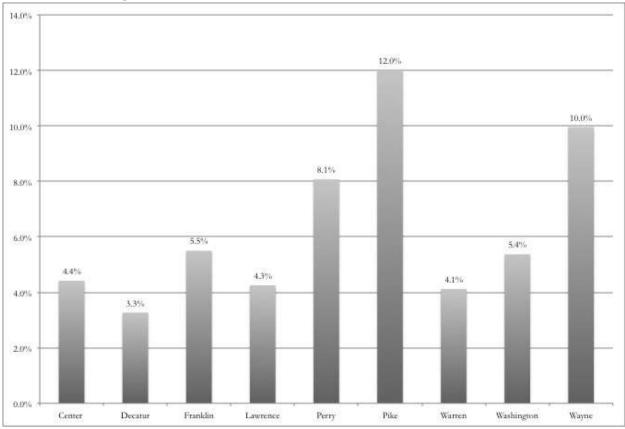
- Seven Centers for Working Families
- Multiple public parks and greenways
- Multiple crosstown and downtown bus routes
- Emergency shelters are primarily located in and around downtown Indianapolis
- Supportive services tend to be located in Center Township over the other eight townships

- Downtown is home to 3.8 percent of all jobs in Indiana
- Past projects, such as the Legacy Project and Meadows revitalization are located in the neighborhoods of high minority concentration
- The Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana is targeting funds from past fair housing judgments to homeowners in the area for help with major repairs and modifications
- Indy Fast Track will target redevelopments of abandoned commercial/industrial sites in these communities, including the clean up of Brownfields.
- Reconnecting our Waterways is a effort to clean up streams and waterways through neighborhoods. Most of these waterways have had some form of pollution and are inaccessible by the public because developments

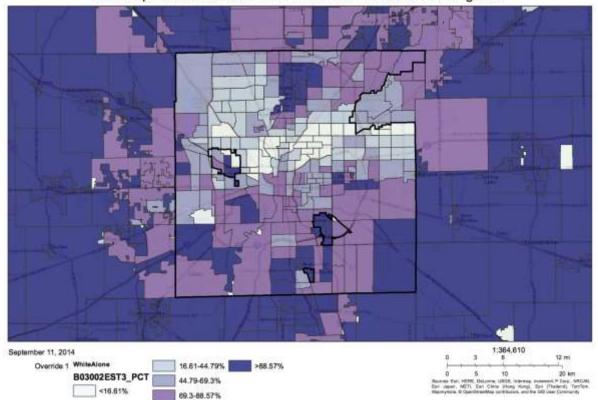
Are there other strategic opportunities in any of these areas?

The City of Indianapolis will begin targeting funding and strategic efforts in six different Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas (NRSA). The six areas are located on the map below. Each area has slightly different needs, but on the whole, all six areas need a holistic approach to stabilize the community, including housing, supportive services, public infrastructure improvement and crime prevention.

Grassroots revitalization in some of these areas is also beginning and furthering efforts to redevelop some of the neglected areas in the community. The City of Indianapolis is beginning a partnership with leaders on the near eastside for a Promise Zone designation that will enable the City to access additional funding for housing and economic development.

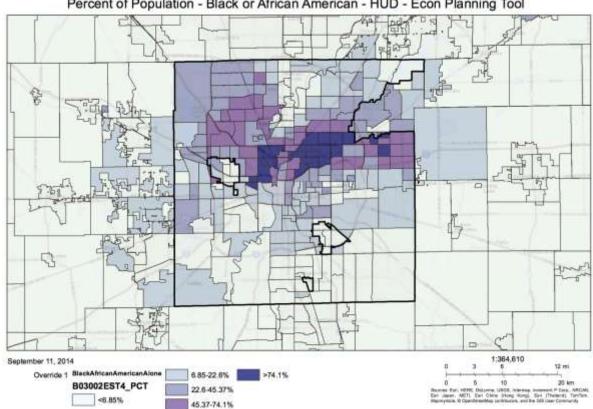


Other Racial Minorities by Township



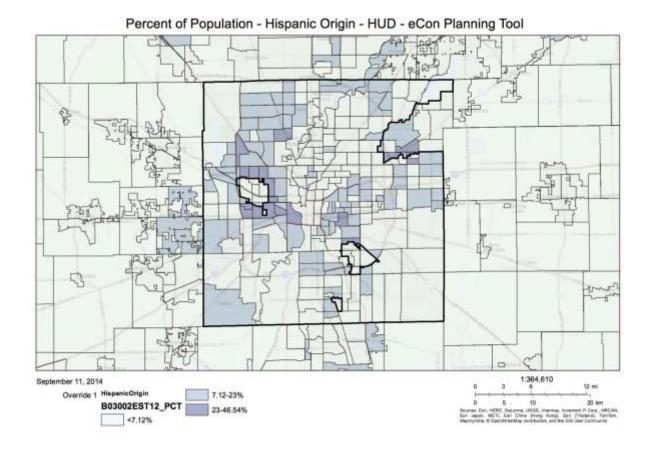
CPD Maps - Consolidated Plan and Continuum of Care Planning Tool

Percent of Population - White

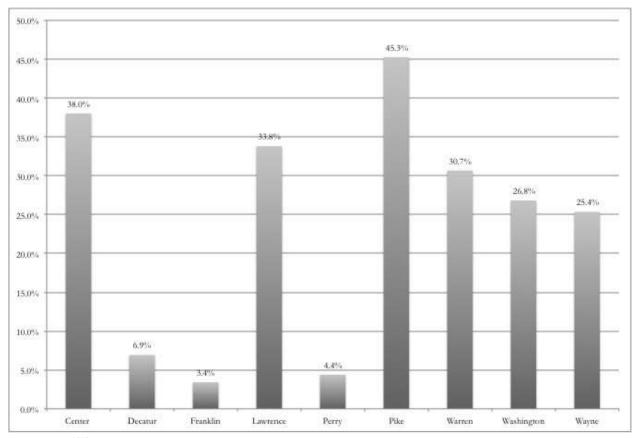


Percent of Population - Black or African American - HUD - Econ Planning Tool

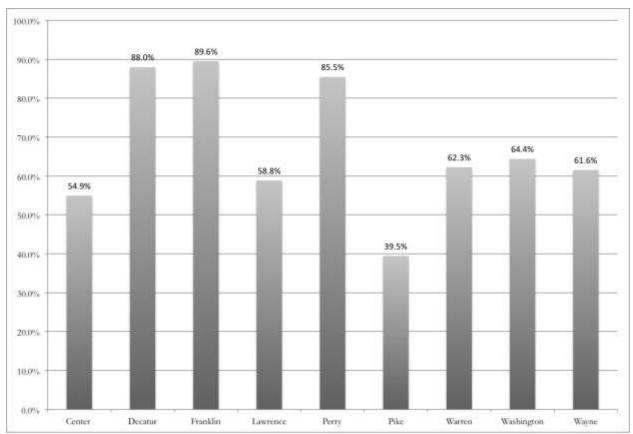
Percent of Population - African American - Map



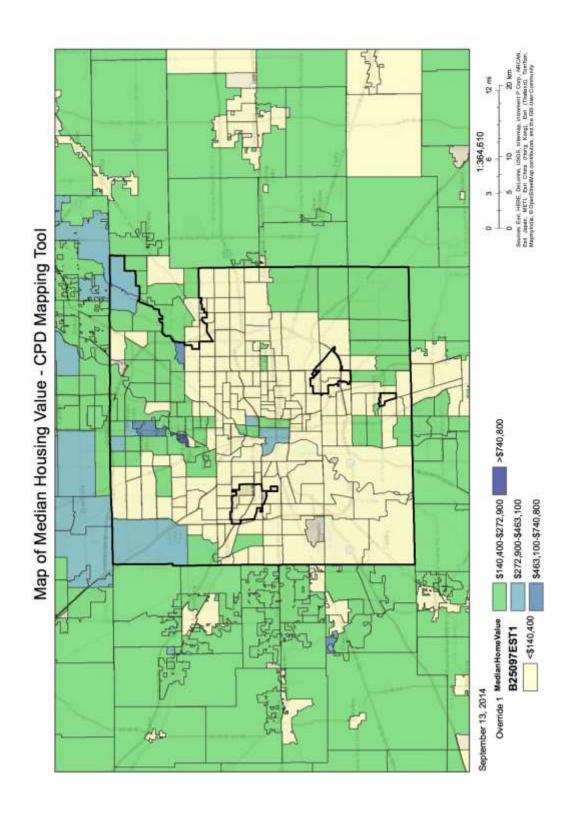
Percent of Population - Hispanic - Map



Percent by Township - African Amercian



Percent by Township - White



Median Housing Value by Census Tract

Strategic Plan

SP-05 Overview

Strategic Plan Overview

The City of Indianapolis is at a turning point. All if its current plans, Transportation, Comprehensive, Consolidated and Land Use Plans are due for an update. With new data available after the decennial census, changes in the housing market from homeownership driven to renter driven and a recovering economy, the City of Indianapolis is ready to plan for its future. The year 2020 will be the bicentennial celebration for the City of Indianapolis and the updates of all the plans will follow a structure to prepare Indianapolis for the next 100 years.

Plan 2020 is the structure that will guide the development of the City's plans, including the Consolidated Plan. As such, the Consolidated Plan will take a new approach to community development and redevelopment. Priorities and Goals will address the need to create livable and sustainable communities, with a diversity of opportunities for all residents.

This is a change from previous plans that relied on affordable housing projects and social services that work independently. The City of Indianapolis will rely on community-based organizations, private developers, funding organizations to work together for the holistic development of a neighborhood. It will require the City of Indianapolis to target neighborhoods, rather than spreading out funding over the entire City. The City will also work in partnership with neighborhood groups in those neighborhoods to set goals and strategies that meet the specific needs of the community.

SP-10 Geographic Priorities – 91.215 (a)(1)

Geographic Area

Table 55 - Geographic Priority Areas

| 1 | Area Name: | East |
|---|--|---|
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The EAST target area is just east of downtown. The |
| | for this target area. | borders are Brookside Parkway on the North; Sherman, |
| | | East 10th Street, Emerson and Linwood on the East; |
| | | Prospect and South Woodlawn on the South; Interstate |
| | | 65/70, North Hamilton, North Tecumseh and East 10th on |
| | | the West. |
| | Include specific housing and | The population of this target area is 32,452, roughly 3.7 |
| | commercial characteristics of this | percent of the total Marion County population. Residents |
| | target area. | identifying themselves as African Americans make up 25.3 |
| | | percent of the population in this target area and residents |
| | | identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 37.7 percent of |
| | | the population in this target area. Residents identifying |
| | | themselves as White make up 23.7 percent of the |
| | | population. Other racial minorities make up 13.3 percent of |
| | | the population. |
| | | Nearly half of the population has a housing cost burden, |
| | | paying more than 30 percent of their income towards |
| | | housing costs. One third of the target area population has a |
| | | severe housing cost burden, paying more than half of their |
| | | income towards housing costs. |
| | How did your consultation and citizen | The City of Indianapolis works with local Community |
| | participation process help you to | Development Corporations and public service provider |
| | identify this neighborhood as a target | agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. This target |
| | area? | area was selected based on programs already serving a |
| | | severely stressed area and the coordination among service |
| | | providers to provide a holistic approach to community |
| | | development. |

Identify the needs in this target area.

There is a high rate of poverty in this target area with 37.5 percent living below the federal poverty level of \$15,730 for a household of two people. The average household size in the area is 2.6 people. Seventy-eight (78.9) percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, or considered moderate and low income. This means nearly 79 percent of the community can qualify for HUD funded programs and services.

The high rate of households with low income may be related to the low education attainment of the adults in the community. Nineteen (19.8) percent of the population does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Fortyone (41.2) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with these skill levels often do not pay a living wage.

What are the opportunities for improvement in this target area?

The EAST target area has a great many assets. The following organizations provide a variety of public services, affordable housing developments and economic development initiatives:

- John H. Boner Community Center: public services, case management, community coordination
- East 10th Civic Association corridor development, affordable housing and economic development
- Englewood CDC corridor development, affordable housing and economic development
- Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership on-site home buyer counseling and down payment assistance
- NEAR affordable housing and community coordinator

The EAST target area is home to public and private schools, local parks and the former Legacy Project, a neighborhood-wide redevelopment initiative surrounding the 2012 Super Bowl. The area has made significant strides with the St. Clair Place housing development, the Chase Legacy Center and the expansion of the John H. Boner Community Center.

| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
|---|---|---|
| | this target area? | Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get |
| | tino target area. | commercial businesses to locate into the area |
| | | |
| | | High number of abandoned buildings that are Compared to the compared t |
| | | substandard – would require significant amounts of |
| | | funding to repair or demolish and replace |
| | | Crumbling infrastructure – high need for street resurfacing and sidewalks |
| | | Sidewalks in many areas are not accessible to persons with |
| | | disabilities |
| 2 | Area Name: | Norteast |
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The NORTHEAST target area extends from Downtown |
| | for this target area. | Indianapolis to East 38th Street and Post Road, along |
| | | Interstate 465 to the east of town. The borders are East |
| | | 30th Street, Sherman Drive, East 34th Street, N Arlington |
| | | and East 46th Street on the North; the North Shadleand, |
| | | East Richardt and Interstate 465 on the East; East 21st, |
| | | Emerson Avenue, East 16th Street and Brookside Parkway |
| | | on the South; North Keystone Avenue, E 34th Street, |
| | | Ralston Avenue, E 30th Street, Ralston and Andrew J. |
| | | Brown and College Avenue on the West. |
| | Include specific housing and | The population of this target area is 38,204, roughly 4.4 |
| | commercial characteristics of this target area. | percent of the total Marion County population. Residents identifying themselves as African Americans make up 65.7 percent of the population in this target area and residents identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 4.6 percent of the population in this target area. Residents identifying themselves as White make up 29.4 percent of the population. Other racial minorities make up 0.3 percent of the population. |
| | | Forty eight (48.5) percent of the population has a housing cost burden, paying more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs. Thirty two (32.5) percent of the target area population has a severe housing cost burden, paying more than half of their income towards housing costs. |

How did your consultation and citizen participation process help you to identify this neighborhood as a target area?

The City of Indianapolis works with local Community Development Corporations and public service provider agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. This target area was selected based on programs already serving a severely stressed area and the coordination among service providers to provide a holistic approach to community development.

Identify the needs in this target area.

There is a high rate of poverty in this target area with 34.8 percent living below the federal poverty level of \$15,470 for a household of two people. The average household size in the area is 2.6 people. Seventy-nine (79.2) percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, or considered moderate and low income. This means that nearly 80 percent of the population qualifies for HUD funded programs.

The high rate of households with low income may be related to the low education attainment of the adults in the community. Seventeen (17.3) percent of the population does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Twenty four (24.6) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with these skill levels often do not pay a living wage.

| | What are the opportunities for | The NORTHEAST target area has a great many |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| | improvement in this target area? | assets. The following organizations provide a variety of |
| | - | public services, affordable housing developments and |
| | | economic development initiatives: |
| | | Keystone Enterprise Park – a city-lead economic development project to create new jobs The City of Indianapolis and the Local Initiatives Support corporation will target economic development initiatives along the Massachusetts Avenue/Brookside Corridor United Northeast Community Development Corporation – affordable housing and economic development organization Edna Martin Christian Center – Center for Working Families CAFÉ – recently certified Center for Working Families |
| | | La Plaza – public services geared to the Hispanic population |
| | | The NORTHEAST target area is home to public and private schools, local parks and the meadows redevelopment project. The area has made significant strides to address the deteriorating rental housing developments located within the Meadows area. Unique private and public partnerships helped drive the revitalization of a long-neglected area. |
| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
| | this target area? | Not all of the meadows is revitalized, support services and more affordable housing needs to be revitalized to help those moving into the new housing recently completed Industrial sites in the area are highly contaminated, including old lead factory sites Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get |
| | | commercial businesses to locate into the area |
| 3 | Area Name: | North |
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | 12/21/2014 |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |

| Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The NORTH target area is directly north of Downtown |
|---|---|
| for this target area. | Indianapolis. The borders are West and East 38th Street on |
| S | the North; the North Keystone Avenue, E 34th Street, |
| | Ralston Avenue, E 30th Street, Ralston and Andrew J. |
| | Brown and College Avenue on the East; Interstate 65 on |
| | the South; the Interstate 65 and Crown Hill Cemetery on |
| | the West. |
| Include specific housing and | The population of this target area is 24,196, roughly 2.8 |
| commercial characteristics of this | percent of the total Marion County population. Residents |
| target area. | identifying themselves as African Americans make up 64.2 |
| | percent of the population in this target area and residents |
| | identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 3.5 percent of |
| | the population in this target area. Residents identifying |
| | themselves as White make up 31.5 percent of the |
| | population. Other racial minorities make up 0.9 percent of |
| | the population. |
| | |
| | Forty four (44.4) percent of the population has a housing |
| | cost burden, paying more than 30 percent of their income |
| | towards housing costs. Thirty six (36) percent of the target |
| | area population has a severe housing cost burden, paying |
| | more than half of their income towards housing costs. |
| How did your consultation and citizen | The City of Indianapolis works with local Community |
| participation process help you to | Development Corporations and public service provider |
| identify this neighborhood as a target | agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. This target |
| area? | area was selected based on programs already serving a |
| | severely stressed area and the coordination among service |
| | providers to provide a holistic approach to community |
| Identify the monda in this terrest area | development. |
| Identify the needs in this target area. | There is a moderate rate of poverty in this target area with |
| | 24.5 percent living below the federal poverty level of |
| | \$15,470 for a household of two people. The average household size in the area is 2.2 people. Sixty-one (61.3) |
| | percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the |
| | area median income, or considered moderate and low |
| | income. Over half of the population may qualify for HUD |
| | funded programs. |
| | runded programs. |
| | The high rate of households with low income may be |
| | related to the low education attainment of the adults in the |
| | community. Thirteen (13.7) percent of the population does |
| | |
| | not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Nineteen |
| | not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Nineteen (19.8) percent of the population does have a high school |
| | (19.8) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with |

| | What are the opportunities for | The NORTH target area has a great many assets. The |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | improvement in this target area? | following organizations provide a variety of public services, |
| | 1 8 | affordable housing developments and economic |
| | | development initiatives: |
| | | 1 |
| | | Anchor institutions such as the Children's Museum of Indianapolis, Ivy Tech Main Campus and Methodist Hospital |
| | | Large employers along the North Meridian Street |
| | | Corridor that serve as headquarters for many regional businesses. Examples include local TV stations, Citizens Energy and the Marion County Library. |
| | | Public and private schools, including top magnet schools |
| | | The area is prime for economic development with many |
| | | income generators and local businesses located in the |
| | | area. Businesses that support the anchor institutions and |
| | | serve the staff at those institutions have a lot of growth |
| | | potential. |
| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
| | this target area? | The area does not have a strong affordable housing |
| | | provider in the area |
| | | Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get residents |
| _ | A 37 | to locate into the area |
| 4 | Area Name: | Northwest |
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The NORTHWEST target area is West of downtown and |
| | for this target area. | along the two forks of the White River north of |
| | | Downtown. The borders are West 30th Street and |
| | | Interstate 65 on the North; the West Street and Interstate |
| | | 65 on the East; Washington Street on the South; the West |
| | | fork of the White River on the West. |

Include specific housing and The population of this target area is 11,764, roughly 1.3 commercial characteristics of this percent of the total Marion County population. Residents identifying themselves as African Americans make up 48.2 target area. percent of the population in this target area and residents identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 2.4 percent of the population in this target area. Residents identifying themselves as White make up 43.4 percent of the population. Other racial minorities make up 5.9 percent of the population. Forty two (42) percent of the population has a housing cost burden, paying more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs. Thirty nine (39) percent of the target area population has a severe housing cost burden, paying more than half of their income towards housing costs. How did your consultation and citizen The City of Indianapolis works with public service provider agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. One of the participation process help you to identify this neighborhood as a target challenges will be that local community development corporations have struggled in this area. There is a high rate of poverty in this target area with 40.4 Identify the needs in this target area. percent living below the federal poverty level of \$15,470 for a household of two people. The average household size in the area is 2.2 people. Seventy-nine (79.1) percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, or considered moderate and low income. This means nearly 80 percent of the community can qualify for HUD funded programs and services. The high rate of households with low income may be related to the low education attainment of the adults in the community. Nine (9.7) percent of the population does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Sixteen (16.3) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with these skill levels often do not pay a living wage.

| | What are the opportunities for | The NORTHWEST target area has a great many |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | improvement in this target area? | assets. The following organizations provide a variety of |
| | improvement in this target area. | public services, affordable housing developments and |
| | | economic development initiatives: |
| | | Museums, including the NCAA Hall of |
| | | Champions, the Indiana State Museum and the |
| | | Eiteljorg Museum are located in this target area |
| | | IUPUI is located in the area and expanding north, |
| | | along with supportive commercial development. |
| | | Indiana University Hospital and Riley Children's |
| | | Hospital are located in this area. |
| | | Prospital are located in this area. |
| | | The area is prime for economic development with many |
| | | income generators and local businesses located in the |
| | | area. Businesses that support the anchor institutions and |
| | | serve the staff at those institutions have a lot of growth |
| | | potential. |
| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
| | this target area? | The area does not have a strong affordable housing |
| | | provider in the area |
| | | Industrial spots may potential brownfields and |
| | | require extensive financial resources for clean up |
| | | Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get |
| | | commercial businesses to locate into the area |
| 5 | Area Name: | South |
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The SOUTH target area is south of downtown, reach across |
| | for this target area. | Center Township and South to the University of |
| | | Indianapolis. The borders are Interstate 70, Prospect and |
| | | South Woodlawn on the North; Emerson, Raymond, South |
| | | Keystone Avenue and South Rural on the East; East Hanna |
| | | on the South; curving along Meridian, Troy, Shelby Street, |
| | | Raymond, Interstate 65, the Railroad Tracks and along the |
| | | White River to Harding Street on the West. |

Include specific housing and The population of this target area is 40,065, roughly 4.6 commercial characteristics of this percent of the total Marion County population. Residents identifying themselves as African Americans make up 13 target area. percent of the population in this target area and residents identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 25 percent of the population in this target area. Residents identifying themselves as White make up 28 percent of the population. Other racial minorities make up 13 percent of the population. Forty six (46) percent of the population has a housing cost burden, paying more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs. Thirty two (32) percent of the target area population has a severe housing cost burden, paying more than half of their income towards housing costs. How did your consultation and citizen The City of Indianapolis works with local Community participation process help you to Development Corporations and public service provider agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. The identify this neighborhood as a target area? University of Indianapolis is also located in the target area and has several initiatives for improvement in response to the community surrounding its campus. Identify the needs in this target area. There is a high rate of poverty in this target area with 33 percent living below the federal poverty level of \$19,790 for a household of three people. The average household size in the area is 2.7 people. Seventy-six (76.5) percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, or considered moderate and low income. This means nearly 77 percent of the community can qualify for HUD funded programs and services. The high rate of households with low income may be related to the low education attainment of the adults in the community. Twenty-one (21) percent of the population does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Forty-four (44) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with these skill levels often do not pay a living wage.

| | What are the opportunities for | The SOUTH target area has a great many assets. The |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | improvement in this target area? | following organizations provide a variety of public services, affordable housing developments and economic development initiatives: • The University of Indianapolis – higher learning organization with community development goals • Southeast Neighborhood Development – affordable housing and economic development • Concord Neighborhood Center – public services for the community • Southeast Community Services – center for working families |
| | | The area is home to public and private schools, local parks, including the regional park, Garfield Park. There are also many commercial corridors, including industrial sites prime for redevelopment. |
| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
| | this target area? | Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get commercial businesses to locate into the area High number of abandoned buildings that are substandard – would require significant amounts of funding to repair or demolish and replace Crumbling infrastructure – high need for street resurfacing and sidewalks Sidewalks in many areas are not accessible to persons with disabilities Industrial sites are often contaminated and require large and expensive cleanup efforts before development can begin |
| 6 | Area Name: | West |
| | Area Type: | Strategy area |
| | Other Target Area Description: | |
| | HUD Approval Date: | 12/31/2014 |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | The WEST target area is West of downtown and west of |
| | for this target area. | the White River. The borders are West 16th, Kessler and Lafayette Road on the North; the White River on the East; Interstate 65 on the South; South Tibbs, Holt Road and North Tibbs on the West. |

Include specific housing and The population of this target area is 20,111, roughly 2.3 commercial characteristics of this percent of the total Marion County population. Residents identifying themselves as African Americans make up 47.1 target area. percent of the population in this target area and residents identifying themselves as Hispanic make up 64 percent of the population in this target area. Residents identifying themselves as White make up 35.5 percent of the population. Other racial minorities make up 0.5 percent of the population. Forty six (46) percent of the population has a housing cost burden, paying more than 30 percent of their income towards housing costs. Thirty four (34) percent of the target area population has a severe housing cost burden, paying more than half of their income towards housing costs. How did your consultation and citizen The City of Indianapolis works with local Community participation process help you to Development Corporations and public service provider identify this neighborhood as a target agencies on a daily basis to provide its program. The area? former General Motors plant is located within this target area. Goals will revolve around economic development in this area. Identify the needs in this target area. There is a high rate of poverty in this target area with 31.5 percent living below the federal poverty level of \$15,470 for a household of two people. The average household size in the area is 2.6 people. Seventy-nine (79.5) percent of the population earn less than 80 percent of the area median income, or considered moderate and low income. This means nearly 80 percent of the community can qualify for HUD funded programs and services. The high rate of households with low income may be related to the low education attainment of the adults in the community. Twenty-one (21.2) percent of the population does not have a high school diploma or the equivalent. Forty-five (45.5) percent of the population does have a high school diploma, but no further education. Jobs associated with these skill levels often do not pay a living

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wage.

| | What are the opportunities for | The WEST target area has a great many assets. The |
|---|--|---|
| | improvement in this target area? | following organizations provide a variety of public services, |
| | F | affordable housing developments and economic |
| | | development initiatives: |
| | | The Indianapolis Zoo – local and national |
| | | attraction and conservation organization |
| | | West Indianapolis Development Corporation – |
| | | affordable housing and economic development |
| | | Mary Rigg Community Center – public services for |
| | | the community and center for working families |
| | | the community and center for working rannings |
| | | The area is home to public and private schools, local parks, |
| | | including half of White River Park. There are also many |
| | | commercial corridors, including industrial sites prime for |
| | | redevelopment. The former General Motors plant site is |
| | | located in this target area. |
| | Are there barriers to improvement in | Some barriers to improvements include: |
| | this target area? | Perceptions of neighborhood when trying to get |
| | | commercial businesses to locate into the area |
| | | High number of abandoned buildings that are |
| | | substandard – would require significant amounts of |
| | | funding to repair or demolish and replace |
| | | Crumbling infrastructure – high need for street |
| | | resurfacing and sidewalks |
| | | Sidewalks in many areas are not accessible to |
| | | persons with disabilities |
| | | Industrial sites are often contaminated and require large and |
| | | expensive cleanup efforts before development can begin |
| 7 | Area Name: | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Area Type: | City-wide programming |
| | Other Target Area Description: | City-wide programming |
| | HUD Approval Date: | |
| | % of Low/ Mod: | |
| | Revital Type: | |
| | Other Revital Description: | |
| | Identify the neighborhood boundaries | |
| | for this target area. | |
| | Include specific housing and | |
| | commercial characteristics of this | |
| | target area. | |
| | How did your consultation and citizen | |
| | participation process help you to | |
| | identify this neighborhood as a target | |
| | area? | |

| Identify the needs in this target area. | |
|---|--|
| What are the opportunities for | |
| improvement in this target area? | |
| Are there barriers to improvement in | |
| this target area? | |

General Allocation Priorities

Describe the basis for allocating investments geographically within the jurisdiction (or within the EMSA for HOPWA)

Adhering to HUD's national objectives, priority will be given to projects that address the housing and community development needs of low and moderate-income persons, particularly as they are outlined in the Consolidated Plan.

In making funding decisions, the City of Indianapolis will give priority to activities that:

- Meet a goal or priority of the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan;
- Affirmatively further fair housing;
- Support, complement or are consistent with other current local unit of government plans;
- Address underserved populations with the greatest needs including the elderly, disabled, victims of domestic violence and the disenfranchised such as the homeless and the near homeless.
- Are sustainable over time;
- Have demonstrated cooperation and collaboration among government, private nonprofit agencies and the private sector to maximize impacts and reduce administrative costs; and
- Do not have a more appropriate source of funds.

The City of Indianapolis has selected six different Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas. Each of these areas meet the requirements set by HUD, contiguous census tracts, 70 percent of the households earn incomes less than 80 percent HAMFI and have a higher level of distress than the City as a whole. The basis for selecting these areas also include initiatives already in place or part of other City of Indianapolis plans that will take place in these areas. The City of Indianapolis will utilize funding from HUD to support community-wide initiatives, making all federal, local and private funding stretch further.

SP-25 Priority Needs - 91.215(a)(2)

Priority Needs

Table 56 – Priority Needs Summary

| 1 | Priority Need | Livable Communities | |
|-------|----------------|---|--|
| | Name | | |
| | Priority Level | High | |
| | Population | Extremely Low | |
| | - | Low | |
| | | Moderate | |
| | | Middle | |
| | Geographic | North | |
| | Areas | Norteast | |
| | Affected | East | |
| South | | South | |
| | | West | |
| | | Northwest | |
| | Associated | Facade Improvements | |
| | Goals | Neighborhood Revitalization | |
| | | Owner Occupied Home Repair | |
| | | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements | |
| | | Multi-Family Housing | |
| | | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation | |
| | | TBRA | |
| | | Down Payment Assistance | |
| | | Brownfields/Clean Up | |
| | | Technical Assistance | |
| | | DMD Properties | |
| | | Public Facilities | |
| | | Reduce Slum and Blight | |
| | | Community Center Support | |
| | Description | Strenthen and create vibrant neighborhoods for all income groups. | |
| | Basis for | The City of Indianapolis will support the redevelopment of a neighborhood in a holistic | |
| | Relative | manner. The neighborhood redevelop needs to include all types of housing | |
| | Priority | development, public infrastructure improvement, improvment to commerical buildings, | |
| | | business expansion and historic preservation. The combination of initiatives will | |
| | | sustain a neighborhoods growth beyond the investment from the City. | |
| 2 | Priority Need | Youth Education and Employment | |
| | Name | | |
| | Priority Level | High | |
| | Population | Extremely Low | |
| | | Low | |
| | | Moderate | |
| | | Families with Children | |

| | Geographic | North |
|---|---|---|
| | Areas | Norteast |
| | Affected | East |
| | 2 2 2 2 | South |
| | | West |
| | | Northwest |
| | | City-wide programming |
| | Associated | Youth Education |
| | Goals | Youth Employment |
| | Description | The City of Indianapolis will support youth education and employment programs. |
| | Basis for | Crime rates have increased among young urban teens and adults in the City. The City |
| | Relative of Indianapolis will take an approach to increase educational and economic | |
| | Priority | opportunities for these young adults to become productive members of the |
| | , | community. The City of Indianapolis will also address the need for affordable |
| | | education for the very young, preschool and pre-kindergarten age. Many low income |
| | households have trouble affording childcare during the very young years of child | |
| | | lives as well as before and after school care. |
| 3 | Priority Need | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Name | |
| | Priority Level | High |
| | Population | Extremely Low |
| | | Low |
| | | Large Families |
| | | Families with Children |
| | | Elderly |
| | | Public Housing Residents |
| | | Chronic Homelessness |
| | | Individuals |
| | | Families with Children |
| | | Mentally Ill |
| | | Chronic Substance Abuse |
| | | veterans |
| | | Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| | | Victims of Domestic Violence |
| | | Unaccompanied Youth |
| | Geographic | City-wide programming |
| | Areas | |
| | Affected | |
| | Associated | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Goals | |
| | Description | The City of Indianapolis will increas access to assitance that keeps families and |
| | | individuals in their homes. |

| Basis for Relative Iow and exteremely low income households remained housed. Through consultation the City of Indianapolis is aware of the transient nature for some renters as they experience financial complications after first becoming housed. Providing the support to help these households stay in their homes will be essential to stabilizing their lives well the community in which they live. 4 Priority Need Name Emergency Shelter Assistance |
|--|
| Priority the City of Indianapolis is aware of the transient nature for some renters as they experience financial complications after first becoming housed. Providing the support to help these households stay in their homes will be essential to stabilizing their lives well the community in which they live. 4 Priority Need Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| experience financial complications after first becoming housed. Providing the support to help these households stay in their homes will be essential to stabilizing their lives well the community in which they live. 4 Priority Need Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| to help these households stay in their homes will be essential to stabilizing their lives well the community in which they live. 4 Priority Need Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| well the community in which they live. 4 Priority Need Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| 4 Priority Need Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| Name Priority Level High Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| Population Extremely Low Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| Large Families Families with Children Elderly |
| Families with Children Elderly |
| Families with Children Elderly |
| |
| Public Housing Residents |
| Tuble Housing Residents |
| Chronic Homelessness |
| Individuals |
| Families with Children |
| Mentally Ill |
| Chronic Substance Abuse |
| veterans |
| Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| Victims of Domestic Violence |
| Unaccompanied Youth |
| Geographic City-wide programming |
| Areas |
| Affected |
| Associated Rapid Re-Housing |
| Goals Shelter Stays |
| Description The City of Indianapolis will help indiviuals and families find permanent, suitable |
| housing and reduce the length of shelter stays. |
| Basis for The number of persons experiencing homelessness increased in 2014. Emergency |
| Relative shelters are utilizing winter contingency plans year-round to accommodate the growing |
| Priority demand of homeless individuals and families. |
| 5 Priority Need Street Outreach |
| Name |
| Priority Level High |

| | Population | Extremely Low |
|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | Topulation | Large Families |
| | | Families with Children |
| | | |
| | | Elderly Diship Hassing Paridonts |
| | | Public Housing Residents |
| | | Chronic Homelessness |
| | | Individuals |
| | | Families with Children |
| | | Mentally Ill |
| | | Chronic Substance Abuse |
| | | veterans |
| Persons with HIV/AIDS | | Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| Victims of Domestic Violence | | Victims of Domestic Violence |
| | | Unaccompanied Youth |
| | Geographic | City-wide programming |
| | Areas | |
| | Affected | |
| | Associated | Outreach |
| | Goals | |
| | Description | The City of Indianapolis will increase coordination and effectiveness of Street |
| | | Outreach. |
| | Basis for | The number of homeless individuals increased in 2014 to over 1,800 individuals. Of |
| | Relative | those persons, 71 were unsheltered during one of the coldest days in Indianapolis |
| | Priority | history. Based on the point in time counts since 2009, City of Indianapolis averages |
| | • | 133 unsheltered individuals on every night of the year. In the 2013 update to the |
| | | Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness, HUD esitmates this can be 1- |
| | | 3 percent greater as many families "double up" with friends or family and are not part |
| | | of the point in time count. Even though they are not sleeping in shelters or on the |
| | | street, these households who sofa surf are homeless because they cannot afford their |
| | | own housing and are in an overcrowded housing situation. |
| 6 | Priority Need | Services for Persons Living with HIV |
| | Name | O O |
| | Priority Level | High |
| | Population | Extremely Low |
| | | Low |
| | | Moderate |
| | | Persons with HIV/AIDS |
| | | Persons with HIV/AIDS and their Families |
| | Geographic | City-wide programming |
| | Areas | |
| | Affected | |
| | Associated | TBRA - HOPWA |
| | Goals | Short Term Rent, Utility and Mortgage Assistance |
| | | Support Services - HOPWA |
| | | Housing Stability - HOPWA |

| | Description | The City of Indianapolis will increase access to stable housing for persons with |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| | 2 cociip iion | HIV/AIDS. |
| | Basis for | Housing cost burden is an issue for persons living with HIV/AIDS when medical |
| | Relative | treatment costs much of a person's or household's income. |
| | Priority | treatment costs much of a person's of nousehold's meonic. |
| 7 | Priority Need | Fair Housing |
| ′ | Name | Tall Housing |
| | Priority Level | High |
| | Population Population | Extremely Low |
| | Topulation | Low |
| | | Moderate |
| | | Large Families |
| | | Families with Children |
| | | |
| | | Elderly Dishlip Hassing Paridons |
| | | Public Housing Residents |
| | | Elderly Description of Disabilities |
| | | Persons with Physical Disabilities |
| | | Persons with Developmental Disabilities |
| | C 1 | Victims of Domestic Violence |
| | Geographic | City-wide programming |
| | Areas | |
| | Affected | |
| | Associated | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Goals | Multi-Family Housing |
| | | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | | TBRA |
| | D | Down Payment Assistance |
| | Description | The City of Indianapolis will strive to further fair housing in the community. Testing |
| | | by local and national advocacy groups have found system-wide discrimination on the |
| | | basis of race and disability in the community. This priority is a means to demonstrate |
| | D : 6 | Indianapolis' commitment to fair housing activities in the next five years. |
| | Basis for | The Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing listed a number of impediments for the |
| | Relative | City of Indianapolis to address in the next five years. Fair housing is not only a priority, |
| | Priority | it is the law. Goals and activities that further fair housing initiatives that fit within the |
| | | Analysis of Impediements to Fair Housing will also be consistent with this |
| | D N. 1 | Consolidated Plan. |
| 8 | Priority Need | Administration |
| | Name | T |
| | Priority Level | Low |
| | Population | Extremely Low |
| | | Low |
| | | Moderate |
| | | Middle |

| | Geographic | City-wide programming | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Areas | | | | |
| | Affected | | | | |
| | Associated | Administration and Coordination | | | |
| | Goals | | | | |
| | Description | Implement programs and oversee projects funded with federal dollars. Improve | | | |
| | | institutional structure and coordination among providers and local funding agencies. | | | |
| | Basis for | The City will need to improve coordination among service providers and look to | | | |
| | Relative | improve adminstative efficies across the community. This will increase the ability of | | | |
| | Priority | the City to address the needs in the community with decreasing funding over the next | | | |
| | | five years. | | | |
| 9 | Priority Need | Economic Opportunities | | | |
| | Name | | | | |
| | Priority Level | High | | | |
| | Population | Extremely Low | | | |
| | | Low | | | |
| | | Moderate | | | |
| | | Middle | | | |
| | | Non-housing Community Development | | | |
| | Geographic | North | | | |
| | Areas | Norteast | | | |
| | Affected | East | | | |
| | | South | | | |
| | | West | | | |
| | | Northwest | | | |
| | | City-wide programming | | | |
| | Associated | Job Training and Placement | | | |
| | Goals | Business expansion & Job Creation | | | |
| | Description | The City of Indianapolis plans to encourage small and large business development | | | |
| | within City limits. This priority includes workforce development and incentives | | | | |
| | | create new jobs, through expansion and creation of new businesses. | | | |
| | Basis for | Plan 2020 calls for more economic development, encouraging area residents to work | | | |
| | Relative | and live in the same community. The City of Indianapolis will utilize consolidated plan | | | |
| | Priority | funding to help with incentives for businesses to locate near their employees and | | | |
| | | potential employees. In conjunction, the need to prepare the workforce remains | | | |
| | | high. Through consultations, the City of Indianapolis needs to develop a workforce | | | |
| | | with skills to match the jobs coming to the City in the future. | | | |

Narrative (Optional)

Any projects meeting the priorities listed will be considered consistent with the Consolidated Plan, even if the City of Indianapolis chooses not funding the project.

SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions – 91.215 (b)

Influence of Market Conditions

| Affordable | Market Characteristics that will influence |
|-------------------|---|
| Housing Type | the use of funds available for housing type |
| Tenant Based | The National Low Income Housing Coalition conducts an annual study called Out of |
| Rental Assistance | Reach, a study that looks at what an hourly wage needs to be for a household to afford |
| (TBRA) | a place to rent without working more than the standard 40-hour workweek. |
| | The study compares the fair market rents for an area to the rents affordable at different wages, including minimum wage, average SSI payments, etc. Fair Market Rents are the 40th percentile of gross rents for typical, non-substandard rental units occupied by recent movers in a local housing market, meaning 40 percent of the rents are less expensive and 60 percent of the rental units are more expensive. The fair market rate increases with the number of bedrooms as part of the housing unit. |
| | The minimum wage in Indianapolis in 2014 is \$7.25 per hour. Working 40 hours per week, a person will earn \$15,080 per year. The rent payment affordable to a person earning minimum wage is \$377 per month. A person will need to work 54 hours a week to afford a studio apartment with no bedrooms. For a two-bedroom apartment, a person working minimum wage will need to work 82 hours per week, over double the typical workweek. |
| | The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development sets rent levels, which multi-family developments cannot exceed when charging rent. These rents are set to ensure affordability for low-income households. |
| | Even at these levels, not every household can afford these rent levels. Some extremely low-income households cannot pay 30 percent of their gross monthly income towards housing and still rent at the HOME rent levels. |
| TBRA for Non- | The Analysis of Impediments to fair housing discusses the living wage needed to |
| Homeless Special | afford an apartment in Indianapolis. The lowest fair market rent in Indianapolis is |
| Needs | \$506 per month for a studio apartment. The monthly payment for SSI, the primary |
| | and typically only income for a person with a disability, is \$721 per month in |
| | Indiana. The most rent a person can afford without a cost burden is \$261 per month. This is far shy of the \$506 fair market rent for a studio apartment. Additional |
| | monthly housing subsidies are required for persons with disabilities and earning SSI to |
| | afford a place to live. |
| New Unit | |
| Production | |

| Affordable | Market Characteristics that will influence |
|----------------|---|
| Housing Type | the use of funds available for housing type |
| Rehabilitation | The City of Indianapolis does have an abundance of housing. According to the HUD CHAS information, there are 384,620 residential units and 359,438 households living in Marion County. There are 25,182 more housing units in Marion County than households to fill them. |
| | Despite the surplus of housing units, the type of housing available is not meeting the demand. Persons with disabilities and those aging in place are finding their homes are not meeting their needs, either financially or physically. Demand for home modifications for seniors or persons with disabilities continue to increase. |
| Acquisition, | |
| including | |
| preservation | |

Table 57 - Influence of Market Conditions

Additional Demographic Information

City Consultants & Research, LLC utilized the SAVI Community Information System, a large community data system managed by the Polis Center at the Indiana University School of Liberal Arts to update information provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The general population statistics were incomplete from the HUD provided analysis. The American Community Survey for 2011 within SAVI listed a population for Marion County as 897,515. That is an increase of 4.31 percent since the 2000 decennial census.

The number of households also increased since 2000 by 1.53 percent. The total number of households is 357,586. The average household size is 2.5 persons. The largest segment of households is married couples with children, totaling 135,574. Households with children are a close second, totaling 112,997 households.

Marion County is divided into nine (9) townships, Pike, Washington, Lawrence, Warren, Center, Wayne, Decatur, Perry and Franklin. Pike Township has the biggest minority population with 63.5 percent of the population identifying themselves as a minority race. Wayne Township has the biggest Hispanic population, with 15.34 percent identifying themselves as Hispanic.

| Demographics | Base Year: 2000 | Most Recent Year: 2011 | % Change |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Population | 860,454 | 897,515 | 4.31% |
| Households | 352,164 | 357,587 | 1.53% |
| Median Income | \$ 40,421 | \$ 43,197 | 6.87% |

Table 58 - SAVI Information

SP-35 Anticipated Resources - 91.215(a)(4), 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis has had its annual allocation cut severely over the past five years. The most flexible funding resource, CDBG dollars, have decreased by 29 percent since the year 2000. HOME, another funding resource for affordable housing has also decreased by 29 percent. On the other side, ESG and HOPWA have both increased in its annual allocations. However, these are the most restrictive funding resources. ESG must fund projects that go to prevent homelessness or provide services for homeless individuals. HOPWA must fund programs and projects that serve households living HIV/AIDS.

Anticipated Resources

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Yo | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|---|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan | |
| | | | | | | | \$ | |
| CDBG | public - | Acquisition | | | | | | The Community Development Block |
| | federal | Admin and | | | | | | Grant can be used to help low to moderate |
| | | Planning | | | | | | income individuals or households through |
| | | Economic | | | | | | a variety of activities including housing |
| | | Development | | | | | | development, public services, planning, |
| | | Housing | | | | | | economic development and public facility |
| | | Public | | | | | | improvements. |
| | | Improvements | | | | | | • |
| | | Public Services | 8,212,393 | 0 | 0 | 8,212,393 | 33,600,000 | |

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Y | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|--|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan \$ | |
| HOME | public - | Acquisition | | | | | Ψ | The HOME Investment Partnerships |
| | federal | Homebuyer | | | | | | Program can be used for a variety of |
| | | assistance | | | | | | affordable housing activities, including |
| | | Homeowner | | | | | | renovation of housing, new construction of |
| | | rehab | | | | | | housing and rental assistance. |
| | | Multifamily rental | | | | | | |
| | | new construction | | | | | | |
| | | Multifamily rental | | | | | | |
| | | rehab | | | | | | |
| | | New construction | | | | | | |
| | | for ownership | | | | | | |
| | | TBRA | 2,941,333 | 0 | 0 | 2,941,333 | 12,800,000 | |
| HOPWA | public - | Permanent | | | | | | The Housing Opportunities for Persons |
| | federal | housing in | | | | | | with AIDS (HOPWA) program was |
| | | facilities | | | | | | established to provide housing assistance |
| | | Permanent | | | | | | and related supportive services for low- |
| | | housing | | | | | | income persons living with HIV/AIDS |
| | | placement | | | | | | and their families. |
| | | Short term or | | | | | | |
| | | transitional | | | | | | |
| | | housing facilities | | | | | | |
| | | STRMU | | | | | | |
| | | Supportive | | | | | | |
| | | services | | | | | | |
| | | TBRA | 950,492 | 0 | 0 | 950,492 | 3,760,000 | |

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Yo | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|---------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan | |
| | | | | | | | \$ | |
| ESG | public - | Conversion and | | | | | | ESG funds may be used for five program |
| | federal | rehab for | | | | | | components: street outreach, emergency |
| | | transitional | | | | | | shelter, homelessness prevention, rapid re- |
| | | housing | | | | | | housing assistance, and HMIS; as well as |
| | | Financial | | | | | | administrative activities |
| | | Assistance | | | | | | |
| | | Overnight shelter | | | | | | |
| | | Rapid re-housing | | | | | | |
| | | (rental assistance) | | | | | | |
| | | Rental Assistance | | | | | | |
| | | Services | | | | | | |
| | | Transitional | | | | | | |
| | | housing | 749,167 | 0 | 0 | 749,167 | 2,760,000 | |

Table 59 - Anticipated Resources

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

The City of Indianapolis will give priority to projects and programs that have additional funding and sustainability. The City of Indianapolis will utilize federal funding as a gap-financing program to help projects and programs move from planning to reality.

- Based on history of past projects, each year the City of Indianapolis estimates that it will be able to leverage \$XXX,XXX dollars.
- The City of Indianapolis changed its home repair grant program to a loan program to create program income to fund future repair programs.
- The City of Indianapolis will require ESG and HOME projects to meet match requirements as part of their application, claim and reporting process.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

The Central State Reuse Plan, developed in 2006, outlines initiatives to utilize City owned property. There are four primary land uses recommended. These are: (1) Commercial – including both office, retail and possibly educational-institutional development; (2) Residential – single-family and multifamily detached and attached housing; (3) Cultural Village – a pedestrian oriented commercial village with museum, theatre, entertainment and possibly educational venues in both the existing historic structures and newly constructed facilities; and (4) Open Space – including active recreational and passive trails and quiet parks.

Projects funded by the City of Indianapolis to this project must meet one of the priorities and goals of the Consolidated Plan. Development of commercial buildings that create new jobs and development of affordable housing for low and extremely low-income households are eligible projects.

Discussion

The City of Indianapolis will invest these resources in projects that can maximize impact in the community by leveraging other funding resources. The City of Indianapolis prefers to provide gap financing to projects, that find additional resources and partnerships to implement the program. The City will fund applications for grant funding that are able to leverage the most funding.

SP-40 Institutional Delivery Structure – 91.215(k)

Explain the institutional structure through which the jurisdiction will carry out its consolidated plan including private industry, non-profit organizations, and public institutions.

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity | Role | Geographic Area |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Type | | Served |
| INDIANAPOLIS | Non-profit | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| NEIGHBORHOOD | organizations | | |
| HOUSING | | | |
| PARTNERSHIP INC | | | |
| INDIANAPOLIS | Government | Planning | Jurisdiction |
| INDIANAPOLIS | PHA | Public Housing | Jurisdiction |
| HOUSING AGENCY | | | |
| JOHN H. BONER | Non-profit | Homelessness | Jurisdiction |
| COMMUNITY | organizations | Non-homeless special | |
| CENTER | | needs | |
| | | public services | |
| RILEY AREA | CHDO | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| DEVELOPMENT | | Rental | |
| CORP | | | |
| The Julian Center | Non-profit | Homelessness | Jurisdiction |
| | organizations | | |
| Central Indiana Youth | Community/Faith-based | public services | Jurisdiction |
| for Christ | organization | | |
| CHRISTAMORE | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction |
| HOUSE COMMUNITY | organizations | | |
| AND FAMILY | | | |
| CENTER | | | |
| Coburn Place Safe Haven | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Jurisdiction |
| COMMUNITY | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction |
| ALLIANCE OF THE | organizations | | |
| FAR EAST SIDE | | | |
| CONCORD | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction |
| NEIGHBORHOOD | organizations | * | |
| CENTER | | | |
| Coalition For | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region |
| Homelessness | | | |
| Intervention and | | | |
| Prevention | | | |
| DAMAR SERVICES, | Non-profit | public services | State |
| INC. | organizations | • | |
| Damien Center | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region |
| | | Non-homeless special | |
| | | needs | |

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity | Role | Geographic Area | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Type | | Served | | |
| DAYSPRING | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region | | |
| CENTER, INC. | | | | | |
| EDNA MARTIN | Non-profit | Economic Development | Jurisdiction | | |
| CHRISTIAN CENTER | organizations | public services | | | |
| ENGLEWOOD | Non-profit | Economic Development | Jurisdiction | | |
| COMMUNITY | organizations | Ownership | | | |
| DEVELOPMENT | | Rental | | | |
| CORP. | | | | | |
| FAY BICCARD GLICK | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction | | |
| NEIGHBORHOOD | organizations | | | | |
| CENTER @ | | | | | |
| CROOKED CREEK | | | | | |
| FLANNER HOUSE OF | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction | | |
| INDIANAPOLIS, INC. | organizations | | | | |
| FOREST MANOR | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction | | |
| MULTI SERVIC | organizations | | | | |
| CENTER | | | | | |
| Gennesaret Free Clinic | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Jurisdiction | | |
| | | public services | | | |
| HealthNet, Inc. | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region | | |
| HAWTHORNE | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction | | |
| COMMUNITY | organizations | | | | |
| CENTER | | | | | |
| Horizon House | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Region | | |
| CATHOLIC | | Homelessness | Region | | |
| CHARITIES | | | | | |
| Bloomington | Non-profit | Homelessness | Region | | |
| Hospital/Positive Link | organizations | Non-homeless special | | | |
| | | needs | | | |
| Indianapolis Interfaith | Community/Faith-based | Homelessness | Region | | |
| Hospitality Network | organization | | | | |
| INDIANAPOLIS | Non-profit | public services | Jurisdiction | | |
| NEIGHBORHOOD | organizations | | | | |
| RESOURCE CENTER | | | | | |
| INDIANAPOLIS | Non-profit | public services | Region | | |
| PRIVATE INDUSTRY | organizations | | | | |
| COUNCIL | | | | | |
| KEYS TO WORK, INC. | Private Industry | public services | Region | | |
| KING PARK AREA | CHDO | Ownership | Jurisdiction | | |
| DEVELOPMENT | | | | | |
| CORPORATION | | | | | |

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity Type | Role | Geographic Area Served |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| LA PLAZA, INC. | Non-profit organizations | public services | Jurisdiction |
| LOCAL INITIATIVES SUPPORT CORPORATION | Non-profit organizations | Economic Development Ownership Rental neighborhood improvements | Region |
| MAPLETON-FALL CREEK COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION | Non-profit organizations | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| MARTIN LUTHER KING MULTI- SERVICE CENTER | Non-profit organizations | public services | Jurisdiction |
| Mary Rigg Neighborhood Center | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Jurisdiction |
| Near Eastside Asset Development Corporation | Non-profit organizations | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| NEAR NORTH DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION | CHDO | Ownership Rental | Jurisdiction |
| Outreach, Inc. | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Jurisdiction |
| Recycle Force | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Jurisdiction |
| The Salvation Army Ruth Lilly Women and Children's Center | Continuum of care | Homelessness | Jurisdiction |
| SCHOOL ON WHEELS | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Region |
| Southeast Community Services | Non-profit organizations | Homelessness public services | Jurisdiction |
| SOUTHEAST NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION | Non-profit organizations | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| Stopover Inc. | Non-profit organizations | public services | Jurisdiction |
| Trusted Mentors, Inc. | Non-profit organizations | public services | Jurisdiction |

| Responsible Entity | Responsible Entity | Role | Geographic Area |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | Type | | Served |
| UNITED NORTH | Non-profit | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| EAST COMMUNITY | organizations | | |
| DEVELOPMENT | | | |
| UNITED WAY OF | Non-profit | public services | Region |
| CENTRAL INDIANA | organizations | | |
| WEST | Non-profit | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| INDIANAPOLIS | organizations | | |
| DEVELOPMENT | | | |
| CORP. | | | |
| WESTSIDE | Non-profit | Ownership | Jurisdiction |
| COMMUNITY | organizations | | |
| DEVELOPMENT | | | |
| Indianapolis - Divison of | Government | Planning | Jurisdiction |
| Community | | neighborhood | |
| Development | | improvements | |

Table 60 - Institutional Delivery Structure

Assess of Strengths and Gaps in the Institutional Delivery System

Overall the City of Indianapolis works in conjunction with all other public agencies. Through consultation, the City of Indianapolis has learned that project sponsors still desire greater coordination among funding agencies such as the State of Indiana, the City of Indianapolis and private resources as the grant funding cycles have synced creating a challenge when budgeting financial and human capital resources.

Availability of services targeted to homeless persons and persons with HIV and mainstream services

| Homelessness Prevention | Available in the | Targeted to | Targeted to People | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Services | Community | Homeless | with HIV | | | | | | | |
| Homelessness Prevention Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Counseling/Advocacy | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Legal Assistance | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage Assistance | X | | X | | | | | | | |
| Rental Assistance | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Utilities Assistance | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| | Street Outreach S | ervices | | | | | | | | |
| Law Enforcement | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Mobile Clinics | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Street Outreach Services | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| | Supportive Serv | rices | | | | | | | | |
| Alcohol & Drug Abuse | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Child Care | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Education | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Employment and Employment | | | | | | | | | | |
| Training | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Healthcare | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| HIV/AIDS | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Life Skills | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Mental Health Counseling | X | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Transportation | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| | Other | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 61 - Homeless Prevention Services Summary

Describe how the service delivery system including, but not limited to, the services listed above meet the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth)

The City of Indianapolis' Continuum of Care (HUD funded housing programs for the homeless) has made some very positive changes. To be in compliance with the Federal Hearth Act standards that will begin in 2014, and in an effort to streamline housing opportunities, all rental assistance programs (some formerly known as Shelter Plus Care) now share one common application, one common wait list and one common housing committee. Applicants are housed based on their vulnerability score and meeting housing criteria based on housing availability. A vulnerability score measures a person's or family's likelihood of dying on the streets based on physical and mental health diagnosis, domestic violence and other predictive factors.

Indianapolis has historically, had more applicants than available housing. Therefore a common city-wide wait list was developed in an effort to better place applicants into available housing that is a good fit for them. The wait list identifies those applications that are complete and all information has been received. It is then sorted by vulnerability index score, from highest to lowest.

The applicant that fits the available housing program criteria, with the highest VI score, is discussed and presented at the next available Housing Committee housing meeting to determine if the available housing opportunity is a good fit for that applicant.

The wait list is fluid, as new housing applications are being received daily. For this reason, we do not give out information related to "where someone is on the waiting list", as someone might have the highest VI score today, but there may be 2 applications received tomorrow with higher VI scores. As well, the applicant might have the highest VI score but not meet other criteria for any of the available housing programs.

Describe the strengths and gaps of the service delivery system for special needs population and persons experiencing homelessness, including, but not limited to, the services listed above

The gap in serving people with special needs is the greatest. In previous Consolidated Plans, the special needs population was listed as an underserved needs population and that continues today. The needs analysis, market analysis and consultations all confirmed the biggest need for special needs population is affordable housing.

Although the Indianapolis Housing Agency meets the HUD requirements for listing 504 accessible housing, the demand for affordable housing is still higher that the supply. A unit may lease up for a person not needing the accessibility features before someone with a disability applies. In that case, the person leasing the unit will have 30 days to vacate to another available unit. This can cause delays in housing those with disabilities on one hand but cause disruptions in housing for persons residing in the unit on the other hand.

Provide a summary of the strategy for overcoming gaps in the institutional structure and service delivery system for carrying out a strategy to address priority needs

The primary challenge for the City of Indianapolis is to reach the underserved people in the community, which is people with special needs, particularly those living with a disability. Many groups that serve the general population also serve persons with disabilities as part of their programs. However, the demand for services exceeds the level of services being provided.

Through consultation, many of these organizations mentioned low funding levels as the reason for a shortage of services. Human capital reaching its maximum level was also another common thread among consultations. The City of Indianapolis and its partners will need to seek additional funding to for its initiatives assisting those with special needs.

The City of Indianapolis has already started this process by converting its home repair grant program to a loan program. Homeowners seeking assistance from the City of Indianapolis must agree to a 30-year no interest, no payment lien on their property before receiving assistance. Loans are to be paid back from net sale proceeds when the property transfers ownership. The idea behind this change is to create a future funding resource when either funding is more limited or other initiatives in the community become a priority. The City of Indianapolis will need to continue developing programs favorable lending programs and finding additional resources that can sustain and grow programming.

SP-45 Goals Summary – 91.215(a)(4)

Goals Summary Information

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|---------------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 1 | Facade Improvements | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | City-wide | Livable | CDBG: | Facade treatment/business |
| | | | | Community | Initiatives | Communities | \$3,125,000 | building rehabilitation: |
| | | | | Development | | | | 10 Business |
| 3 | Owner Occupied Home | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | CDBG: | Homeowner Housing |
| | Repair | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$15,000,000 | Rehabilitated: |
| | | | | | East | Fair Housing | | 400 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 4 | Public Infrastructure - | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | East | Livable | CDBG: | Public Facility or Infrastructure |
| | Neighborhood Improvements | | | Community | West | Communities | \$2,000,000 | Activities other than |
| | | | | Development | | | | Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | | | | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | | | | 1000 Persons Assisted |
| 5 | Multi-Family Housing | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | HOME: | Rental units constructed: |
| | | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$5,447,200 | 100 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | East | Fair Housing | | |
| | | | | | South | | | Rental units rehabilitated: |
| | | | | | West | | | 100 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|------|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 6 | Homeownership - | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | CDBG: | Homeowner Housing Added: |
| | Construction/Rehabilitation | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$1,554,753 | 15 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | East | Fair Housing | HOME: | |
| | | | | | South | | \$5,000,000 | Homeowner Housing |
| | | | | | West | | | Rehabilitated: |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | 10 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | - |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 7 | TBRA | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | HOME: | Tenant-based rental assistance / |
| | | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$2,000,000 | Rapid Rehousing: |
| | | | | | East | Fair Housing | | 50 Households Assisted |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 8 | Down Payment Assistance | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | HOME: | Direct Financial Assistance to |
| | | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$3,000,000 | Homebuyers: |
| | | | | | East | Fair Housing | | 50 Households Assisted |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | _ |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 9 | Youth Education | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Youth Education | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | and | \$5,597,275 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | Employment | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | South | | | 20000 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 10 | Youth Employment | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Youth Education | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | and | \$1,500,000 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | Employment | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | South | | | 100 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 11 | Job Training and Placement | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Economic | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Opportunities | \$3,192,400 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | South | | | 100 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 12 | Business expansion & Job | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Economic | CDBG: | Jobs created/retained: |
| | Creation | | | Community | Norteast | Opportunities | \$5,000,000 | 35 Jobs |
| | | | | Development | East | | | |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 13 | Prevention and Stabilization | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | City-wide | Prevention and | ESG: | Homelessness Prevention: |
| | | | | Housing | Initiatives | Stabilization | \$919,776 | 1000 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | Homeless | | | | |
| 14 | Rapid Re-Housing | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Emergency | ESG: | Tenant-based rental assistance / |
| | | | | | Initiatives | Shelter | \$648,790 | Rapid Rehousing: |
| | | | | | | Assistance | | 750 Households Assisted |
| 15 | Shelter Stays | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Emergency | ESG: | Homeless Person Overnight |
| | | | | | Initiatives | Shelter | \$944,080 | Shelter: |
| | | | | | | Assistance | | 300 Persons Assisted |
| 16 | Outreach | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Street Outreach | ESG: | Homeless Person Overnight |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | \$944,080 | Shelter: |
| | | | | | | | | 1000 Persons Assisted |
| 17 | TBRA - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | Tenant-based rental assistance / |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$2,557,580 | Rapid Rehousing: |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | 400 Households Assisted |
| 18 | Short Term Rent, Utility and | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | HIV/AIDS Housing |
| | Mortgage Assistance | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$750,000 | Operations: |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | 1000 Household Housing Unit |
| 19 | Support Services - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$1,033,252 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | | | | 1250 Persons Assisted |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|------|-------------------|-------------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 20 | Housing Stability - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | HIV/AIDS Housing |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$322,852 | Operations: |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | 250 Household Housing Unit |
| 21 | Brownfields/Clean Up | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Brownfield acres remediated: |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$100,000 | 2 Acre |
| | | | | Development | East | | | |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| 22 | Technical Assistance | 2015 | 2019 | Capacity Building | North | Livable | CDBG: | Businesses assisted: |
| | | | | | Norteast | Communities | \$137,800 | 3 Businesses Assisted |
| | | | | | East | | | |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 23 | DMD Properties | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Housing Code |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$300,000 | Enforcement/Foreclosed |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Property Care: |
| | | | | | South | | | 500 Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| 25 | Neighborhood Revitalization | 2016 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Other: |
| | | | | Community | East | Communities | \$935,350 | 2 Other |
| | | | | Development | | | | |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|--------------------------|-------|------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | Addressed | | |
| 26 | Public Facilities | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Public Facility or Infrastructure |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$300,000 | Activities other than |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | | South | | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | West | | | 200 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 27 | Reduce Slum and Blight | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Brownfield acres remediated: |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$300,000 | 2 Acre |
| | | | | Development | East | | | |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| 30 | Community Center Support | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$265,136 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Housing Benefit: |
| | | | | | South | | | 700 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 31 | Administration and | 2015 | 2019 | Administration | City-wide | Administration | CDBG: | Other: |
| | Coordination | | | | Initiatives | | \$1,642,478 | 4 Other |
| | | | | | | | HOPWA: | |
| | | | | | | | \$66,534 | |
| | | | | | | | HOME: | |
| | | | | | | | \$294,133 | |
| | | | | | | | ESG: | |
| | | | | | | | \$52,441 | |

Table 62 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

| 1 | Goal Name | Facade Improvements |
|----|-------------|---|
| | Goal | The City of Indianspolis will support facade improvements in a focused effort. |
| | Description | |
| 3 | Goal Name | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Goal | Support owner occupied repair/rehab through loans to persons earning less than 80 percent HAMFI. |
| | Description | |
| 4 | Goal Name | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Goal | Support public infrastructure projects that produce vibrant environments, creating neighborhood identification. |
| | Description | |
| 5 | Goal Name | Multi-Family Housing |
| | Goal | Support the development of multi-family housing with low-income housing tax credits that improve the quality of aging urban |
| | Description | communities. |
| 6 | Goal Name | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Goal | Create homeownership opportunities with exceptional design, for households at or below 80 percent HAMFI. |
| | Description | |
| 7 | Goal Name | TBRA |
| | Goal | Create a wider range of housing opportunities for households living with disabilities through Tenant Based Rental Assistance. |
| | Description | |
| 8 | Goal Name | Down Payment Assistance |
| | Goal | Support homeownership opportunities by providing down payment assistance for low income households at or below 80 |
| | Description | percent HAMFI throughout Indianapolis. |
| 9 | Goal Name | Youth Education |
| | Goal | Support youth academic activities. |
| | Description | |
| 10 | Goal Name | Youth Employment |
| | Goal | Support summer employment programs. |
| | Description | |

| 11 | Goal Name | Job Training and Placement |
|----|-------------|---|
| | Goal | Support job training and placement programs for low to moderate income individuals. |
| | Description | |
| 12 | Goal Name | Business expansion & Job Creation |
| | Goal | Support business expansion and new businesses with job creation activities - aid at least two businesses to create 35 full time |
| | Description | equivalent jobs over five years. |
| 13 | Goal Name | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Goal | Serve individuals/families with prevention and stabilization services. Of those served, 10 percent will meet the definition of |
| | Description | "Chronic." |
| 14 | Goal Name | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | Goal | Serve individuals/families with Rapid Re-Housing and Stabilization Services. Of those served, 10 percent will meet the |
| | Description | definition of "chronic homeless." |
| 15 | Goal Name | Shelter Stays |
| | Goal | Reduce the average shelter stay by at least 10 percent from the preceding year. |
| | Description | |
| 16 | Goal Name | Outreach |
| | Goal | Serve individuals with outreach services. Of those served, 15 percent will meet the definition of "chronic homelessness." |
| | Description | |
| 17 | Goal Name | TBRA - HOPWA |
| | Goal | Tenant based rental assistance will be provided to individuals/families that are HIV/AIDS positive. |
| | Description | |
| 18 | Goal Name | Short Term Rent, Utility and Mortgage Assistance |
| | Goal | Will provide short term rent, utility and mortgage assistance to individuals/families that are HIV/AIDS positive. |
| | Description | |
| 19 | Goal Name | Support Services - HOPWA |
| | Goal | Provide support services to individuals and families that are HIV/AIDS positive. |
| | Description | |
| 20 | Goal Name | Housing Stability - HOPWA |
| | Goal | Individuals/families will remain stabily housed for one year. |
| | Description | |

| 21 | Goal Name | Brownfields/Clean Up |
|----|-------------|--|
| | Goal | Support the remediation of blighted properties. |
| | Description | |
| 22 | Goal Name | Technical Assistance |
| | Goal | Support organizations through technical assistance activities that will meet a National Objective once the assistance leads to a |
| | Description | project. |
| 23 | Goal Name | DMD Properties |
| | Goal | Demolition and clean up unsafe structures that are hazardous to the health of the community or residents. This is for maintiance |
| | Description | of City owned properties prior to disposition of the real property. |
| | | |
| 25 | Goal Name | Neighborhood Revitalization |
| | Goal | Support neighborhod revitalization eeforts of a CBDO or CDFI. Efforts will only take place in target areas - East and North. |
| | Description | |
| 26 | Goal Name | Public Facilities |
| | Goal | Support public facility projects that produce vibrant environments, creating neighborhood identification. |
| | Description | |
| 27 | Goal Name | Reduce Slum and Blight |
| | Goal | Support the remediation of slum and blight through eligible activities. |
| | Description | |
| 30 | Goal Name | Community Center Support |
| | Goal | Support community centers across the City that offer public services to low income residents living in the surrounding |
| | Description | neighborhoods. Activities vary by center, including youth activities, senior activities, case management, job training and |
| | | placement to name a few. |
| 31 | Goal Name | Administration and Coordination |
| | Goal | Fund administration and cooridination activities to assist with the delivery of programs and projects in the community. |
| | Description | |

Estimate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing as defined by HOME 91.315(b)(2)

The City of Indianapolis will serve three different income groups with its HOME dollars over the next five years. The City estimates 75 Exteremely Low Income households (earning less than 30 percent HAMFI), 75 Low Income households (earning between 31 and 50 percent HAMFI) and 100

Moderate Income households (earning between 51 and 80 percent HAMFI) over the next five years. Multi-family Low Income Housing Tax Credit projects funded in the next five years have the potential to increase those numbers depending on availability of development dollars.

SP-50 Public Housing Accessibility and Involvement – 91.215(c)

Need to Increase the Number of Accessible Units (if Required by a Section 504 Voluntary Compliance Agreement)

Out of the 1,554 units available in public housing, 172 of them are accessible to persons with disabilities. The Indianapolis Housing Agency prides itself that the number of public housing units within its system exceeds the requirement set by HUD. Seven out of the 15 developments have more accessible units than required by HUD. Two developments, Georgetown and Barton Tower, have five less units than required by HUD.

Thirty one percent of the families listed on the wait list for public housing and Section 8 vouchers are families with disabilities. Through the consultation process, the City of Indianapolis has learned that finding accessible and affordable units for individuals and families living with disabilities is a challenge.

The demand for accessible units continues to increase. The Indianapolis Housing Agency outlines a local preference for persons with disabilities on the wait list for public housing. However, the Indianapolis Housing Agency does not hold open an accessible unit if a household is able to lease a particular unit prior to a person with a disability. The polices reads as follows:

When a ADA accessible unit becomes available, it shall be offered first to a current resident who needs the features of the unit and second (if there are no residents who need the features and will accept a transfer) to an applicant family with a member who needs the accessibility features.

When offering an accessible adaptable apartment to a non-disabled applicant, IHA will require the applicant to agree to move to an available non-accessible apartment within 30 days when a current resident or an applicant with a disability needs the apartment. This requirement is also reflected in the lease. 24 CFR § 8.27 (2)

Thus, there may be a household without disabilities already leasing a unit when a person with a disability comes to the Indianapolis Housing Agency with a housing need. Since the demand for accessible housing is high, the Indianapolis Housing Agency, as part of their five-year plan, will convert 14 units within Barton Tower to 504 Accessible Units.

Activities to Increase Resident Involvements

Residents living in public housing have a community service requirement. The Community Service requirement is only applicable to residents of public housing properties or residents living in ACC subsidized units at mixed finance properties. No one living in a multifamily property or a project based voucher property or using a tenant based voucher in a market rate unit at a mixed finance property is subject to the Community Service requirement. The Community Service requirement is 8 hours per month for each non-exempt adult (not for each family with a non-exempt adult). One way to meet the requirement is for a resident to work through the Resident Council to help other residents with problems, serving as an officer in an RA, and serving on the RA or Resident Advisory Board.

Is the public housing agency designated as troubled under 24 CFR part 902?

Plan to remove the 'troubled' designation

The Indianapolis Housing Agency is not troubled. This does not apply to the City of Indianapolis Consolidated Plan.

SP-55 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.215(h)

Barriers to Affordable Housing

While barriers to affordable housing can come from anywhere, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) recognizes universal barriers. Local and state regulations on zoning and buildings are often the most recognized barriers to affordable housing. With increased regulation comes an increased cost to build housing that meets all regulations.

The Analysis of Impediments did not find any types of zoning that impose limits on housing, such as limits on vinyl siding or appearance of housing and its design. While there may not be any regulatory barriers, the institutional structure currently used to develop affordable housing may face organizational and other non-regulatory barriers to affordable housing development. Consultations with community leaders and stakeholders have suggestions as to the barriers that the hard data may not provide. These include barriers that prevent, or increase the challenge of affordable housing development. The barriers shared by those leaders and stakeholders include:

- High cost of property near accessible communities, such as downtown, make it difficult to develop special needs housing.
- Despite continued development of affordable housing, subsidizing projects large enough to serve households earning 0-30 percent of the area median income without cost burden.
- In conjunction with serving extremely low income households, developers of multi-family tax credits
 are finding it increasingly more difficult acquire enough capital funding to create affordable housing
 that is financial stable over the long term.
- New credit requirements for loaning dollars make creative financing such as that provided by Habitat for Humanity to work for low and moderate-income households wanting homeownership opportunities.
- Increased crime reports have created an image of fear and unsafe environments in urban core neighborhoods in need of private investment and redevelopment.
- Once a low-income household finds affordable housing, the challenges of their economic status often become a burden to sustaining that housing. These households are often transient, moving from rental unit to rental unit because of economic or other hardship.

Strategy to Remove or Ameliorate the Barriers to Affordable Housing

Traditional redevelopment has been lead by small non-profit community development corporations at the grass roots level. Some of these organizations have been able to develop large-scale multi-family projects but human capital in any one organization is limited to conducting one or two projects at a time. May require multiple partners, coordination and strong leadership to address redevelopment at a holistic level. Some ideas to overcome these barriers are:

- Select target areas based on proximity to transportation options and accessibility of public infrastructure
- Attract for-profit developers to partner with non-profit service agencies to develop affordable
 housing development for extremely low-income families; connecting services and rental assistance
 with new developments

- Address the accessibility needs of public infrastructure in communities with affordable housing development, such as adding curb ramps and crumbling sidewalks.
- Find additional subsidy dollars to help extremely low income households and special needs households afford rental units without a cost burden
- Advocate for public and private transportation options for low income families living outside of
 walking distance of amenities needed for daily living, such as grocery stories, health care and
 employment options
- Feed positive stories to media outlets to counter negative stories oriented from the urban core

The City of Indianapolis will work with community development corporations and other grass-roots organizations that have developed strong leadership and neighborhood buy-in when investing federal funding. The City of Indianapolis will look to these partners to help overcome these barriers to affordable housing, targeting communities working together to diversify housing options for all income levels. These will be key ingredients to addressing some of the biggest barriers to affordable housing development, such as educating the public and civic leaders about affordable housing, advocating for transportation options in all areas of the community and working together to attract additional subsidy to overcome high cost of housing redevelopment over the long term.

SP-60 Homelessness Strategy – 91.215(d)

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

Since the Blueprint to End Homelessness was first proposed in 2002, the community has made several key strides towards the goal of ending homelessness in Indianapolis. Service providers have proceeded with a focus on collaboration, and as a result, case management and coordination have significantly improved. These agencies provide important services for the homeless population, many of which are seen as successes. Job training services are both adequate and plentiful, referral services have dramatically improved, and there is a strong emergency shelter network in place. At a structural level, there are also good signs. Indianapolis, unlike other cities, has enough existing structures that can be renovated and rehabilitated to serve as affordable housing, a more cost-effective option than building new such structures.

When surveyed, the homeless population was supportive of many of the programs in which they had contact. Job training and placement programs were singled out as being both plentiful and helpful. Most of the individuals had experience with shelters, and mentioned them as a good place to go for a program referral. Legal services were widely reported as being useful and available, and Indy Connect was mentioned as a great resource to talk to attorneys.

The updated Blueprint to End Homeless, Blueprint 2.0 calls for the Continuum of Care to proactively seek out relationships with homeless and formerly homeless neighbors to connect with policy discussions about the needs of these individuals and families. One of the strategies includes:

. Build awareness and relationships that result in expanded Continuum membership and ensure its representation in important policy discussions

The Indianapolis Continuum of Care believes that having these individuals as part of the decision making process will help with service providers and policy makers find programs that meet the needs of homeless individuals and families and direct funding to those programs.

Addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City of Indianapolis has seen a rise in the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness from 2013. The 2014 Point in Time Count showed 1,809 people met HUD's definition of homeless. The Point in Time Count was conducted on one of the coldest days in Indianapolis history. In fact, the next day the City of Indianapolis closed City services for the day due to the extreme cold. Many of the local shelters were utilizing winter contingency plans to house as many people as possible. The number of individuals panhandling at interstate corners and other busy streets in the City has also increased.

Through consultation, the Indianapolis Continuum of Care is cautious to say this may be a trend of increased since the number of homeless has remained steady over the past few years. However, the local shelters have been operating with their winter contingency plans year-round to house as many individuals as possible.

Priorities and goals in this Consolidated Plan will address the needs of these individuals to get them out of the shelters and transitional housing and into permanent housing. The Indianapolis Continuum of Care will be more inclusive of all housing developers at every level to ensure the full continuum of housing is addressed, from shelters to permanent housing.

The first touch with homeless individuals and families is through street outreach and at shelters. Finding the needs of these neighbors help service providers and shelters tailor programing, moving people from the street and into shelter or other housing. The City of Indianapolis priority for the five-year plan is to *increase coordination and effectiveness of Street Outreach Services*. The City will fund programs meeting the five-year goal to serve 1,000 individuals with outreach services. Of those served, 15 percent will meet the definition of "chronic."

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

Key stakeholders commented that program funding, especially for programs that focus on prevention, is too low; yet, prevention was cited as possibly the most useful strategy to end homelessness. As a result, the previous Blueprint's focus on a Housing First approach was seen as an inefficient, one size fits all model. When an individual or family receives housing, supportive services are a key requirement for success. Despite this, funding for such services has decreased in the past five years. Mental health and addiction services were also viewed as a gap in the Continuum of Care that the community needed to address. Homeless individuals also mentioned this as an area of concern, and suggested a screening process to accompany shelter intake as a possible means of identifying those with additional mental health needs.

On the whole, it is clear that there have been important and measurable strides made to eliminate homelessness in Indianapolis. There are important outside barriers to this goal, notably transportation, that are difficult to address. However, other barriers like low funding for mental health and addiction services, and knowledge gaps that separate the homeless from resources that could help them, are more easily surmounted, and should be a focus of new plans.

The City of Indianapolis has set the priority to help individuals and families find permanent, suitable housing and reduce the length of shelter stays. Goals under this priority for the five-year plan are:

- 1. Serve 750 individuals/families with Rapid Re-Housing and Stabilization Services. Of those, 10 percent will meet the definition of "Chronic" homeless.
- 2. Reduce the average shelter stay by at least 10 percent from the preceding year.

Help low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to become homeless after being discharged from a publicly funded institution or system of care, or who are receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education or youth needs

Funds will target those in shelters and transitional housing who are at or below 30% MFI for Rapid Re-Housing and those who are at risk of homelessness for those who are imminently losing their homes for Prevention. Clients may not receive more than 24 moths of assistance in a 36 month period in the aggregate.

Clients will still have to present eviction and disconnect notices where required and partnerships between providers, particularly shelters and transitional housing and those recipients of ESG funding will be facilitated. CHIP has already begun hosting training sessions for all ESG HP recipients. Policies and procedures will be reviewed with grantees in a Project Sponsor training session prior to contract issuance as well as claim submission and eligibility requirements.

The City of Indianapolis has set a priority in this Consolidated Plan to *increase access to assistance that keeps individuals and families in their homes*. The five-year goal under that priority is to serve 1,000 individuals and families with Prevention and Stabilization Services. Of those 10 percent will meet the definition of chronic.

SP-65 Lead based paint Hazards – 91.215(i)

Actions to address LBP hazards and increase access to housing without LBP hazards

The City of Indianapolis utilizes two sources of funding to address lead paint hazards in the community, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding and a Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant.

- Families can access CDBG funding through local organizations offering repair assistance. Lead
 hazards will be reduced according to federal lead paint hazard regulations. This primarily benefits
 homeowners.
- Families needing to address lead hazards only, or have a significant repair that requires abatement, can also receive help through the Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant. This is available to renter families or homeowners.

The City of Indianapolis follows the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) rules for addressing lead based paint hazards when applying CDBG and other grant money. Effective September 15, 2000, Federal regulations require that lead hazard evaluation and reduction activities be carried out for all CDBG funded projects receiving housing assistance that were constructed before January 1, 1978. The requirements for rehabilitation correspond to three (3) approaches to lead hazard evaluation and reduction. Large rehabilitation projects must meet more stringent requirements than smaller ones. The three approaches are:

- 1. Do no harm. Perform the rehabilitation in a way that does not create lead hazard.
- 2. Identify and control lead hazards. Identify lead-based paint hazards and use a range of methods to address the hazards.
- 3. Identify and remediate lead hazards. Identify lead-based paint hazards and remove them permanently.

The level of hazard reduction required depends on the level of assistance provided with federal dollars, including CDBG funding. Specific actions required include:

Up to \$5,000: Repair of paint disturbed during rehabilitation. Includes repairing disturbed paint and applying a new coat of paint.

\$5,000 - \$25,000: Interim controls and standard treatments. Includes addressing friction and impact surfaces, creating smooth and cleanable surfaces, encapsulation, removing or covering lead-based paint components, and paint stabilization.

Over \$25,000: Remediate. Remediation involves permanently removing lead-based paint hazards, often through paint and component removal and enclosure.

How are the actions listed above related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards?

The Department of Metropolitan Development within the City of Indianapolis received a Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant to identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible households. The Marion County Health Department serves as the primary method for screening children with elevated lead blood levels. The Marion County Health Department may refer families and households with children with

elevated blood levels to the City of Indianapolis to receive help addressing the lead hazards in their home our housing.

In order to be eligible for this program, households must reside within the City of Indianapolis, earn less than 80% of the area median income, and include a child under the age of six or a pregnant woman. Priority will be given to eligible households with pregnant woman or children with documented elevated blood lead levels.

In order for properties to be eligible for this program, they must have been constructed prior to 1978 and contain lead based paint hazards identified through a lead inspection and risk assessment.

According to the 2008-2012 American Community Survey, of the total housing units in Marion County, 274,078 of the units were built prior to 1980. Center Township has the most older housing units of all nine townships, with 69,274 housing units build prior to 1980. Washington Township and Wayne Township follow with 49,155 and 45,231 housing units built prior to 1980, respectively.

The ACS information does not tell us how many of the units built prior to 1980 have children under the age of six present nor does it tell us of those units how many were built prior to 1978 when Lead Paint was banned from use in the United States. Any occupied homes that were built prior to 1978 and request repairs through the CDBG funded programs will follow the above policies to limit lead paint hazard to the occupants.

How are the actions listed above integrated into housing policies and procedures?

The Federal regulations regarding lead based paint hazards and the requirements for housing renovation have been incorporated as part of the City of Indianapolis Grants Management Policies and Procedures Manual. The manual outlines, in detail, the process for alerting residents of any lead hazards and the requirement for control and abatement of the hazards. A copy of the policies and procedures manual will be provided to the grant recipient/housing provider at the time of contract. Any sub grantee, contractor or housing provider will need to comply with the policies and procedures. Monitoring of the project will ensure compliance.

SP-70 Anti-Poverty Strategy – 91.215(j)

Jurisdiction Goals, Programs and Policies for reducing the number of Poverty-Level Families

Tackling poverty is one of the most important factors in reducing social exclusion and improving the lives of our residents. Poverty leads to a cycle of hunger, housing challenges and crime in the community that is often difficult to break. This strategy is crucial for demonstrating the City of Indianapolis' commitment to tackling poverty. The City of Indianapolis, in partnership with the business, neighborhood groups and local foundations, will strive for the goals and strategies below to help households stay out of poverty or become self-sufficient and elevate themselves from living in poverty.

- Promote economic empowerment by supporting Centers for Working Families.
 - v Job placement
 - v Build job skills
 - v Financial Management education, building savings
 - v Access to supportive service, including educational opportunities
- Create jobs through local incentives
 - v Assist businesses with improvements and job creation
 - v Promote Section 3 opportunities in current housing projects
- Provide housing at a sustainable level for both developers and struggling families.
 - v Support the development of housing for extremely low income households, particularly those earning less than 30 percent of the area median income
 - v Develop a funding resource for households that do not meet the HUD income requirements but are at-risk of loosing their housing
 - v Continue to work with local agencies to identify barriers and issues related to poverty and support programs that will help low to moderate-income households overcome those barriers.
- Support quality pre-school education for very low income households unable to begin educational opportunities prior to children's ability to enter the public school system.

How are the Jurisdiction poverty reducing goals, programs, and policies coordinated with this affordable housing plan

The primary strategy in 2015 to 2018 for the City of Indianapolis will be to close the gap on housing for households earning less than 30 percent of the area median income. So few housing units are available and affordable to this income bracket, that it is essential for families living in poverty to have more housing options. Initiatives and goals the City of Indianapolis will take on in the next five years include:

- 1. Create a wider range of housing opportunities for households living with disabilities through Tenant Based Rental Assistance.
- 2. Support the development of multi-family housing with low-income housing tax credits that improve the quality of aging urban communities.
- 3. Support job training and placement programs for low to moderate income individuals
- 4. Support business expansion and new business by job creation activities.
- 5. Support quality pre-school education for very low income households.
- 6. Serve individuals and families with Prevention and Stabilization Services.

SP-80 Monitoring – 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures that the jurisdiction will use to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and will use to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

At least once a year, the City will conduct an on-site monitoring visit for all open contracts to verify compliance with all federal regulations and City policies. Additional visits may be made, as deemed necessary by the grant's management staff.

City staff will determine which project sponsors to monitor for the current grant year by reviewing the current year Action Plan that is submitted to HUD. Not all project sponsors listed as performing eligible CDBG activities will be monitored. City staff will use a risk analysis to determine which project sponsors must be monitored. Additional project sponsors may be monitored to insure the appropriate numbers of project sponsors are monitored. Steps for contracts that will be monitored follow as below:

- The Project Sponsor will be notified by email.
- An initial and exit interview will be held with the Executive Director of the Program. A CDBG staff member will ask a series of questions relating to the capacity of the organization, program effectiveness, contractual compliance and any recent changes that the organization has undergone. City staff members will also describe the review process that will occur throughout the remainder of the visit to verify that all required data/files are accessible.
- Using the guidelines established in the monitoring form, City staff members will review the client files thoroughly, noting any missing/incomplete information.
- Claims will be reviewed to verify that the organization is maintaining appropriate and sufficient records.
- The grant management team will mail a letter to the Project Sponsor, citing both strengths and weaknesses in addition to any corrective actions that should be taken.
- If a Project Sponsor does not complete all corrective actions in the time allotted, a letter will be sent
 to the Project Sponsor, detailing areas of non-compliance, copies of previous correspondence, and
 listing sanctions that will be taken (including possible funding decrease) if the situation is not
 rectified. In addition, no claims will be paid on any grant contracts until the necessary
 documentation is received.

The City of Indianapolis has recently updated its checklist of information to review during the visit upon HUD's guidance. These new forms have been instituted as part of the process during the 2014 fiscal year.

Also, to encourage participation of Minority, Women and Veteran owned businesses, the City of Indianapolis has adopted goals for project sponsors and contractors to achieve. The annual goals are incorporated as part of the Grants Management Polices and Procedures manual. The City of Indianapolis also provides a listing of all registered MBE, WBE and VBE enterprises through the Division of Equal Opportunity. Project sponsors and other contractors can use the list to assist with bidding and outreach to these businesses.

The City of Indianapolis has not reached the goals for partnering with these types of businesses. Grant applications that talk about partnership with MBE, WBE or VBE businesses or specific out reach policies are given priority over other for funding.

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.220(c)(1,2)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis has had its annual allocation cut severely over the past five years. The most flexible funding resource, CDBG dollars, have decreased by 29 percent since the year 2000. HOME, another funding resource for affordable housing has also decreased by 29 percent. On the other side, ESG and HOPWA have both increased in its annual allocations. However, these are the most restrictive funding resources. ESG must fund projects that go to prevent homelessness or provide services for homeless individuals. HOPWA must fund programs and projects that serve households living HIV/AIDS.

Anticipated Resources

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Yo | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|-----------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|---|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan | |
| | | | | | | | \$ | |
| CDBG | public - | Acquisition | | | | | | The Community Development Block |
| | federal | Admin and | | | | | | Grant can be used to help low to moderate |
| | | Planning | | | | | | income individuals or households through |
| | | Economic | | | | | | a variety of activities including housing |
| | | Development | | | | | | development, public services, planning, |
| | | Housing | | | | | | economic development and public facility |
| | | Public | | | | | | improvements. |
| | | Improvements | | | | | | |
| | | Public Services | 8,212,393 | 0 | 0 | 8,212,393 | 33,600,000 | |

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Y | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan | |
| HOME | 1 1' | Α | | | | | \$ | TI HOME I A D A 1 |
| HOME | public - | Acquisition | | | | | | The HOME Investment Partnerships |
| | federal | Homebuyer | | | | | | Program can be used for a variety of |
| | | assistance | | | | | | affordable housing activities, including |
| | | Homeowner | | | | | | renovation of housing, new construction of |
| | | rehab | | | | | | housing and rental assistance. |
| | | Multifamily rental | | | | | | |
| | | new construction | | | | | | |
| | | Multifamily rental | | | | | | |
| | | rehab | | | | | | |
| | | New construction | | | | | | |
| | | for ownership | | | | | | |
| | | TBRA | 2,941,333 | 0 | 0 | 2,941,333 | 12,800,000 | |
| HOPWA | public - | Permanent | | | | | | The Housing Opportunities for Persons |
| | federal | housing in | | | | | | with AIDS (HOPWA) program was |
| | | facilities | | | | | | established to provide housing assistance |
| | | Permanent | | | | | | and related supportive services for low- |
| | | housing | | | | | | income persons living with HIV/AIDS |
| | | placement | | | | | | and their families. |
| | | Short term or | | | | | | |
| | | transitional | | | | | | |
| | | housing facilities | | | | | | |
| | | STRMU | | | | | | |
| | | Supportive | | | | | | |
| | | services | | | | | | |
| | | TBRA | 950,492 | 0 | 0 | 950,492 | 3,760,000 | |

| Program | Source | Uses of Funds | Expe | cted Amour | nt Available Yo | ear 1 | Expected | Narrative Description |
|---------|----------|---------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---|
| | of | | Annual | Program | Prior Year | Total: | Amount | |
| | Funds | | Allocation: | Income: | Resources: | \$ | Available | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | Reminder | |
| | | | | | | | of | |
| | | | | | | | ConPlan | |
| | | | | | | | \$ | |
| ESG | public - | Conversion and | | | | | | ESG funds may be used for five program |
| | federal | rehab for | | | | | | components: street outreach, emergency |
| | | transitional | | | | | | shelter, homelessness prevention, rapid re- |
| | | housing | | | | | | housing assistance, and HMIS; as well as |
| | | Financial | | | | | | administrative activities |
| | | Assistance | | | | | | |
| | | Overnight shelter | | | | | | |
| | | Rapid re-housing | | | | | | |
| | | (rental assistance) | | | | | | |
| | | Rental Assistance | | | | | | |
| | | Services | | | | | | |
| | | Transitional | | | | | | |
| | | housing | 749,167 | 0 | 0 | 749,167 | 2,760,000 | |

Table 63 - Expected Resources - Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

The City of Indianapolis will give priority to projects and programs that have additional funding and sustainability. The City of Indianapolis will utilize federal funding as a gap-financing program to help projects and programs move from planning to reality.

- Based on history of past projects, each year the City of Indianapolis estimates that it will be able to leverage \$XXX,XXX dollars.
- The City of Indianapolis changed its home repair grant program to a loan program to create program income to fund future repair programs.
- The City of Indianapolis will require ESG and HOME projects to meet match requirements as part of their application, claim and reporting process.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

The Central State Reuse Plan, developed in 2006, outlines initiatives to utilize City owned property. There are four primary land uses recommended. These are: (1) Commercial – including both office, retail and possibly educational-institutional development; (2) Residential – single-family and multi-family detached and attached housing; (3) Cultural Village – a pedestrian oriented commercial village with museum, theatre, entertainment and possibly educational venues in both the existing historic structures and newly constructed facilities; and (4) Open Space – including active recreational and passive trails and quiet parks.

Projects funded by the City of Indianapolis to this project must meet one of the priorities and goals of the Consolidated Plan. Development of commercial buildings that create new jobs and development of affordable housing for low and extremely low-income households are eligible projects.

Discussion

The City of Indianapolis will invest these resources in projects that can maximize impact in the community by leveraging other funding resources. The City of Indianapolis prefers to provide gap financing to projects, that find additional resources and partnerships to implement the program. The City will fund applications for grant funding that are able to leverage the most funding.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives

Goals Summary Information

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | | | |
| 1 | Facade Improvements | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | City-wide | Livable | CDBG: | Businesses assisted: 7 |
| | | | | Community | Initiatives | Communities | \$225,000 | Businesses Assisted |
| | | | | Development | | | | |
| 3 | Owner Occupied Home | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | City-wide | Livable | CDBG: | Homeowner Housing |
| | Repair | | | Housing | Initiatives | Communities | \$2,000,000 | Rehabilitated: 142 Household |
| | | | | | | Fair Housing | | Housing Unit |
| 4 | Public Infrastructure - | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | East | Livable | CDBG: | Other: 2 Other |
| | Neighborhood Improvements | | | Community | West | Communities | \$1,000,000 | |
| | | | | Development | | | | |
| 5 | Youth Education | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | City-wide | Youth Education | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Initiatives | and Employment | \$519,455 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | | | | Housing Benefit: 4000 Persons |
| | | | | | | | | Assisted |
| 6 | Youth Employment | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | City-wide | Youth Education | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Initiatives | and Employment | \$100,000 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | | | | Housing Benefit: 20 Persons |
| | | | | | | | | Assisted |
| 7 | Job Training and Placement | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Economic | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Opportunities | \$438,480 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Housing Benefit: 50 Persons |
| | | | | | South | | | Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | | | |
| 8 | Business expansion & Job | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | East | Economic | CDBG: | Jobs created/retained: 15 Jobs |
| | Creation | | | Community | | Opportunities | \$94,800 | |
| | | | | Development | | | | |
| 9 | Prevention and Stabilization | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | City-wide | Prevention and | ESG: | Homelessness Prevention: 200 |
| | | | | Housing | Initiatives | Stabilization | \$129,758 | Persons Assisted |
| | | | | Homeless | | | | |
| 10 | Rapid Re-Housing | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Emergency | ESG: | Tenant-based rental assistance / |
| | | | | | Initiatives | Shelter | \$129,758 | Rapid Rehousing: 150 |
| | | | | | | Assistance | | Households Assisted |
| 11 | Shelter Stays | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Emergency | ESG: | Homeless Person Overnight |
| | | | | | Initiatives | Shelter | \$188,816 | Shelter: 60 Persons Assisted |
| | | | | | | Assistance | | |
| 12 | Outreach | 2015 | 2019 | Homeless | City-wide | Street Outreach | ESG: | Homeless Person Overnight |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | \$188,816 | Shelter: 200 Persons Assisted |
| 13 | TBRA - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | Tenant-based rental assistance / |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$445,000 | Rapid Rehousing: 80 |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | Households Assisted |
| 14 | Short Term Rent, Utility and | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | HIV/AIDS Housing |
| | Mortgage Assistance | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$150,000 | Operations: 200 Household |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | Housing Unit |
| 15 | Support Services - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$140,080 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | Housing Benefit: 250 Persons |
| | | | | | | | | Assisted |
| 16 | Housing Stability - HOPWA | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Homeless | City-wide | Services for | HOPWA: | HIV/AIDS Housing |
| | | | | Special Needs | Initiatives | Persons Living | \$0 | Operations: 50 Household |
| | | | | | | with HIV | | Housing Unit |
| 17 | Technical Assistance | 2015 | 2019 | Capacity Building | City-wide | Livable | CDBG: | Businesses assisted: 3 |
| | | | | | Initiatives | Communities | \$156,700 | Businesses Assisted |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | | | |
| 18 | Multi-Family Housing | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | East | Livable | HOME: | Rental units rehabilitated: 20 |
| | | | | Housing | | Communities | \$765,000 | Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | | Fair Housing | | |
| 19 | Homeownership - | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | HOME: | Homeowner Housing Added: 3 |
| | Construction/Rehabilitation | | | Housing | East | Communities | \$561,000 | Household Housing Unit |
| | | | | | | Fair Housing | | Homeowner Housing |
| | | | | | | | | Rehabilitated: 2 Household |
| | | | | | | | | Housing Unit |
| 20 | Community Center Support | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Public service activities other |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$284,036 | than Low/Moderate Income |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Housing Benefit: 700 Persons |
| | | | | | South | | | Assisted |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 21 | DMD Properties | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Buildings Demolished: 30 |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$300,000 | Buildings |
| | | | | Development | East | | | |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |

| Sort | Goal Name | Start | End | Category | Geographic | Needs Addressed | Funding | Goal Outcome Indicator |
|-------|-------------------------|-------|------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| Order | | Year | Year | | Area | | | |
| 22 | Down Payment Assistance | 2015 | 2019 | Affordable | North | Livable | HOME: | Direct Financial Assistance to |
| | | | | Housing | Norteast | Communities | \$283,000 | Homebuyers: 40 Households |
| | | | | | East | | | Assisted |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| | | | | | City-wide | | | |
| | | | | | Initiatives | | | |
| 23 | Public Facilities | 2015 | 2019 | Non-Housing | North | Livable | CDBG: | Overnight/Emergency |
| | | | | Community | Norteast | Communities | \$300,000 | Shelter/Transitional Housing |
| | | | | Development | East | | | Beds added: 4 Beds |
| | | | | | South | | | |
| | | | | | West | | | |
| | | | | | Northwest | | | |
| 24 | Administration and | 2015 | 2019 | Administration | City-wide | Administration | CDBG: | Other: 4 Other |
| | Coordination | | | | Initiatives | | \$1,642,478 | |
| | | | | | | | HOPWA: | |
| | | | | | | | \$66,534 | |
| | | | | | | | HOME: | |
| | | | | | | | \$294,133 | |
| | | | | | | | ESG: | |
| | | | | | | | \$52,441 | |

Table 64 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

| 1 | Goal Name | Facade Improvements | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Goal | Help businesses in distressed census tracts with major facade improvements. | | | | | |
| | Description | | | | | | |

| 3 | Goal Name | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
|----|-------------|---|
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 4 | Goal Name | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 5 | Goal Name | Youth Education |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 6 | Goal Name | Youth Employment |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 7 | Goal Name | Job Training and Placement |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 8 | Goal Name | Business expansion & Job Creation |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 9 | Goal Name | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 10 | Goal Name | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 11 | Goal Name | Shelter Stays |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 12 | Goal Name | Outreach |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |

| 13 | Goal Name | TBRA - HOPWA |
|----|-------------|--|
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 14 | Goal Name | Short Term Rent, Utility and Mortgage Assistance |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 15 | Goal Name | Support Services - HOPWA |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 16 | Goal Name | Housing Stability - HOPWA |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 17 | Goal Name | Technical Assistance |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 18 | Goal Name | Multi-Family Housing |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 19 | Goal Name | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 20 | Goal Name | Community Center Support |
| | Goal | |
| | Description | |
| 21 | Goal Name | DMD Properties |
| | Goal | Demolish DMD - owned properties that pose a health and safety threat to the community in an effort to eliminate slum and |
| | Description | blight. |
| 22 | Goal Name | Down Payment Assistance |
| | Goal | Provide funding for downpayment assistance. |
| | Description | |

| 23 | Goal Name | pal Name Public Facilities | |
|----|-------------|--|--|
| | Goal | Add four special needs housing for respite care. | |
| | Description | | |
| 24 | Goal Name | Administration and Coordination | |
| | Goal | | |
| | Description | | |

Projects

AP-35 Projects - 91.220(d)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis does not implement programming from its offices, but utilizes project sponsors and subgrantees to implement its programs. Local Community Development Corporations and private developers implement housing programs utilizing funds from the City. All developers compete through an open application process once per year for funding for a specific project or program. Projects are evaluated by Division of Community Development Staff to ensure eligibility and compliance with City initiatives and this Consolidated Plan. Public services programs also receive funding via this process.

Projects

| # | Project Name |
|----|--|
| 1 | CDBG Program Administration |
| 2 | HOME General Program Admin |
| 3 | HOPWA General Program Admin |
| 4 | ESG General Program Admin |
| 5 | Central Indiana Youth for Christ CDBG |
| 6 | Christamore House Inc. |
| 7 | Coburn Place Safehaven II, Inc. CDBG |
| 8 | Coburn Place ESG |
| 9 | Community Alliance of the Far Eastside, Inc |
| 10 | Community Alliance of the Far Eastside, Inc |
| 11 | Concord Neighborhood Center |
| 12 | Concord Neighborhood Center |
| 13 | Coalition for Homelessness Intervention & Prevention |
| 14 | Damar Services, Inc. |
| 15 | Damien Center |
| 16 | Damien Center |
| 17 | Dayspring |
| 18 | Edna Martin Christian Center |
| 19 | Edna Martin Christian Center Worksource Training |
| 20 | Englewood Community Development Corp. |
| 21 | Englewood Community Development |
| 22 | Englewood Community Development Corp. Rental |
| 23 | Fay B Glick |
| 24 | FLANNER HOUSE |
| 25 | FLANNER HOUSE |
| 26 | Forest Manor Multi- Service |
| 27 | Forest Manor/ Kennedy King Multi-Service |
| 28 | Gennesaret Free Clinic |
| 29 | Gennesaret Free Clinic |
| 30 | Hawthorne Community Center |
| 31 | HealthNet/Homeless Initiative Program |

| # | Project Name |
|----|--|
| 32 | Horizon House |
| 33 | Holy Family |
| 34 | IU Bloomington |
| 35 | Interfaith Hospitality Network |
| 36 | Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership (INHP)(HOR) |
| 37 | Indianapolis Neighborhood Resource Center |
| 38 | Indianapolis Private Industry Council d.b.a.EmployIndy |
| 39 | John H. Boner Community Center |
| 40 | John H. Boner Community Center (Com Center) |
| 41 | Julian Center |
| 42 | Julian Center |
| 43 | Keys to Work |
| 44 | King Park Area Development Corporation (HOR) |
| 45 | King Park Area Development Corporation (Monon 16: Front Porch Homes Initiative) CDBG portion |
| 46 | King Park Area Development Corporation (Monon 16: Front Porch Homes Initiative) HOME portion |
| 47 | King Park CHDO |
| 48 | LaPlaza, Inc. (Com Center) |
| 49 | Local Initiatives Support Corporation - Facade |
| 50 | Local Initiatives Support Corporation - Technical Assistance |
| 51 | Mapleton Fall Creek Development Corporation (HOR) |
| 52 | Martin Luther King Community Center (Com Center) |
| 53 | Mary Rigg Neighborhood Center |
| 54 | Mary Rigg Neighborhood Center (Com Center) |
| 56 | Near East Area Renewal (NEAR)(HOR) |
| 57 | NEAR CHDO |
| 58 | Near North Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization |
| 59 | Initiative) |
| 60 | Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) |
| 61 | Outreach, Inc. |
| 62 | Salvation Army, An Illinois Corporation (Women & Childrens Center) |
| 63 | Southeast Community Services Inc United Funding |
| 64 | Recycle Force |
| 65 | 2015 UNSAFE BUILDINGS |
| 66 | INHP DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE |
| 67 | Pogues Run |
| 68 | BARTH BRIDGE |
| 69 | United Way of Central Indiana |
| 70 | Riley Area Development Corporation (Willard Park Home Ownership Phase 3) |
| 71 | Mapleton Fall Creek Area |
| 72 | Acquisition of CSX Railine (Connectivity Trails) |
| 73 | Near Eastside Asset Development Corp. (NEAR) |

| # | Project Name |
|----|--|
| | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization |
| 74 | Initiative) |
| 75 | Riley Area Development Corporation (Willard Park Home Ownership Phase 3) |
| 76 | WCDC REHAB 2015 |
| 77 | Riley Area Development Corporation (HOR) |
| 78 | Southeast Neighborhood Development |
| 79 | United Northeast Community Development Corportion (UNECDC)(HOR) |
| 80 | West Indianapolis Community Development Corp (HOR) |
| 81 | Westside Community Development Corporation (HOR) |
| 82 | Edna Martin Christian Center (Education) |
| 83 | Outreach, Inc. |
| 84 | School on Wheels Corporation |
| 85 | Southeast Community Services Inc. |
| 86 | Stopover Inc. |
| 87 | Summer Youth |
| 88 | Trusted Mentors, Inc. |
| 89 | Riley CHDO |
| 90 | Near North CHDO |
| 91 | Westside CHDO |
| 92 | REHAB SPECIALIST |
| 93 | Southeast Neighborhood Development CORP |
| 94 | 2015 Mary Rigg Center |
| 95 | The Whitsett Group (Illinois Senior Homes) |
| 96 | Englewood (Oxford Phase I) |

Table 65 – Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs

The primary challenge for the City of Indianapolis is to reach the underserved people in the community, which is people with special needs, particularly those living with a disability. Many groups that serve the general population also serve persons with disabilities as part of their programs. However, the demand for services exceeds the level of services being provided.

Through consultation, many of these organizations mentioned low funding levels as the reason for a shortage of services. Human capital reaching its maximum level was also another common thread among consultations. The City of Indianapolis and its partners will need to seek additional funding to for its initiatives assisting those with special needs.

The City of Indianapolis has already started this process by converting its home repair grant program to a loan program. Homeowners seeking assistance from the City of Indianapolis must agree to a 30-year no interest, no payment lien on their property before receiving assistance. Loans are to be paid back from net sale proceeds when the property transfers ownership. The idea behind this change is to create a future funding resource when either funding is more limited or other initiatives in the community become a priority. The City of Indianapolis will need to continue developing programs favorable lending programs and finding additional resources that can sustain and grow programming.

AP-38 Project Summary Project Summary Information

| 1 | Project Name | CDBG Program Administration |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$1,642,478 |
| | Description | CDBG administrative costs |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Not applicable. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide |
| | Planned Activities | CDBG administration activities. |
| 2 | Project Name | HOME General Program Admin |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$294,133 |
| | Description | HOME administrative activities |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide |
| | Planned Activities | HOME administrative activities |
| 3 | Project Name | HOPWA General Program Admin |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOPWA: \$66,534 |
| | Description | Admin |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City wide |
| | Planned Activities | HOPWA administrative activities. |
| 4 | Project Name | ESG General Program Admin |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | ESG: \$52,441 |

| | Description | ESG administrative activities |
|---------|----------------------------|--|
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide |
| | Planned Activities | ESG administrative activities |
| 5 | Project Name | Central Indiana Youth for Christ CDBG |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide support services to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 30 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1641 E Michigan St, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to youth. |
| 6 | Project Name | Christamore House Inc. |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low/moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 42 |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 502 North Tremont, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low/moderate-income residents within the |
| <u></u> | n | service area. |
| 7 | Project Name | Coburn Place Safehaven II, Inc. CDBG |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$14,000 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low/moderate-income residents within |
| | m 5 | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and type of families that will | The program will serve 90 individuals. |
|----|--|---|
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide, with services will be centered at the center located at 604 East |
| | | 38th Street |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services to support their children's program. |
| 8 | Project Name | Coburn Place ESG |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Shelter Stays |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | Funding | ESG: \$43,830 |
| | Description | Provide operating support to shelter for victims of domestic violence. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 150 |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | N/A - Per safety of shelter residents, the address is not included. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide operating support to shelter for victims of domestic violence. |
| 9 | Project Name | Community Alliance of the Far Eastside, Inc |
| | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | Job Training and Placement |
| | Needs Addressed | Economic Opportunities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide services for their Center for Working Families Program. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 50 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 8902 E 38th St, Indianapolis, IN 46226 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services for the Center for Working Families Program |
| 10 | Project Name | Community Alliance of the Far Eastside, Inc |
| | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | - | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | 50 |
|----|---|--|
| | type of families that will | 30 |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 8902 E 38th St, Indianapolis, IN 46226 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate income residents within |
| | Tamica Activities | the service area. |
| 11 | Project Name | Concord Neighborhood Center |
| 11 | Target Area | South |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide case management services to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 70 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | The program will serve 70 individuals. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1310 S Meridian St, Indianapolis, IN 46225 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide case management services to youth. |
| 12 | Project Name | Concord Neighborhood Center |
| 12 | Target Area | South |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | | |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within the service area. |
| | Tanad | |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 40 |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | | 1210 C Maridian St. Indiananalia INI 46225 |
| | Location Description Planned Activities | 1310 S Meridian St, Indianapolis, IN 46225 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income resdients within the service area. |
| 12 | Due to at Nieuro | Coalition for Homelessness Intervention & Prevention |
| 13 | Project Name | |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | ESG: \$30,000 |
| | Description | Provide HMIS services. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | 12 Agencies will benefit from the administration of the HMIS system. |
|----|----------------------------|---|
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 3737 N Meridian St # 401, Indianapolis, IN 46208 |
| | Planned Activities | Administer the HMIS system and client tracking. |
| 14 | Project Name | Damar Services, Inc. |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide job training activities to youth with developmental disabilities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 80 youth will benefit from this program. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 6067 Decatur Boulevard, Indianapolis, IN 46241 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide job training activities to youth with developmental disabilities. |
| 15 | Project Name | Damien Center |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Needs Addressed | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Funding | ESG: \$45,000 |
| | Description | Provide homeless prevention services to clients at-risk of homelessness. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 91 persons will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 26 North Arsenal Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46201 - Services will be |
| | | provided at the center although clients can come from anywhere within |
| | | Marion County. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide homelessness prevntion services to clients at risk of |
| | | homelessness. |
| 16 | Project Name | Damien Center |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | TBRA - HOPWA |
| | | Short Term Rent, Utility and Mortgage Assistance |
| | | Support Services - HOPWA |
| | | Housing Stability - HOPWA |
| | Needs Addressed | Services for Persons Living with HIV |
| | Funding | HOPWA: \$472,578 |

| | Description | Provide TBRA, short term assistance, support services and housing |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Description | information to persons living with HIV/AIDS. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 100 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | The program win serve 100 menyiddais. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 26 North Arsenal Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46201 - services will be |
| | Location Description | provided at the center but clients may come from any place in Marion |
| | | County. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide TBRA, short term assistance, support services and housing |
| | Trainicu Activities | information to persons living with HIV/AIDS. |
| 17 | Project Name | Dayspring |
| 17 | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Shelter Stays |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | Funding | ESG: \$50,000 |
| | Description | Emergency shelter for homeless families. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | |
| | | 400 persons will receive overnight shelter stays. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | Location Description | 1537 Central Ave - the shelter is located on Central Avenue but all people |
| | Location Description | from Marion County and surrounding areas are welcome. |
| | Planned Activities | Emergency shelter for homeless families. |
| 18 | Project Name | Edna Martin Christian Center |
| 10 | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | |
| | Needs Addressed | Community Center Support Livable Communities |
| | | |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within service area. |
| | Target Date | |
| | Target Date Estimate the number and | 12/31/2015 |
| | | 500 persons will be served. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | Location Description | 2605 East 25th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46218 - Edna Martin Christian |
| | Location Description | Center serves neighbors in the Martindale Brightwood community. |
| | Planned Activities | · · |
| | Framieu Acuvities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within service area. |
| 19 | Project Name | Edna Martin Christian Center Worksource Training |
| 17 | · | ~ |
| 1 | Target Area | Norteast |

| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
|----|----------------------------|---|
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the Academic Success Center (youth employment) |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 300 youth will benefit from the activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2605 East 25th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46218 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the Academic Success Center (youth employment) |
| 20 | Project Name | Englewood Community Development Corp. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$175,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activity around the Mallory |
| | | campus. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Provide repair to 12 owner occupied homes. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 57 North Rural, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair acitivities around the Mallory |
| | | campus. |
| 21 | Project Name | Englewood Community Development |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Business expansion & Job Creation |
| | Needs Addressed | Economic Opportunities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$94,800 |
| | Description | Provide funding for a mixed used development that will create new jobs. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The activity will create 3 new jobs. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 57 N. Rural Street |
| | 731 | Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for a mixed used development that will create new jobs. |
| 22 | Project Name | Englewood Community Development Corp. Rental |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Multi-Family Housing |

| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
|----|--|--|
| | Funding | HOME: \$300,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of 6 units of affordable rental housing. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 6 households will benefit from the activity. |
| | type of families that will | , and the second |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 225 N. Oxford Street & 2834 E. Washington Street |
| | Planned Activities | Prvide funding for the creation of 17 units of affordable rental housing. |
| 23 | Project Name | Fay B Glick |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 50 people will be served. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Fay Biccard Glick Neighborhood Center serves the Northwest side of |
| | | , |
| | | Indianapolis, serving residents within the 465 loop, south to 38th street |
| | | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. |
| | Planned Activities | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within |
| | | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. |
| 24 | Project Name | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest |
| 24 | Project Name | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 The program will serve 80 individuals. |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 The program will serve 80 individuals. |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 The program will serve 80 individuals. 2424 Indianapolis Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46208 Provide academic an job readiness training to youth. |
| 24 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 The program will serve 80 individuals. 2424 Indianapolis Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46208 Provide academic an job readiness training to youth. FLANNER HOUSE |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities | and east to the White River and Spring Mill Road. Provide support services to low and moderate-income residntes within the service area. FLANNER HOUSE Northwest Youth Education Youth Employment Youth Education and Employment CDBG: \$14,000 Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. 12/31/2015 The program will serve 80 individuals. 2424 Indianapolis Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46208 Provide academic an job readiness training to youth. |

| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
|----|----------------------------|---|
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | r | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Flanner House will serve 30 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2424 Indianapolis Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46208 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| 26 | Project Name | Forest Manor Multi- Service |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | provide assistance to low income residents in area |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 75 low to moderate-income individuals or |
| | type of families that will | families. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | The service boundaries are of 56th Street – North, 30th Street – South, |
| | | Fall Creek Parkway – West, and I-465 – East. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | the service area. |
| 27 | Project Name | Forest Manor/ Kennedy King Multi-Service |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | the service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 125 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 601 East 17th Street |
| | | Indianapolis, Indiana 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| 28 | Project Name | Gennesaret Free Clinic |

| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | Goals Supported | Public Facilities |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$300,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding to develop respite care facility for homeless women |
| | • | being released from a hospital stay. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The new facility will create four new units of special needs housing for |
| | type of families that will | homeless women. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Administrative office: |
| | | 615 N. Alabama Street, GF Suite B, Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to develop respite care facility for homeless women |
| | | being released from a hospital stay. |
| 29 | Project Name | Gennesaret Free Clinic |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | | Shelter Stays |
| | | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$40,000 |
| | Description | Provide services, operating support to homeless men. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 45 men. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 615 N. Alabama Street, GF Suite B, Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services, operating support to homeless men. |
| 30 | Project Name | Hawthorne Community Center |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate income residents within |
| | H 0 | the service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | the program will serve 40 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | TONI I M C I P. P. D. (200 |
| | Location Description | 70 North Mount Street, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |

| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | | service area. |
| 31 | Project Name | HealthNet/Homeless Initiative Program |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | | Shelter Stays |
| | | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$40,000 |
| | Description | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at-risk of |
| | • | homelessness. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 126 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1835 North Meridian Street |
| | _ | Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at-risk of |
| | | homelessness. |
| 32 | Project Name | Horizon House |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$53,196 |
| | Description | Provide outreach through the SORRT team. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 2,750 people. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1033 E Washington St, Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide outreach through the SORRT team. |
| 33 | Project Name | Holy Family |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | | Shelter Stays |
| | | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$40,000 |
| | Description | Provide services, operating support to homeless families. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | 71 |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | | The program will serve 1,000 people. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | 0073444 |
| | Location Description | 907 N Holmes Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services, operating support to homeless families. |
| 34 | Project Name | IU Bloomington |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | TBRA - HOPWA |
| | | Short Term Rent, Utility and Mortgage Assistance |
| | | Support Services - HOPWA |
| | | Housing Stability - HOPWA |
| | Needs Addressed | Services for Persons Living with HIV |
| | Funding | HOPWA: \$411,380 |
| | Description | Provide services and short term assistance to clients who are HIV/AIDS |
| | | positive. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 100 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 601 W 2nd St |
| | | Bloomington, IN |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services and short term assistance to clients who are HIV/AIDS |
| | | positive. |
| 35 | Project Name | Interfaith Hospitality Network |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | | Rapid Re-Housing |
| | | Shelter Stays |
| | | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$17,000 |
| | Description | Provide services, operating support and homelessness prevention services |
| | | to homeless clients. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 200 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1850 N Arsenal Ave, Indianapolis, Indiana 46218 |
| | - | _ |

| | Planned Activities | Provide services, operating support and homelessness prevention services |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | | to homeless clients. |
| 36 | Project Name | Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership (INHP)(HOR) |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$500,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Assist 45 homeowners. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 37 | Project Name | Indianapolis Neighborhood Resource Center |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$37,800 |
| | Description | Provide technical assistance/leadership training. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 150 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 708 E Michigan St |
| | | Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide technical assistance/leadership training. |
| 38 | Project Name | Indianapolis Private Industry Council d.b.a.EmployIndy |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Job Training and Placement |
| | Needs Addressed | Economic Opportunities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$438,480 |
| | Description | Provide funding to organizations that perform job training activities to |
| | | individuals that are low to moderate income. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 1,000 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 115 W WASHINGTON ST, SUITE 450 SOUTH, INDIANAPOLIS IN |
| | | 46204 |

| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to organizations that perform job training activities to |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | | individuals that are low to moderate income. |
| 39 | Project Name | John H. Boner Community Center |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide academic programing to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 100 youth. |
| | type of families that will | , |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2236 East 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46201. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide academic programing to youth. |
| 40 | Project Name | John H. Boner Community Center (Com Center) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | General support services to low to moderate income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 100 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2236 East 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| 41 | Project Name | Julian Center |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$14,000 |
| | Description | Provide programing to homeless youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 186 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2011 N Meridian St, Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | PRovide programing to homeless youth. |
| 42 | Project Name | Julian Center |

| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Tr | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | | Street Outreach |
| • | Funding | ESG: \$50,000 |
| | Description | Provide services to youth in the drop-in center. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The center will serve 701 youth. |
| | type of families that will | , and the second |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2011 N. Meridian Street |
| | | Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services to youth in the drop-in center. |
| 43 | Project Name | Keys to Work |
| | Target Area | East |
| • | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide job training activities to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 30 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1125 Brookside Avenue |
| | | Suite 200 |
| | | Indianapolis, Indiana 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide job training activities to youth. |
| 44 | Project Name | King Park Area Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$175,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 11 homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2430 N Delaware St, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |

| 45 | Project Name | King Park Area Development Corporation (Monon 16: Front Porch |
|----|---|---|
| 13 | 1 Toject I vanie | Homes Initiative) CDBG portion |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$165,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of three units for homeownership. |
| | | 12/31/2015 |
| | Target Date Estimate the number and | |
| | | The project will benefit 3 new homeowners. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | | 2420 N.D. 1 |
| | Location Description Planned Activities | 2430 N Delaware St, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| 16 | | Provide funding for the creation of three units for homeownership. |
| 46 | Project Name | King Park Area Development Corporation (Monon 16: Front Porch |
| | T | Homes Initiative) HOME portion |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$165,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of 3 units of homeownership. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Three new homeownership units. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | King Park Area - 2430 N Delaware, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| | | |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the creation of three units for homeownership. |
| 47 | Project Name | King Park CHDO |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$29,400 |
| | Description | CHDO - Fund administrative costs of the organization conducting |
| | | redevelopment activities such as new construction and rehabilitation of |
| | | abandoned housing. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 1 organization |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2430 N Delaware St, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |

| | Planned Activities | Fund administrative costs of the organization conducting redevelopment |
|----|--|---|
| | 1 10111110 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | activities such as new construction and rehabilitation of abandoned |
| | | housing. |
| 48 | Project Name | LaPlaza, Inc. (Com Center) |
| 10 | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | |
| | Needs Addressed | Community Center Support Livable Communities |
| | | |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 1,800 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 8902 E 38th St, Indianapolis, IN 46226 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within a |
| | | service area. |
| 49 | Project Name | Local Initiatives Support Corporation - Facade |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Facade Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$225,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding to improve commercial facades in distressed |
| | _ | neighborhoods. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | LISC will assist 7 businesses with the facade program. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | City-wide |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to improve commercial facades in distressed |
| | | neighborhoods. |
| 50 | Project Name | Local Initiatives Support Corporation - Technical Assistance |
| | Target Area | North |
| | 8 | East |
| | | Northwest |
| | Goals Supported | Technical Assistance |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$100,000 |
| | Description | Provide technical assistance/leadership training to neighborhood groups |
| | Description | as part of the Great Places Initiative. |
| | Target Date | 1 |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | Three maighborhands will be notic from the Creat Places Initiative |
|----|--------------------------------------|---|
| | | Three neighborhoods will benefit from the Great Places Initiative. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | | Toward Asses Naishbashaada isabada Esabassa d CDC Wasteida |
| | Location Description | Target Areas Neighborhoods include Englewood CDC, Westside |
| | | Community Development Corporation and Mapleton Fall Creek |
| | D. 1 A . 1 L . 1 | Community Development Corporation. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide technical assistance/leadership training to neighborhood groups as part of the Great Places Initiative. |
| 51 | Project Name | Mapleton Fall Creek Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 10 homeowners would benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | To nomeowners would benefit from this activity. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 130 E 30th St, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 52 | Project Name | Martin Luther King Community Center (Com Center) |
| 32 | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | | |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | Description | 11 |
| | T . D . | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 75 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | 21' > 40 W/ + 40.1 C + 2/1' > 21' > 1 1' 1' D.1 4(200 2/1' > |
| | Location Description | <pre><div>40 West 40th Street</div><div>Indianapolis, IN 46208</div></pre> |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate income residents within service area. |
| 53 | Project Name | Mary Rigg Neighborhood Center |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Needs Addressed | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Funding | ESG: \$60,000 |
| | Description | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at-risk of |
| | Description | homelessness. |
| 1 | | nomelessness. |

| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
|----|----------------------------|---|
| | Estimate the number and | The Mary Rigg Center will serve 26 households or individuals with |
| | type of families that will | homelessness prevention services. |
| | benefit from the proposed | 1 |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1920 W Morris St, Indianapolis, IN 46221 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at-risk of |
| | | homelessness. |
| 54 | Project Name | Mary Rigg Neighborhood Center (Com Center) |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Community Center Support |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Description | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents with |
| | • | service area. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 25 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1920 W Morris St, Indianapolis, IN 46221 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| 55 | Project Name | Near East Area Renewal (NEAR)(HOR) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$130,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 8 homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 57 north rural, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 56 | Project Name | NEAR CHDO |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$29,400 |
| | Description | CHDO - Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |

| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
|----|---|---|
| | Estimate the number and | 1 organization |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2236 East 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |
| 57 | Project Name | Near North Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$175,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 11 homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | · |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1433 N. Meridian Street, |
| | | Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | | D 11 C 1: C 1 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 58 | Planned Activities Project Name | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") |
| 58 | | |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 |
| 58 | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name Target Area | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) East |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name Target Area Goals Supported | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) East Community Center Support |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) East Community Center Support Livable Communities |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) East Community Center Support Livable Communities CDBG: \$19,224 |
| | Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed Funding Description Target Date Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities Location Description Planned Activities Project Name Target Area Goals Supported Needs Addressed | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") Housing Revitalization Initiative) North Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation Livable Communities : See project #74 for complete information 12/31/2015 Southeast Community Services Inc. (Com Center) East Community Center Support Livable Communities |

| | Target Date | |
|----|-----------------------------|---|
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 500 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 901 E Shelby St, Indianapolis, IN 46203 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to low and moderate-income residents within |
| | | service area. |
| 60 | Project Name | Outreach, Inc. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Outreach |
| | Needs Addressed | Street Outreach |
| | Funding | ESG: \$17,500 |
| | Description | Provide services to homeless youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| • | Estimate the number and | Outreach will serve 300 youth in 2015. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2822 E New York St, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide services to homeless youth. |
| 61 | Project Name | Salvation Army, An Illinois Corporation (Women & Childrens Center) |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Shelter Stays |
| | Needs Addressed | Emergency Shelter Assistance |
| | Funding | ESG: \$37,500 |
| | Description | Emergency shelter for homeless families. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The Salvation Army will serve 900 homeless individuals and/or families. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 540 Alabama St, Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | Planned Activities | Emergency shelter for homeless families. |
| 62 | Project Name | Southeast Community Services Inc United Funding |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Needs Addressed | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Funding | ESG: \$81,200 |
| | Description | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at risk of |
| | | homelessness. This project will be a united partnership with eight |
| | | community centers. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | The arrange will core 75 persons |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | | The program will serve 75 persons. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 901 E Shelby St |
| | | Indianapolis, IN |
| | Planned Activities | Provide homelessness prevention services to clients at risk of |
| | | homelessness. This project will be a united partnership with eight |
| | | community centers. |
| 63 | Project Name | Recycle Force |
| | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Needs Addressed | Prevention and Stabilization |
| | Funding | ESG: \$31,500 |
| | Description | Workforce Inc dba Recycle Force - Provide activities to low and |
| | | moderate-income individuals at-risk of homelessness. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | RecycleForce will serve 50 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1125 Brookside Avenue, Suite D12 |
| | - | Indianapolis, Indiana 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Workforce Inc dba Recycle Force - Provide activities to low and |
| | | moderate-income individuals at-risk of homelessness. |
| 64 | Project Name | 2015 UNSAFE BUILDINGS |
| | Target Area | North |
| | S | Norteast |
| | | East |
| | | South |
| | | West |
| | | Northwest |
| | | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | DMD Properties |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$300,000 |
| | Description | Demolish DMD-owned properties that pose a health and safety threat to |
| | _ comp.ion | the community in an effort to eliminate slum and blight. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Estimated \$10,000 demolition fee per property - totalling 30 properties |
| | type of families that will | demolished. |
| | benefit from the proposed | demonstred. |
| | activities | |
| | | City wide |
| | Location Description | City-wide. |

| | Planned Activities | Demolish DMD-owned properties that pose a helath and safety threat to |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | | the community in an effort to elininate slum and blight. |
| 65 | Project Name | INHP DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Down Payment Assistance |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$283,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for downpayment assistance. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership will assist 40 |
| | type of families that will | households. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 3550 N Washington Blvd, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for down payment assistance. |
| 66 | Project Name | Pogues Run |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$500,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding to grassroots initiatives designed to reclaim the benefits |
| | | of Indianapolis' waterways; to provide opportunities for physical, human |
| | | and economic development. Pogues Run is the first of the Reclaiming |
| | | Our Waterways Initiative. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The funding will complete 1 project. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Target Area East will be the location of the first project. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to grassroots initiatives designed to reclaim the benefits |
| | | of Indianapolis' waterways; to provide opportunities for physical, human |
| | | and economic development. Pogues Run is the first of the Reclaiming |
| | | Our Waterways Initiative. |
| 67 | Project Name | BARTH BRIDGE |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$500,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding to grassroots initiatives designed to reclaim the benfits |
| | | of Indianapolis' waterways; to provide opportunities for physical, |
| | | humand and economic development. |
| | Target Date | 3/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | One revitalization project will be completed. |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | type of families that will | One revitanzation project win be completed. |
| | · - | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | TI III III NIDOA |
| | Location Description | The area will target the East NRSA. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to grassroots initiatives designed to reclaim the benfits |
| | | of Indianapolis' waterways; to provide opportunities for physical, |
| | | humand and economic development. |
| 68 | Project Name | United Way of Central Indiana |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$18,900 |
| | Description | Provide funding to support the database for community development |
| | | statistics and information (SAVI). |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The data system is expected to assist 30 service providers and the |
| | type of families that will | community at-large. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 3901 N. Meridian Street |
| | _ | Indianapolis, IN 46208-0409 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding to support the database for community development |
| | | statistics and information (SAVI). |
| 69 | Project Name | Riley Area Development Corporation (Willard Park Home Ownership |
| | | Phase 3) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$26,010 |
| | Description | Provide funding for thee development of a bike lane to improve |
| | | connectivity in the Willard Park Neighborhood. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | One bike lane will be constructed in the Willard Park neighborhood. |
| | type of families that will | , and the second |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 227 Hendricks Pl, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the development of a bike lane to improve |
| | | connectivity in the Willard Park Neighborhood. |
| 70 | Project Name | Mapleton Fall Creek Area |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Multi-Family Housing |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | | |

| | Funding | CDBG: \$1,000,000 |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of affordable multi-family rental |
| | - | housing. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | No project has been set. It is not known how many units may be created |
| | type of families that will | with this set-aside. |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Mapleton Fall Creek area, but no project has been set at this time. (March |
| | | 2015) |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the creation of affordable multi-family rental |
| | | housing. |
| 71 | Project Name | Acquisition of CSX Railine (Connectivity Trails) |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Public Infrastructure - Neighborhood Improvements |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$1,200,000 |
| | Description | ACQUISITION - Provide funding for acquisition and rails to trails |
| | | conversion. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 1 new trail to be completed as part of rails to trails. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for acquisition for rails to trails conversion. |
| 72 | Project Name | Near Eastside Asset Development Corp. (NEAR) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$480,000 |
| | Description | Provider funding for the creation of 6 units for homeownership. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 6 homeowners will benefit from the activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2236 East 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the creation of 6 units for homeownership. |
| 73 | Project Name | Near North Development Corporation (Southern Crown Hill ("SoCro") |
| | | Housing Revitalization Initiative) |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |

| | Funding | HOME: \$246,000 |
|----|---|--|
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of 6 homeownership units in the Crown |
| | • | Hill Neighborhood. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 6 new homeowners will benefit from the activity. |
| | type of families that will | · |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1433 N. Meridian Street, |
| | | Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the creation of 6 homeownership units in the Crown |
| | | Hill Neighborhood. |
| 74 | Project Name | Riley Area Development Corporation (Willard Park Home Ownership |
| | | Phase 3) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of 3 homeownership unites as Phase |
| | | three of the Willard Park homeownership project. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Three homeowners will benefit from the project. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Willard Park - 227 Hendricks 46201 |
| | | |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the creation of three homeownership units as Phase |
| L | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | three of the Willard Park homeownership project. |
| 75 | Project Name | WCDC REHAB 2015 |
| | Target Area | Northwest |
| | Goals Supported | Homeownership - Construction/Rehabilitation |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$524,544 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the creation of six units for homeownership. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Six homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities Location Description | 2222 West Mishigan Street Indianagella IN 46222 |
| | Location Description Planned Activities | 2232 West Michigan Street, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |
| 76 | | Provide funding for the creation of six units for homeownership. |
| 76 | Project Name | Riley Area Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Target Area | South |

| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Ten homeowners will benefit from the activity. |
| | type of families that will | · |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 875 Massachusetts Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | | |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 77 | Project Name | Southeast Neighborhood Development |
| 11 | • | |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported Needs Addressed | Owner Occupied Home Repair Livable Communities |
| | | |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 10 homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | 4025 C 1 C 4 C 440 T I I IN 4/202 |
| | Location Description | 1035 Sanders Street Suite 118, Indianapolis, IN 46203 |
| 5 0 | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 78 | Project Name | United Northeast Community Development Corportion |
| | 77 4 4 | (UNECDC)(HOR) |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$160,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities through homesteading. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 10 homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed activities | |
| | Location Description | 3908 Meadows Dr, Indianapolis, IN 46205 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities through homesteading. |
| 79 | | |
| 19 | Project Name | West Indianapolis Community Development Corp (HOR) |
| | Target Area | West Paris |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |

| | Funding | CDBG: \$60,000 |
|----|-------------------------------------|---|
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Four homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | · |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1211 Hiatt Street, Indianapolis, IN 46221 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 80 | Project Name | Westside Community Development Corporation (HOR) |
| | Target Area | Northwest |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$175,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | Eleven (11) homeowners will benefit from this activity. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2232 West Michigan Street, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 81 | Project Name | Edna Martin Christian Center (Education) |
| | Target Area | Norteast |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for the Worksource Training Program (youth |
| | | employment). |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 25 individuals. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2605 E 25th St, Indianapolis, IN 46218 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for the Worksource Training Program (youth |
| | | employment). |
| 82 | Project Name | Outreach, Inc. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | I Variable Dilametica and Danielanniant |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Needs Addressed Funding Description | CDBG: \$17,800 Provide support services to homeless youth. |

| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 70 youth. |
| | type of families that will | 1 0 7 |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2822 E New York St, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide support services to homeless youth. |
| 83 | Project Name | School on Wheels Corporation |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | Provide tutoring to homeless children. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 425 homeless youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2605 E 62nd St #2005, Indianapolis, IN 46220 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide tutoring to homeless youth. |
| 84 | Project Name | Southeast Community Services Inc. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$14,000 |
| | Description | Provide financial coaching, academic support, career coaching, |
| | | entrepreneurship and service training activities to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 500 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 901 E Shelby St, Indianapolis, IN 46203 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide financial coaching, academic support, career coaching, |
| 0. | | entrepreneurship and service training activities to youth. |
| 85 | Project Name | Stopover Inc. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$14,000 |
| | Description | Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |

| | Estimate the number and | The program will corre 27 youth |
|-----|----------------------------|--|
| | | The program will serve 27 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | 2007 F . 401 C I . F |
| | Location Description | 2236 East 10th Street, Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Dlamad Assissis | Drawide anadomic and job verdinant training to |
| 0.0 | Planned Activities | Provide academic and job readiness training to youth. |
| 86 | Project Name | Summer Youth |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$100,000 |
| | Description | Provide academic, college preparedness and job readiness training to |
| | | youth. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 400 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | Various locations to be determined. The City of Indianapolis will work |
| | | in conjunction with other funding agencies to determine agenices that |
| | | offer summer youth employment programs eligible for funding. |
| | Planned Activities | Provide academic, college preparedness and job readiness training to |
| | | youth. |
| 87 | Project Name | Trusted Mentors, Inc. |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | | Youth Employment |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$14,000 |
| | Description | Provide mentors to youth to develop positive life skills. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will serve 50 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 872 Virginia Ave, Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide mentors to youth to develop positive life skills. |
| 88 | Project Name | Riley CHDO |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$29,400 |
| 1 | 1 dildilig | 11\(\tau_1\t |

| | Description | Provide funding for administrative costs for organization with a mission |
|----|----------------------------|--|
| | | of affordable housing development. Organization must be completing CHDO eligible activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 875 Massachusetts Avenue |
| | | Suite 101 |
| | | Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for administrative costs for organization with a mission |
| | | of affordable housing development. Organization must be completing |
| | | CHDO eligible activities |
| 89 | Project Name | Near North CHDO |
| | Target Area | North |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$29,400 |
| | Description | CHDO - Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1433 North Meridian Street, Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |
| 90 | Project Name | Westside CHDO |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | HOME: \$29,400 |
| | Description | CHDO -Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |

| | Location Description | 2232 West Michigan Street, Indianapolis, IN 46222 |
|----|-----------------------------|--|
| | Planned Activities | Fund administrative costs associated with redevelopment of the |
| | | community, including renovation and construction of new |
| | | homeownership opportunities. |
| 91 | Project Name | REHAB SPECIALIST |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Administration and Coordination |
| | Needs Addressed | Administration |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$90,396 |
| | Description | Rehab specialist Admin |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | N/A |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 200 East Washington Street, Suite 2042, Indianapolis, IN 46204 |
| | Planned Activities | Rehab specialist administration costs associated with property |
| | | inspections. |
| 92 | Project Name | Southeast Neighborhood Development CORP |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Owner Occupied Home Repair |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$150,000 |
| | Description | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The project will benefit 10 households. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1035 Sanders Street, Suite 118 |
| | | Indianapolis, Indiana 46203 |
| | Planned Activities | Provide funding for homeowner repair activities. |
| 93 | Project Name | 2015 Mary Rigg Center |
| | Target Area | West |
| | Goals Supported | Youth Education |
| | Needs Addressed | Youth Education and Employment |
| | Funding | CDBG: \$15,000 |
| | Description | homeless prevention |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | The program will benefit 25 youth. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | 4000 W.M C. J. F. F. IV. 4004 |
| | Location Description | 1920 W Morris St, Indianapolis, IN 46221 |

| | Planned Activities | Provide a before and after school program for youth. |
|--|-----------------------------|--|
| 94 Project Name The Whitsett Group (Illinois Senior Homes) | | The Whitsett Group (Illinois Senior Homes) |
| | Target Area | City-wide Initiatives |
| | Goals Supported | Multi-Family Housing |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$425,000 |
| | Description | SENIOR HOMES |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | This will create 10 new units of affordable rental housing. |
| | type of families that will | |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 1352 North Illinois Street, Indianapolis, IN 46202 |
| | Planned Activities | Creation of affordable senior rental housing. |
| 95 | Project Name | Englewood (Oxford Phase I) |
| | Target Area | East |
| | Goals Supported | Multi-Family Housing |
| | Needs Addressed | Livable Communities |
| | Funding | HOME: \$500,000 |
| | Description | construction of rental/mulitp-family housing |
| | Target Date | 12/31/2015 |
| | Estimate the number and | 10 new housing units to be constructed.2913-2925 E. Washington and |
| | type of families that will | 18 S. Parker 46201 |
| | benefit from the proposed | |
| | activities | |
| | Location Description | 2913-2925 E. Washington and 18 S. Parker Indianapolis, IN 46201 |
| | Planned Activities | construction of rental/mulitp-family housing |

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.220(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the entitlement (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

The City of Indianapolis has selected six different Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas. Each of these areas meet the requirements set by HUD, contiguous census tracts, 70 percent of the households earn incomes less than 80 percent HAMFI and have a higher level of distress than the City as a whole. The basis for selecting these areas also include initiatives already in place or part of other City of Indianapolis plans that will take place in these areas. The City of Indianapolis will utilize funding from HUD to support community-wide initiatives, making all federal, local and private funding stretch further.

Geographic Distribution

| Target Area | Percentage of Funds |
|-------------|---------------------|
| North | 34 |
| Norteast | 4 |
| East | 16 |
| South | 3 |
| West | 2 |
| Northwest | 4 |

Table 66 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

In making funding decisions, the City of Indianapolis will give priority to activities that:

- Meet a goal or priority of the 2015-2019 Consolidated Plan;
- Affirmatively further fair housing;
- Support, complement or are consistent with other current local unit of government plans;
- Address underserved populations with the greatest needs including the elderly, disabled, victims of domestic violence and the disenfranchised such as the homeless and the near homeless.
- Are sustainable over time;
- Have demonstrated cooperation and collaboration among government, private nonprofit agencies and the private sector to maximize impacts and reduce administrative costs; and
- Do not have a more appropriate source of funds.

Discussion

Not all funding decisions have been made at the time of draft publication of this document, October 24, 2014. Some projects, such as the Reconnecting Our Waterways intiative, have been delayed. Additional investments will be made into each of the NRSA target areas.

Projects that went to city-wide service agencies were also not counted as part of the NRSA percentages. Since those projects can assist people inside and outside of the NRSA areas, it is difficult to predict how the target areas will be affected prior to the publication of the document. The City of Indianapolis will work towards tracking of these beneficiaries throught its reporting system and include additional questions to future grant applications to better predict these numbers.

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing – 91.220(g)

Introduction

The City of Indianapolis will support the redevelopment of a neighborhood in a holistic manner. The neighborhood redevelopment needs include all types of housing development, public infrastructure improvement, improvement to commercial buildings, business expansion and historic preservation. The combination of initiatives will sustain a neighborhoods growth beyond the investment from the City. The full needs analysis of the Consolidated Plan states the greatest housing need for the population of Indianapolis is for those with a cost burden or severe cost burden. Cost burden occurs when a household pays more than 30 percent of the household's gross monthly income towards housing. Severe cost burden occurs when a household pays more than 50 percent of the household's gross monthly income towards housing. Extremely low-income households, those earning less than 30 percent of the area median income experience these two housing problems at the highest rates and are at risk of homelessness when they cannot afford their housing.

Supporting affordable housing for all persons living within the neighborhood is a high priority for the City of Indianapolis.

| One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported | |
|---|-------|
| Homeless | 610 |
| Non-Homeless | 500 |
| Special-Needs | 90 |
| Total | 1,200 |

Table 67 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

| One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through | | |
|---|-----|--|
| Rental Assistance | 90 | |
| The Production of New Units | 23 | |
| Rehab of Existing Units | 102 | |
| Acquisition of Existing Units | 0 | |
| Total | 215 | |

Table 68 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

Discussion

The project sponsors and the City of Indianapolis enter into one and two-year agreements for the implementation of projects and programs. These agreements are the vehicle for which the above housing goals will be met.

Four different organizations will utilize home funds to create affordable housing through renovation and new constriction. New construction projects will take place as in-fill on vacant properties within the EAST and NORTH target areas.

Local Community Development Corporations will repair owner occupied housing throughout the City of Indianapolis. Many of the home repairs include modifications for homeowners who are aging or have a disability. These repair programs enable homeowners to remain living in their own homes.

The City of Indianapolis will also begin a Tenant Based Rental Assistance Program in 2015. A plan for such a program has not been written. The City will complete a plan in 2015 and then ask local housing providers if they would assist with the implementation of the program.

The remaining housing programs will assist local households will come from the use of HOPWA funds and ESG funding to help those who are homeless or living with HIV to find affordable housing.

AP-60 Public Housing -91.220(h)

Introduction

The Indianapolis Housing Agency is the public housing agency serving Marion County/Indianapolis. The Indianapolis Housing Agency has three programs to assist low-income families with rental housing, public housing communities and the Section 8 Voucher Housing Choice program (Section 8) and a Non-Profit Community Development arm.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

The following are goals and objectives outlined in the 2015-2019 Public Housing Agency Plan that have been set by the Indianapolis Housing Agency.

Goal: Reduce Financial Dependency on HUD Public Housing Subsidy by 30%

- Create a marketing strategy to offer consulting services through IHAs instrumentality to the other Housing Agencies.
- Streamline public housing operations to ensure programs can obtain a High Performer level.
- Improve public housing management (increase PHAS score to 90 or higher)
- Improve Housing Choice Voucher management (increase SEMAP score to 90 or higher)
- Continue to pursue RAD to convert all public housing units
- Pursue opportunities to apply for new grant funded programs, such as the Family Unification Program (FUP) and other programs.
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.
- Aggressively market and lease income-generating assets including the instrumentalities' assets to generate non-public revenue, including hosting training for the affordable housing community, other PHAs and HUD.

Goal: Promote Resident Self-Sufficiency

- Meet face-to-face with every household that reports zero income for a time period longer than 60 consecutive days.
- Continue to build partnerships with local social service agencies and create employee development
 program for Section 8 and property management staff, whereby representatives from partner
 agencies can enhance staff knowledge of area programs available for resident referral
- Continuing the partnership with the Veterans Administration in administering HUD-VASH vouchers and accessing more vouchers when possible upon availability.
- Providing Family Self Sufficiency Programs for eligible Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program and Public Housing participants pursuant to applicable regulations and available funding.
- Establish a formal referral system to local multi-service centers.
- Facilitate and secure memorandum agreements with multi-service centers in the locality or catchment area of IHA communities.
- Apply for federal and non-federal funding to support ongoing and new self-sufficiency initiatives.
- Partner with organizations that provide training to improve the readiness of Section 3 applicants allowing an increase in the pool of qualified Section 3 candidates ready for hire.
- Continue the administration of the Housing Choice Voucher Program Homeownership Program.
- Utilize resident participation funds allocated to IHA to provide workshops/training opportunities for

Resident Council members and attendees.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

Residents living in public housing have a community service requirement. The Community Service requirement is only applicable to residents of public housing properties or residents living in ACC subsidized units at mixed finance properties. No one living in a multifamily property or a project based voucher property or using a tenant based voucher in a market rate unit at a mixed finance property is subject to the Community Service requirement. The Community Service requirement is 8 hours per month for each non-exempt adult (not for each family with a non-exempt adult). One way to meet the requirement is for a resident to work through the Resident Council to help other residents with problems, serving as an officer in an RA, and serving on the RA or Resident Advisory Board.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

The Indianapolis Housing Agency is not designated as troubled.

Discussion

With 5,608 households waiting for public housing and 7,924 households waiting for Housing Choice Vouchers, the Indianapolis Housing Agency is aware and committed to addressing the demand for more affordable housing.

Sixty (60.77) percent of those waiting for public housing units earn an income less than 30 percent HAMFI. Fifty-four (54.86) percent of those waiting for a Housing Choice Voucher earn an income less than 30 percent HAMFI. A third of the households on both waiting lists are households where at least one person present has a disability.

The mission at IHA is to provide low-income families, seniors and persons with disabilities access to decent, safe, affordable housing in Indianapolis. By extension, IHA hopes to fight housing discrimination in the Indianapolis community while leading more Indianapolis citizens to greater self-sufficiency.

In the midst of a recovering housing market, IHA must explore innovative and diverse solutions in a constant effort to serve as many Indianapolis families as possible, as fully as possible. Chasing innovation means executing progressive solutions like mixed-source financing for new developments. It also means establishing mixed-income communities that stabilize public housing neighborhoods while breaking the cycle of concentrated low-income housing in the Indianapolis' urban core.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities - 91.220(i)

Introduction

Since the Blueprint to End Homelessness was first proposed in 2002, the community has made several key strides towards the goal of ending homelessness in Indianapolis. Service providers have proceeded with a focus on collaboration, and as a result case management and coordination have significantly improved. These agencies provide important services for the homeless population, many of which are seen as successes. Job training services are both adequate and plentiful, referral services have dramatically improved, and there is a strong emergency shelter network in place. At a structural level, there are also good signs. Indianapolis, unlike other cities, has enough existing structures that can be renovated and rehabilitated to serve as affordable housing, a more cost-effective option than building new such structures.

When surveyed, the homeless population was supportive of many of the programs in which they had contact. Job training and placement programs were singled out as being both plentiful and helpful. Most of the individuals had experience with shelters, and mentioned them as a good place to go for a program referral. Legal services were widely reported as being useful and available, and Indy Connect was mentioned as a great resource to talk to attorneys.

The updated of the Blueprint to End Homeless, Blueprint 2.0 calls for the Continuum of Care to proactively seek out relationships with homeless and formerly homeless neighbors to connect with policy discussions about the needs of these individuals and families. One of the strategies includes:

. Build awareness and relationships that result in expanded Continuum membership and ensure its representation in important policy discussions

The Indianapolis Continuum of Care believes that having these individuals as part of the decision making process will help with service providers and policy makers find programs that meet the needs of homeless individuals and families and direct funding to those programs.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The City of Indianapolis has seen a rise in the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness from 2013. The 2014 Point in Time Count showed 1,809 people met HUD's definition of homeless. The Point in Time Count was conducted on one of the coldest days in Indianapolis history. In fact, the next day the City of Indianapolis closed City services for the day due to the extreme cold. Many of the local shelters were utilizing winter contingency plans to house as many people as possible. The number of individuals panhandling at interstate corners and other busy streets in the City has also increased.

Through consultation, the Indianapolis Continuum of Care is cautious to say this may be a trend of increased since the number of homeless has remained steady over the past few years. However, the local shelters have been operating with their winter contingency plans year-round to house as many individuals as possible. Priorities and goals in the 2015 - 2019 Consolidated Plan will address the needs of these individuals to get them out of the shelters and transitional housing and into permanent housing. The Indianapolis Continuum

of Care will be more inclusive of all housing developers at every level to ensure the full continuum of housing is addressed, from shelters to permanent housing.

The first touch with homeless individuals and families is through street outreach and at shelters. Finding the needs of these neighbors help service providers and shelters tailor programing, moving people from the street and into shelter or other housing. The City of Indianapolis priority for the five-year plan is to *increase coordination and effectiveness of Street Outreach Services*.

• Serve 250 individuals and families with outreach services. Of those served, 15 percent will meet the definition of "chronic."

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City of Indianapolis has seen a rise in the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness from 2013. The 2014 Point in Time Count showed 1,809 people met HUD's definition of homeless. The Point in Time Count was conducted on one of the coldest days in Indianapolis history. In fact, the next day the City of Indianapolis closed City services for the day due to the extreme cold. Many of the local shelters were utilizing winter contingency plans to house as many people as possible. The number of individuals panhandling at interstate corners and other busy streets in the City has also increased.

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Priorities and goals in the 2015 - 2019 Consolidated Plan will address the needs of these individuals to get them out of the shelters and transitional housing and into permanent housing. The Indianapolis Continuum of Care will be more inclusive of all housing developers at every level to ensure the full continuum of housing is addressed, from shelters to permanent housing.

The first touch with homeless individuals and families is through street outreach and at shelters. Finding the needs of these neighbors help service providers and shelters tailor programing, moving people from the street and into shelter or other housing. The City of Indianapolis priority for the five-year plan is to *increase* coordination and effectiveness of Street Outreach Services.

• Serve 250 individuals and families with outreach services. Of those served, 15 percent will meet the definition of "chronic."

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

See narrative above.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from

publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

See narrative above.

Discussion

The City of Indianapolis mirrored the Consolidated Plan Goals and the Action Plan Goals with the Blueprint to End Homelessness 2.0 goals. This plan aligns with the plan of the Indianapolis Continuum of Care's plan of action to attack the issue of homelessness and the needs of the homeless population. The Indianapolis Continuum of Care works diligently with stakeholders and homeless individuals 1) to develop these strategies 2) develop a method for selecting projects and 3) set up a pipeline of projects to be funded to address the needs in the community. Projects funded with the Emergency Solutions Grant were made to compliment this process.

AP-70 HOPWA Goals - 91.220 (1)(3)

| One year goals for the number of households to be provided housing through the use of HOPWA | |
|---|-----|
| for: | |
| | |
| Short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance to prevent homelessness of the individual or family | 200 |
| Tenant-based rental assistance | 80 |
| Units provided in permanent housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA funds | 0 |
| Units provided in transitional short-term housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with | |
| HOPWA funds | 50 |
| Total | 330 |

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.220(j)

Introduction:

While barriers to affordable housing can come from anywhere, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) recognizes universal barriers. Local and state regulations on zoning and buildings are often the most recognized barriers to affordable housing. With increased regulation comes an increased cost to build housing that meets all regulations.

The Analysis of Impediments did not find any types of zoning that impose limits on housing, such as limits on vinyl siding or appearance of housing and its design. While there may not be any regulatory barriers, the institutional structure currently used to develop affordable housing may face organizational and other non-regulatory barriers to affordable housing development. Consultations with community leaders and stakeholders have suggestions as to the barriers that the hard data may not provide. These include barriers that prevent, or increase the challenge of affordable housing development. The barriers shared by those leaders and stakeholders include:

- High cost of property near accessible communities, such as downtown, make it difficult to develop special needs housing.
- Despite continued development of affordable housing, subsidizing projects large enough to serve households earning 0-30 percent of the area median income without cost burden.
- In conjunction with serving extremely low income households, developers of multi-family tax credits
 are finding it increasingly more difficult acquire enough capital funding to create affordable housing
 that is financial stable over the long term.
- New credit requirements for loaning dollars make creative financing such as that provided by Habitat for Humanity to work for low and moderate-income households wanting homeownership opportunities.
- Increased crime reports have created an image of fear and unsafe environments in urban core neighborhoods in need of private investment and redevelopment.
- Once a low-income household finds affordable housing, the challenges of their economic status often become a burden to sustaining that housing. These households are often transient, moving from rental unit to rental unit because of economic or other hardship. The City of Indianapolis will work with community development corporations and other grass-roots organizations that have developed strong leadership and neighborhood buy-in when investing federal funding. The City of Indianapolis will look to these partners to help overcome these barriers to affordable housing, targeting communities working together to diversify housing options for all income levels. These will be key ingredients to addressing some of the biggest barriers to affordable housing development, such as educating the public and civic leaders about affordable housing, advocating for transportation options in all areas of the community and working together to attract additional subsidy to overcome high cost of housing redevelopment over the long term.

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

Traditional redevelopment has been lead by small non-profit community development corporations at the grass roots level. Some of these organizations have been able to develop large-scale multi-family projects but human capital in any one organization is limited to conducting one or two projects at a time. This may require multiple partners, coordination and strong leadership to address redevelopment at a holistic level. Some ideas to overcome these barriers are:

- Select target areas based on proximity to transportation options and accessibility of public infrastructure
- Attract for-profit developers to partner with non-profit service agencies to develop affordable
 housing development for extremely low-income families; connecting services and rental assistance
 with new developments
- Address the accessibility needs of public infrastructure in communities with affordable housing development, such as adding curb ramps and crumbling sidewalks.
- Find additional subsidy dollars to help extremely low income households and special needs households afford rental units without a cost burden
- Advocate for public and private transportation options for low income families living outside of
 walking distance of amenities needed for daily living, such as grocery stories, health care and
 employment options
- Feed positive stories to media outlets to counter negative stories oriented from the urban core

Discussion:

The City of Indianapolis will work with community development corporations and other grass-roots organizations that have developed strong leadership and neighborhood buy-in when investing federal funding. The City of Indianapolis will look to these partners to help overcome these barriers to affordable housing, targeting communities working together to diversify housing options for all income levels. These will be key ingredients to addressing some of the biggest barriers to affordable housing development, such as educating the public and civic leaders about affordable housing, advocating for transportation options in all areas of the community and working together to attract additional subsidy to overcome high cost of housing redevelopment over the long term.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.220(k)

Introduction:

With the many challenges facing the City of Indianapolis, the City has developed some general goals to offer flexibility in programming for all communities and increase the coordination among service providers. Under each priority is a list of goals and strategies that will meet needs of communities in all parts of Marion County, including the six Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas. While some strategies may not be applicable to NRSA or target area, each area or community can find a goal that will meet their specific needs.

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

The primary challenge for the City of Indianapolis is to reach the underserved people in the community, which is people with special needs, particularly those living with a disability. Many groups that serve the general population also serve persons with disabilities as part of their programs. However, the demand for services exceeds the level of services being provided.

Through consultation, many of these organizations mentioned low funding levels as the reason for a shortage of services. Human capital reaching its maximum level was also another common thread among consultations. The City of Indianapolis and its partners will need to seek additional funding to for its initiatives assisting those with special needs.

The City of Indianapolis has already started this process by converting its home repair grant program to a loan program. Homeowners seeking assistance from the City of Indianapolis must agree to a 30-year no interest, no payment lien on their property before receiving assistance. Loans are to be paid back from net sale proceeds when the property transfers ownership. The idea behind this change is to create a future funding resource when either funding is more limited or other initiatives in the community become a priority. The City of Indianapolis will need to continue developing programs favorable lending programs and finding additional resources that can sustain and grow programming.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

The primary strategy in 2015 to 2019 for the City of Indianapolis will be to close the gap on housing for households earning less than 30 percent of the area median income. So few housing units are available and affordable to this income bracket that it is essential to families living in poverty to have more housing options. And, the new housing options must be closer to work, transportation options and public amenities such grocery stores, health care and schools.

Goals to work towards affordable housing include:

- 1. Support owner occupied repair/rehab through loans to persons earning less than 80 percent MFI.
- 2. Support the development of multi-family housing with low-income housing tax credits that improve the quality of aging urban housing.
- 3. Create a wider range of housing opportunities for households living with disabilities through Tenant Based Rental Assistance.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

The City of Indianapolis utilizes two sources of funding to address lead paint hazards in the community,

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding and a Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant.

- Families can access CDBG funding through local organizations offering repair assistance. Lead
 hazards will be reduced according to federal lead paint hazard regulations. This primarily benefits
 homeowners.
- Families needing to address lead hazards only, or have a significant repair that requires abatement, can also receive help through the Lead Hazard Reduction Demonstration Grant. This is available to renter families or homeowners.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

Tackling poverty is one of the most important factors in reducing social exclusion and improving the lives of our residents. Poverty leads to a cycle of hunger, housing challenges and crime in the community that is often difficult to break. This strategy is crucial for demonstrating the City of Indianapolis' commitment to tackling poverty. The City of Indianapolis, in partnership with the business, neighborhood groups and local foundations, will strive for the goals and strategies below to help households stay out of poverty or become self-sufficient and elevate themselves from living in poverty.

- Promote economic empowerment by supporting Centers for Working Families.
- Create jobs through local incentives
- Provide housing at a sustainable level for both developers and struggling families.
- Support quality pre-school education for very low income households unable to begin educational opportunities prior to children's ability to enter the public school system.

Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The primary challenge for the City of Indianapolis is to reach the underserved people in the community, which is people with special needs, particularly those living with a disability. Many groups that serve the general population also serve persons with disabilities as part of their programs. However, the demand for services exceeds the level of services being provided.

Through consultation, many of these organizations mentioned low funding levels as the reason for a shortage of services. Human capital reaching its maximum level was also another common thread among consultations. The City of Indianapolis and its partners will need to seek additional funding to for its initiatives assisting those with special needs.

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Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

The Indianapolis Continuum of Care is the primary way housing providers and social service providers may connect. The group is open to the input from developers and service providers alike when it comes to the provision of affordable housing for those earning extremely low incomes.

The other method by which the City of Indianapolis encourages partnerships between public and private housing and social service agencies is through the project selection process. Projects with private and public partnerships and financial resources receive a preference for CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA funding over those agencies working alone. Housing developments that connect residents to social services also receive a higher priority for funding. The financial pressure to partner has encouraged communication among housing and social service providers on a greater scale than in the past.

Discussion:

The Annual Action Plan will address many items as noted in the previous discussion points. However, as a recipient of HUD funds, City of Indianapolis certifies it will affirmatively further fair housing choice by conducting an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified, and maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions taken in this regard. The City is committed to ensuring fair housing choice for all residents within its jurisdiction. The City of Indianapolis an Analysis of Fair Housing in October 2014 for public comment and initiatives in that document will run through fiscal years 2015 thru 2019.

The Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing evaluated regulations as to zoning and planning regulations and their impact on housing. The Analysis of Impediments did not find any types of zoning that impose limits on housing, such as limits on vinyl siding or appearance of housing and its design. The study has found that the following impediments to fair housing choice exist within the City of Indianapolis:

- Discrimination found in Marion County is not blatant enough for a victim to recognize it other than through paired testing.
- The City of Indianapolis, Office of Equal Opportunity is not a Substantially Equivalent Organization, which prevents possible funding resources.
- The City of Indianapolis, among its departments, has not had the human capital able to affirmatively further fair housing in a meaningful way.
- The City of Indianapolis, Office of Equal Opportunity has found many of the complaints are filed because of tenant/landlord tensions and miscommunications, typically involving small landlords.
- REO owned properties in neighborhoods of color were more likely to be in disrepair than those in white comparison communities.
- Older housing stock is difficult for persons with disabilities to not only live in, but to visit.
- Persons with disabilities, require housing subsidies to afford housing in Indianapolis, yet many landlords in neighborhoods of high concentrations of white populations will not accept Housing Choice Vouchers.

The City of Indianapolis, as a recipient of HUD funding, must take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of the impediments identified within this plan and maintain records reflecting the analysis and actions taken. The Analysis of Impediments lists specific actions the City will monitor over the next five years.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.220(1)(1,2,4)

Introduction:

The City of Indianapolis receives four different entitlement grants from HUD, the Community Development Block Grant (\$8,000,000 per year), the HOME Investment Partnerships Program Grant (\$3,000,000 per year), the Emergency Solutions Grant (\$690,000 per year) and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with HIV/AIDS (\$940,000 per year). These grants are known as CDBG, HOME, ESG and HOPWA, respectively. This section refers to program specific requirements that HUD requires all cities reciving CDBG, HOME and ESG to report.

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(1)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

| 1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next | |
|---|-----------|
| program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed | 289,525 |
| 2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to | |
| address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan. | 884,195 |
| 3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements | 0 |
| 4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not | |
| been included in a prior statement or plan | 2,042 |
| 5. The amount of income from float-funded activities | 0 |
| Total Program Income: | 1,175,761 |

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities

0

2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.

79.28%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.220(l)(2)

- 1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:
 - The Tenant Based Rental Assistance Plan was not developed at the time of the publication of this document. Expected completion of this plan is February 2015.
- 2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

The Resale Provision

- 1. This provision will be enforced when ownership of a HOME assisted unit is sold with no HOME direct buyer subsidy provided to the purchaser. The resale provision ensures that a HOME-assisted property remains affordable during the entire period of affordability. The length of the period of affordability is determined by the amount of HOME funds provided as development subsidy.
- 2. The affordability period is terminated should any of the following events occur: foreclosure, transfer in lieu of foreclosure or assignment of a FHA insured mortgage to HUD. The original housing developer may use purchase options, rights of first refusal or other preemptive rights to purchase the housing before foreclosure to preserve affordability.
- 3. Project Sponsors will be required to initiate a declaration of covenants to enforce the terms of the resale provision
- 4. During the period of affordability, the property must be sold to another income qualified person.
- 5. The purchaser must occupy the property as their primary residence.
- 6. The original homeowner is guaranteed a fair return on their investment. If the homeowner wants to sell the property during the period of affordability, he/she must contact the HOME Grant Manager and provide the following information: original HUD-1, current mortgage statement, and documentation of capital improvements.

Note: The City will allow up to 80% of the documented* value of capital improvements. The list of allowable capital improvements is as follows:

- Room addition (bedroom, bathroom, family room)
- Refurbishment/modernization of kitchens or bathrooms, limited to built-in new appliances, cabinets, or flooring
- Addition of porches or decks
- Installation of central air conditioning or new heating equipment
- Major re-plumbing or upgrading or electrical service
- Landscaping
- Sprinkler system

*Homeowner must have itemized receipts for capital improvements. If receipts do not exist, then the costs are not eligible.

7. Subsequent buyers of properties with the resale provision will be required to abide by the resale restrictions for the remaining period of affordability. A homeowner may sell the property after the period of affordability without any restrictions or regulations.

See Recapture Provision in the narrative below.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

The Recapture Provision

Under the recapture guidelines, the City of Indianapolis will recapture all or a portion of the direct HOME subsidy if the HOME recipient decides to sell.

The sale of the property during the affordability period triggers repayment of any net proceeds (sales price minus loan repayments that are superior to HOME and any closing costs) up to the amount of direct HOME subsidy that the buyer received when he/she originally purchased the home. If there are no net proceeds or the net proceeds are insufficient to recapture the full amount of HOME investment due, the amount subject to will be limited to what is available from net proceeds.

- 1. The buyer subsidy is needed when a gap exists between what the buyer can afford and the value of the home plus closing costs. The buyer subsidy will be accounted for when the value of the home is reduced to make it affordable (Fair Market Value Reduction), closing costs are paid, down payment assistance is provided, or a credit is provided to the buyer from the amount due to the seller at closing.
- 2. Project sponsors will be required to initiate a mortgage and promissory note in the amount of the HOME buyer subsidy with the City of Indianapolis, Department of Metropolitan Development as the mortgager and the homebuyer as the mortgagee.
- 3. This loan will be a zero percent interest deferred payment loan and in most cases in second position. Loan documents will state that the loan amount is due and payable from available net sale proceeds when the homeowner is no longer the principal resident of the house. Loan documents will specify that if ownership is transferred due to sale of the property during the period of affordability, payment shall be made to the City from available net sale proceeds. If the original buyer is in non-compliance at any time during the period of affordability, the full loan amount will be immediately due and payable to the City of Indianapolis.
- 4. The purchaser must occupy the property as their primary residency during the period of affordability.

See Resale Provision in the narrative above.

4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:

The City of Indianapolis will not use HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 91.220(1)(4)

- 1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment) See attached policies.
- 2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system. All projects receiving funding through the Continuum of Care must utilize the HMIS system. ClientTrack for HMIS is a sophisticated, comprehensive case management and housing solution that focuses on meeting the needs of HMIS (Health Management Information System) continuum member agencies. ClientTrack is a HUD Compliant solution that enables HMIS coalitions to deliver critical emergency shelter and housing services while collecting all required HUD APR and AHAR data. The application can be tailored to meet the unique needs of all organizations in a continuum.
- Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).
 See attached policies.
- 4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.
 The City of Indianapolis has allocated 50 percent of is ESG allotment to outreach services. The City of Indianapolis hopes that by allocated more than the requirement, they will meet the 40 percent regulatory requirement if one or more program providers do not utilize all the funding allotted in 2015.
- Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG. See attached policies.

Discussion:

The City of Indianapolis will fund projects in 2015 that address the needs outlined in the Consolidated Plan. At least 70 percent of the funds allocated in fiscal year 2014 will help low and moderate-income households directly or indirectly from neighborhood infrastructure improvements. Projects that target extremely low-income households, those earning less than 30 percent of the area median income will receive higher priority for funding.

Attachments

Citizen Participation Comments

Summary of Public Comments:

Comment #1: I would to thank you for the opportunity you gave accessABILITY and the Back Home in Indiana Alliance to provide input in the planning process. This is a good beginning to incorporate the needs of people with disabilities and conditions of aging in the Con Plan, however, we would like to see more disability organizations included in the future, and would be happy to provide you with names and contact information to assist you in this endeavor.

City Response: It is important to get input from a broad spectrum of the community as the Consolidated Plan covers housing and community development needs for all persons. Citizen input included focus group meetings, community stakeholder interviews, public surveys, and public meetings. Names of organizations with contact information can be sent to: CED-Consolidated Plan, 200 East Washington Street, Suite 2042, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

Comment #2: All shelters, as required in the ADA, should have access if their services are not to a private group of individuals, and those getting government funding have the additional onus of accessibility requirements. We recommend NO public funds be provided to any shelter/program that is not fully accessible to all people with disabilities as required in the Americans with Disabilities Act.

City Response: Community Economic Development Staff will work with organizations and emergency shelters that receive federal funding through the City of Indianapolis to educate them on the Americans with Disabilities Act requirements in relation to receiving federal funds.

Comment #3: In the Con Plan's "Needs Assessment of Non-Homeless with Special Needs," information is lacking on the housing and supportive service needs of people with disabilities. Additionally, it is stated that Medicaid Waivers cover rental payments (p. 74), which is incorrect. Waivers pay for the support services needed for an individual with a disability/condition of aging to live as independently as possible in the community. In Marion County alone, the number of individuals on SSI nearly reaches 26,000.

City Response: Public comment is correct: Medicaid Waivers do not cover rent payments. This has been corrected in the document.

Comment #4: The TBRA for non-homeless special needs population is a wonderful idea. But, again, if the City's most challenging population to serve is people with disabilities who represent the greatest affordable housing need due to significant cost burden, I recommend the City serve/fund 100 households, not 50.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis is proposing to fund a pilot tenant based rental assistance program for persons with disabilities in 2015 with \$50,000 of HOME funds. The process requires the development of a TBRA plan that must be reviewed and approved by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. This pilot program

will be implemented in 2015 and evaluated upon completion. If the program is deemed successful and the need continues to exist, the City will consider a funding an application to continue and/or increase the funding for the TBRA program.

Comment #5: Fair housing rates should be reviewed and new construction in Marion County, specifically apartments downtown and on major bus lines, include affordable (30% AMI), accessible units.

<u>City Response</u>: HUD publishes the Fair Market Rents for Indianapolis. HUD programs that are included as part of the Consolidated Planning process adhere to fair market rents and/or HOME rents. Projects funded with HUD grant programs must be financially feasible and operate sufficiently. While the City encourages housing projects that include units for extremely low-income households, it is impossible and inappropriate to mandate it due to project feasibility, specifically for private funded developments.

When projects apply for funding from the City of Indianapolis, those that offer apartments affordable to extremely low-income households are given preference for funding, so long as the development is financially feasible and the developer has the capacity to build and operate the property.

Comment #6: The Indianapolis Housing Agency (IHA) should establish a Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) preference for people with disabilities (10% of HCV returned are allocated toward households with people with disabilities).

City Response: IHA is separate governmental agency outside of the City of Indianapolis agency. IHA's response to this comment is as follows: IHA's jurisdiction is within Marion County and the Agency Plan states that, IHA provides Section 8 Project based vouchers assistance for up to 20% of the baseline total units. The IHA and the Section 8 Program, which includes adopting strategies for utilization of the program, is to increase the supply of affordable housing units. IHA has received an overall performance rating of HIGH, which indicates the maximum utilization of available funding provided to the Section 8 Program. However, in the past, IHA has leveraged other affordable housing resources in the community by jointly applying for funding with Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority (IHCDA) for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities. IHA is committed to collaborating with IHCDA and other agencies should funding become available in the future. Additionally, IHA utilizes a lottery system to determine placement on the waiting list therefore, the use of preferences or set-aside vouchers is prohibited. No changes will be made in the 2015 annual plan.

Comment #7: Disability Awareness/Culture training should be required of Trustee and office staff.

City Response: The Trustees are elected officials. The City of Indianapolis has no authority over the Trustees or their staffs. However, the City plans to fund fair housing training sessions in 2015 and the Trustees Offices will be invited to attend.

Comment #8: Focus on developing communities where any resident can reside, using Universal Design standards (visitable, no threshold units, access to first floor bathroom, accessible sidewalks, etc.).

City Response: The City will convene a task force to research these concepts and make recommendations.

Comment #9: Provide down payment assistance for people with disabilities

<u>City Response</u>: The City funds the Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership (INHP) to administer a homebuyer assistance program with HOME funds. INHP's Homeownership program includes down payment assistance for persons earning less than 80 percent of the area median family income. All persons interested in homeownership are encouraged to apply, including persons with disabilities.

Comment #10: The City should fund "aging in place" initiatives.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis through its Department of Metropolitan Development (DMD) holds an annual open competitive process for applicants to request funding for development projects, supportive services and economic development activities. Applications for funding include all evaluation criteria used to make funding decisions. Applications that successfully compete for funding will be recommended to receive funding through this process. We have not received any applications for aging in place initiatives outside of homeowner repair activities.

Primary recipients of home repair activities tend to be seniors in need of major repairs

The City of Indianapolis through its Department of Metropolitan Development (DMD) holds an annual open competitive process for applicants to request funding for development projects, supportive services and economic development activities. Applications for funding include all evaluation criteria used to make funding decisions. It is important to note that the application identifies the following funding priorities:

Coordinated and Leveraged Investments

Align policies and projects through the synchronization of federal funds with public and private funding streams and partnerships with Anchor Intuitions to enhance the financial feasibility and provide cost-effective measures to projects within the neighborhood.

2. Comprehensive Revitalization Strategies

Develop a multi-faceted redevelopment approach to better integrate neighborhood stabilization programs, private market activity and promising trends, linking multiple activities strategically into a comprehensive effort.

Support of vibrant communities

Demonstrate the project utilizes the character and history of the neighborhood revitalization development plans, will strengthen the physical texture of the neighborhood

and creates new residential and commercial opportunities through the augmentation of the built environment, to entice persons of all income levels to choose Indy.

Enhanced Access to Economic Opportunities
 Improve economic competitiveness through the development of improved physical and financial access to employment and educational centers, and expand business access to

Support business expansion and new businesses by job creation activities as well as create opportunities for citizens to apply for new jobs..

local and state markets.

- 5. Development of Safe, Affordable, Decent Housing Expand housing choices for people of all ages, incomes, races, and ethnicities, providing access to safe, affordable and decent residential options (through either rental or homeownership programs) that will increase mobility and lower the combined cost of housing and transportation.
- Proximity to, and utilization of natural resources
 Ensure development supports natural resources such as a public park and creates or maintains access to nearby public green spaces.
- Augmentation of Transportation Choices
 Promote the use of and access to safe, reliable, and economical transportation choices, and enhance walkability to decrease household transportation costs and promote public health

Comment #11: Allocate funds to keep people with disabilities/conditions of aging in their homes and add them as a population group under "Prevention and Stabilization".

<u>City Response</u>: Prevention and Stabilization is an Indianapolis Priority to prevent homelessness with Emergency Solutions Grant. The City of Indianapolis intends to help homeowners, particularly people with disabilities and senior citizens with home modifications through the Livable Communities priority.

Comment #12: Add "people with disabilities" under "Emergency Shelter Assistance" and present as a higher funding priority due to inaccessibility of homeless shelters and high denial of reasonable accommodation request from shelter staff.

<u>City Response:</u> The numbering of the priorities is a numerical system. All priorities are of the high. The numerical references have been removed to avoid further confusion.

Comment #13: Under "Influence of Market Conditions" lien be reduced to 5 to 10 years from 30 years for participation in Owner Occupied Repair for accessibility home modifications. I ask that the City decrease the lien placed on households utilizing the accessibility home modifications funding be reduced to 5 or 10 years from 30 years. The

30 year lien DOES NOT affirmatively further fair housing and only contributes to families being trapped in a vicious cycle of poverty.

City Response: The City will convene owner occupied repair providers to discuss loan terms, program implementation, and possible modifications to the existing program that currently requires a 0% deferred payment loan for a 30-year term. The current program does not violate any fair housing laws and does not impede a person's right to fair housing choice. Homeowner's that are below 80% of the area median family income and in need of repairs to their homes such as furnace repair/replacement, new roof, plumbing repairs, etc. can apply to a CDBG funding homeowner repair provider for a 0% deferred payment loan for the cost of the repairs. There is no interest accumulated, and no payments due unless the house is sold or transferred to another owner within 30 years. If there is sufficient equity from the sale or transfer of the property, the loan is due and payable. If here is not sufficient equity, the loan is written off. After 30 years, the loan is forgiven.

Comment #14: To date, specifically within the downtown area, I do not see funds being included or invested in developments which offer housing opportunities to people with disabilities of low or very low income. Slowly these individuals are being priced out of this area of the City which is very concerning because this is an area of Indianapolis where environmental/architectural accessibility and transportation barriers are typically at a minimum. Therefore, please direct/allocate funds that will support development of mixed-income properties within the downtown area reversing the current trend of pricing out individuals with disabilities and other underserved populations.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis through its Department of Metropolitan Development (DMD) holds an annual open competitive process for applicants to request funding for development projects, supportive services and economic development activities. Applications for funding include all evaluation criteria used to make funding decisions. It is important to note that the application identifies the following funding priorities:

- Coordinated and Leveraged Investments
 Align policies and projects through the synchronization of federal funds
 with public and private funding streams and partnerships with Anchor
 Intuitions to enhance the financial feasibility and provide cost-effective
 measures to projects within the neighborhood.
- Comprehensive Revitalization Strategies
 Develop a multi-faceted redevelopment approach to better integrate neighborhood stabilization programs, private market activity and promising trends, linking multiple activities strategically into a comprehensive effort.
- 3. Support of vibrant communities

Demonstrate the project utilizes the character and history of the neighborhood revitalization development plans, will strengthen the physical texture of the neighborhood and creates new residential and commercial opportunities through the augmentation of the built environment, to entice persons of all income levels to choose Indy.

Enhanced Access to Economic Opportunities
 Improve economic competitiveness through the development of improved physical and financial access to employment and educational centers, and expand business access to local and state markets.

Support business expansion and new businesses by job creation activities as well as create opportunities for citizens to apply for new jobs...

- 5. Development of Safe, Affordable, Decent Housing Expand housing choices for people of all ages, incomes, races, and ethnicities, providing access to safe, affordable and decent residential options (through either rental or homeownership programs) that will increase mobility and lower the combined cost of housing and transportation.
- Proximity to, and utilization of natural resources
 Ensure development supports natural resources such as a public park and creates or maintains access to nearby public green spaces.
- Augmentation of Transportation Choices
 Promote the use of and access to safe, reliable, and economical transportation choices, and enhance walkability to decrease household transportation costs and promote public health.

Affordable housing and access to transportation have been will continue to be funding priorities. Applications that successfully compete for funding will be recommended to receive funding through this process.

Comment #15: I recommended that Indianapolis take action to eliminate impediments to fair housing by offering/conducting annual fair housing trainings for people with disabilities, landlords and other property staff within the City, and developers receiving funds from the City. This could easily be done by either contracting with an organization, such as the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana, or by becoming a significant financial supporter/sponsor of the FHCCI's Annual Fair Housing Conference hosted in Indianapolis. In doing so, the City would be abiding by its proposed Strategic Plan and supporting the Consolidated Plan's Fair Housing priority.

City Response: The City agrees with this comment and was a financial sponsor of the FHCCI Fair Housing Conference for the first time in 2014. The City will again financially sponsor this event in 2015. In addition, on page 100 of the draft Indianapolis

Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing (AI), it states that the City will Provide fair housing education to landlords and property managers through by-annual education trainings/seminars.

Comment #16: I want to say kudos to the City for supporting the establishment of a Source of Income protection ordinance and Visibility ordinance for new residential construction!!! I, too, support both of these resolutions to impediments to fair housing.

<u>City Response</u>: To clarify, the City has not taken a stance on these issues. The AI calls for a task force to be developed to study the idea of source of income as a protection ordinance and a visibility ordinance. These topics need to be studied, stakeholders must have the opportunity to provide input, and recommendations will be made through a task force process.

Comment #17: I encourage the City to enforce snow removal policies more regularly, because this would lead to a more livable community for everyone, and especially make the community more accessible for those with disabilities.

City Response: The Snow Removal Ordinance referenced in the comment above reads as follows:

Sec. 431-106. - Clearing snow and ice from sidewalks.

(a)The occupant of any premises, and the owner of any unoccupied premises, are required to keep the sidewalks in front of or adjacent to such premises cleared, so far as is practicable and reasonable, from snow and ice in order to facilitate pedestrian use of such sidewalks. The word "occupant," as used in this section, shall be deemed to mean the person occupying for business, residence or other purposes the first floor of any building situated on the premises so occupied; and if the first floor of any building is not occupied, then such premises shall be deemed and held to be unoccupied and the owner or lessee of the entire premises shall be required to keep the sidewalks in front of or adjacent to the premises reasonably cleared from snow and ice.

(b)In case snow or ice has accumulated or fallen on any sidewalk or is continuing to fall after 7:00 p.m., it shall be removed, if practical to do so, or a sufficient path be cleared by the occupant or owner before 9:00 a.m. of the following day. If any snow or ice has fallen or accumulated on any sidewalk after 9:00 a.m., it shall be removed or a path cleared by the occupant or owner by 7:00 p.m. of such day, if the snow has ceased to fall by that time. In either of the foregoing events, the occupant or owner shall be deemed and held to have complied with the provisions of this section.

(c) Any person violating any of the provisions of this section, upon conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00).

The City agency responsible for enforcement of this ordinance is the Department of Code Enforcement.

Comment #18: It might be of interest to know the ages of those with significant cost burdens. For instance, some have alleged that many of our seniors are experiencing

significant cost burdens late in life which are limiting their ability to stay in the homes they have lived in for decades. This is impacting housing choice and forcing our seniors into nursing homes when they could otherwise continue residing in the housing of their choice.

City Response: The source of data for cost burden is from HUD and it does not provide such data by age. The data from HUD is only available by household type.

Comment #19: Page 39, line 2 & 3 in the draft AI references that the majority of affordable homes are in Center Township. The FHCCI questions if those homes are move-in ready homes or are these homes which are currently empty but will need substantial rehabilitation in order to occupy? These homes may be affordable to purchase, but to get to basic health and safety code requirements, these homes may require substantial funds which prices most of those who are low to moderate income from purchasing these homes. In addition, the downtown area which is referenced throughout this report as having a significant building boom, particularly as it relates to apartment units, is not affordable. Despite federal, state, and local public funds and/or incentives being used to build many of these units, there have been relatively few buildings with mixed-income housing units. The downtown is extremely unaffordable to those of low to moderate income, despite it being a prime location for transportation and jobs.

<u>City Response</u>: The data in this section is referring to owner-occupied homes. This was unclear in the draft document and a sentence was added to clarify that this is in reference to owner-occupied units, not vacant homes.

Comment #20: The references to population decrease may be due to the number of foreclosures and currently vacant and abandoned homes. Within this AI, this is little reference to the incredible problem in Marion County post-foreclosure crisis regarding the significant number of vacant and/or abandoned homes, particularly in the neighborhoods of color.

City Response: Addressing vacant and abandoned homes is a priority for the City of Indianapolis. The City recently entered into an agreement with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell land bank homes through an open transparent process. These homes were previous vacant tax delinquent properties that are a portion of the abandoned housing problem in Indianapolis. The City and Renew Indianapolis work to sell these homes to individuals, investors and non-profit organizations to get them redeveloped and returned to the tax rolls. The City also invests HOME funds annually to acquire and redevelop vacant abandoned houses to sell or lease to low/moderate income households. Many of the actions taken to address this issue are included in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan.

Comment #21: Housing Market: Nowhere in this report is there significant mention that the City of Indianapolis has been named in recent years as one of the "most emptiest cities in America" due to the number of vacant and/or abandoned homes. This report should not only identify this significant impediment to housing choice, but also identify

the numbers of vacant home, most of which are uninhabitable without significant rehabilitation funds. In addition, the report should note where the majority of the homes are located? Racial make up of the neighborhoods? Differences in homeownership rates pre- and post-foreclosure crisis in the neighborhoods of color? What is the City doing, or going to do, to get these vacant homes occupied? These issues are all missing from the AT

2012 in Forbes: http://www.forbes.com/pictures/mkk45ffdm/indianapolis-in/http://www.forbes.com/sites/joannmuller/2012/03/30/americas-emptiest-cities/2011 in CNN: http://www.cnbc.com/id/44860467?slide=10

City Response: This data is not a required data component of the AI and therefore is not included. It is however, a component of Indianapolis' Action Plan. Data shows that there is a housing surplus in Indianapolis and the majority of the vacant and abandoned homes are located in Center Township where the majority of Indianapolis' HUD funding is invested. Addressing vacant and abandoned homes is a priority for the City of Indianapolis. The City recently entered into an agreement with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell land bank homes through an open transparent process. These homes were previous vacant tax delinquent properties that are a portion of the abandoned housing problem in Indianapolis. The City and Renew Indianapolis work to sell these homes to individuals, investors and non-profit organizations to get them redeveloped and returned to the tax rolls. The City also invests HOME funds annually to acquire and redevelop vacant abandoned houses to sell or lease to low/moderate income households. Many of the actions taken to address this issue are included in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan. The AI does include a recommendation to continue working with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell homes to homeowners.

Comment #21: It should be noted that:

- In October, the Indianapolis Housing Agency opened its housing assistance voucher list for the first time in over a decade. In a 3-day period, they had over 45,000 applicants for a lottery to get on a 6,000 person waiting list to get 1,000 vouchers. This shows an incredible demand for affordable housing in our community.
- · As noted in the FHCCI's recent Section 8 Testing Audit Report:
 - According to Census and HUD data, there were 159,157 rental units in Marion County in 2013. The racial component of these households was 53% white, 36% black, 9% Hispanic, and 2% other. Households of single mothers with minor children present comprised 10.3% of the rentals. In contrast, there were 7,247 housing choice voucher households in Marion County, indicating that housing choice holders made up only 4.6% of total renters. However, the racial demographics were more striking with voucher holders being 89% black, 8% white, 1% Hispanic and 1% other. Female headed households with children comprised 56% of voucher holders in Marion County, while persons with disabilities comprised 18%. Thirty-one percent of voucher holders were persons 51 years of age or over as heads of household. Area voucher holders were also extremely

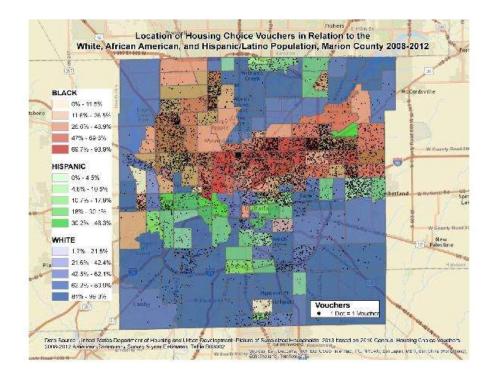
stable renters having resided at their current housing unit on average 81 months according to the HUD data.

The November 2014 FHCCI Section 8 Rental Testing Audit Report notes: A recent report by the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana found that persons using housing vouchers, in particular, face significant barriers when trying to find housing outside high poverty areas. The report notes that 82% of tested properties in Marion County refused Section 8 voucher recipients. In the majority white areas, there was a 90% refusal rate. People should not be denied opportunities for safe, affordable housing just because they get help to pay their rent. Note: This was not a City funded testing

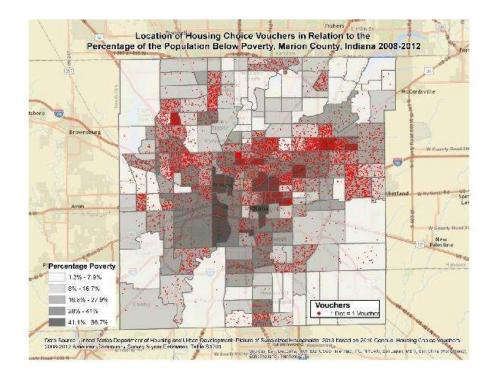
<u>City Response</u>: This information is included in Appendix B of the AI. The City of Indianpolis has included a recommendation to pay for and perform additional testing related to Section 8.

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The map below shows the location of voucher households in Marion County and that the vast majority of voucher holders are located in the highly segregated neighborhoods of color in Marion County. The FHCCI questioned if this was by choice, or did discrimination play a role in where voucher recipients find housing?



The map below shows the location of voucher holders and that the vast majority of these individuals reside in areas that have the largest percentage of the County's poverty rates; our poorest neighborhoods.



City Response: This information is included in Appendix B of the AI. It is a fact that this is in reference to the Section 8 Housing Voucher Choice program. There is no data to support whether this is where voucher holders choose to live or if there are fewer options in other parts of the county. This map shows the location of the voucher holders. It would be unfair and inappropriate to draw conclusions from this map without supported documentation. The map in the AI does indicate that locations accepting voucher holders throughout the county.

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The statement is referencing if any race received a preference for public housing or the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The data shows that African Americans receive a larger percentage of both public housing and housing choice vouchers.

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City Response: The lien policy is not in any violation of fair housing laws and regulations. The program allows low-income homeowners to receive a 0% interest, 30 year deferred loan that is only repayable if the home is sold or leased during the 30 year term and if there are sufficient funds from the sale to repay the loan. This is a product that is only available to low-income homeowners.

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activities. They City will offer these opportunities through an open competitive process. In addition, the City will be seeking funding opportunities for additional fair housing

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City Response: The City of Indianapolis must fund this activity outside of Community Development Block Grant administrative funds. These funds are capped by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and barely cover the City's costs to administer the funds. The 2015-2019 AI, calls for the City to invest in fair housing activities. They City will offer these opportunities through an open competitive process. In addition, the City will be seeking funding opportunities for additional fair housing resources in Indianapolis.

Comment #29: Impediment 4: Resolution/Outcome needs to be explained in more detail as to what the City intends to do to affirmatively further fair housing. This is currently very vague.

City Response: The goal is to seek additional funding to support fair housing activities.

Comment #30: The City website must also be easy to locate, accessible and in multiple languages.

<u>City Response</u>: DMD has no authority of the City website, but we shared this comment with those who do.

Comment #31: There were a number of comments regarding minor typos and clarification required.

City Response: Typos have been addressed and clarification has been provided in the final version.

Grantee Unique Appendices

Appendix A

Summary of Public Comments:

Comment #1: I would to thank you for the opportunity you gave accessABILITY and the Back Home in Indiana Alliance to provide input in the planning process. This is a good beginning to incorporate the needs of people with disabilities and conditions of aging in the Con Plan, however, we would like to see more disability organizations included in the future, and would be happy to provide you with names and contact information to assist you in this endeavor.

City Response: It is important to get input from a broad spectrum of the community as the Consolidated Plan covers housing and community development needs for all persons. Citizen input included focus group meetings, community stakeholder interviews, public surveys, and public meetings. Names of organizations with contact information can be sent to: CED-Consolidated Plan, 200 East Washington Street, Suite 2042, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

Comment #2: All shelters, as required in the ADA, should have access if their services are not to a private group of individuals, and those getting government funding have the additional onus of accessibility requirements. We recommend NO public funds be provided to any shelter/program that is not fully accessible to all people with disabilities as required in the Americans with Disabilities Act.

City Response: Community Economic Development Staff will work with organizations and emergency shelters that receive federal funding through the City of Indianapolis to educate them on the Americans with Disabilities Act requirements in relation to receiving federal funds.

Comment #3: In the Con Plan's "Needs Assessment of Non-Homeless with Special Needs," information is lacking on the housing and supportive service needs of people with disabilities. Additionally, it is stated that Medicaid Waivers cover rental payments (p. 74), which is incorrect. Waivers pay for the support services needed for an individual with a disability/condition of aging to live as independently as possible in the community. In Marion County alone, the number of individuals on SSI nearly reaches 26,000.

City Response: Public comment is correct: Medicaid Waivers do not cover rent payments. This has been corrected in the document.

Comment #4: The TBRA for non-homeless special needs population is a wonderful idea. But, again, if the City's most challenging population to serve is people with disabilities who represent the greatest affordable housing need due to significant cost burden, I recommend the City serve/fund 100 households, not 50.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis is proposing to fund a pilot tenant based rental assistance program for persons with disabilities in 2015 with \$50,000 of HOME funds. The process requires the development of a TBRA plan that must be reviewed and approved by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development. This pilot program

will be implemented in 2015 and evaluated upon completion. If the program is deemed successful and the need continues to exist, the City will consider a funding an application to continue and/or increase the funding for the TBRA program.

Comment #5: Fair housing rates should be reviewed and new construction in Marion County, specifically apartments downtown and on major bus lines, include affordable (30% AMI), accessible units.

<u>City Response:</u> HUD publishes the Fair Market Rents for Indianapolis. HUD programs that are included as part of the Consolidated Planning process adhere to fair market rents and/or HOME rents. Projects funded with HUD grant programs must be financially feasible and operate sufficiently. While the City encourages housing projects that include units for extremely low-income households, it is impossible and inappropriate to mandate it due to project feasibility, specifically for private funded developments.

When projects apply for funding from the City of Indianapolis, those that offer apartments affordable to extremely low-income households are given preference for funding, so long as the development is financially feasible and the developer has the capacity to build and operate the property.

Comment #6: The Indianapolis Housing Agency (IHA) should establish a Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) preference for people with disabilities (10% of HCV returned are allocated toward households with people with disabilities).

City Response: IHA is separate governmental agency outside of the City of Indianapolis agency. IHA's response to this comment is as follows: IHA's jurisdiction is within Marion County and the Agency Plan states that, IHA provides Section 8 Project based vouchers assistance for up to 20% of the baseline total units. The IHA and the Section 8 Program, which includes adopting strategies for utilization of the program, is to increase the supply of affordable housing units. IHA has received an overall performance rating of HIGH, which indicates the maximum utilization of available funding provided to the Section 8 Program. However, in the past, IHA has leveraged other affordable housing resources in the community by jointly applying for funding with Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority (IHCDA) for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities. IHA is committed to collaborating with IHCDA and other agencies should funding become available in the future. Additionally, IHA utilizes a lottery system to determine placement on the waiting list therefore, the use of preferences or set-aside vouchers is prohibited. No changes will be made in the 2015 annual plan.

Comment #7: Disability Awareness/Culture training should be required of Trustee and office staff.

City Response: The Trustees are elected officials. The City of Indianapolis has no authority over the Trustees or their staffs. However, the City plans to fund fair housing training sessions in 2015 and the Trustees Offices will be invited to attend.

Comment #8: Focus on developing communities where any resident can reside, using Universal Design standards (visitable, no threshold units, access to first floor bathroom, accessible sidewalks, etc.).

City Response: The City will convene a task force to research these concepts and make recommendations.

Comment #9: Provide down payment assistance for people with disabilities

City Response: The City funds the Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership (INHP) to administer a homebuyer assistance program with HOME funds. INHP's Homeownership program includes down payment assistance for persons earning less than 80 percent of the area median family income. All persons interested in homeownership are encouraged to apply, including persons with disabilities.

Comment #10: The City should fund "aging in place" initiatives.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis through its Department of Metropolitan Development (DMD) holds an annual open competitive process for applicants to request funding for development projects, supportive services and economic development activities. Applications for funding include all evaluation criteria used to make funding decisions. Applications that successfully compete for funding will be recommended to receive funding through this process. We have not received any applications for aging in place initiatives outside of homeowner repair activities.

Primary recipients of home repair activities tend to be seniors in need of major repairs

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Coordinated and Leveraged Investments

Align policies and projects through the synchronization of federal funds with public and private funding streams and partnerships with Anchor Intuitions to enhance the financial feasibility and provide cost-effective measures to projects within the neighborhood.

Comprehensive Revitalization Strategies

Develop a multi-faceted redevelopment approach to better integrate neighborhood stabilization programs, private market activity and promising trends, linking multiple activities strategically into a comprehensive effort.

Support of vibrant communities

Demonstrate the project utilizes the character and history of the neighborhood revitalization development plans, will strengthen the physical texture of the neighborhood

and creates new residential and commercial opportunities through the augmentation of the built environment, to entice persons of all income levels to choose Indy.

Enhanced Access to Economic Opportunities
 Improve economic competitiveness through the development of improved physical and financial access to employment and educational centers, and expand business access to local and state markets.

Support business expansion and new businesses by job creation activities as well as create opportunities for citizens to apply for new jobs...

- 5. Development of Safe, Affordable, Decent Housing Expand housing choices for people of all ages, incomes, races, and ethnicities, providing access to safe, affordable and decent residential options (through either rental or homeownership programs) that will increase mobility and lower the combined cost of housing and transportation.
- Proximity to, and utilization of natural resources
 Ensure development supports natural resources such as a public park and creates or maintains access to nearby public green spaces.
- Augmentation of Transportation Choices
 Promote the use of and access to safe, reliable, and economical transportation choices, and enhance walkability to decrease household transportation costs and promote public health

Comment #11: Allocate funds to keep people with disabilities/conditions of aging in their homes and add them as a population group under "Prevention and Stabilization".

City Response: Prevention and Stabilization is an Indianapolis Priority to prevent homelessness with Emergency Solutions Grant. The City of Indianapolis intends to help homeowners, particularly people with disabilities and senior citizens with home modifications through the Livable Communities priority.

Comment #12: Add "people with disabilities" under "Emergency Shelter Assistance" and present as a higher funding priority due to inaccessibility of homeless shelters and high denial of reasonable accommodation request from shelter staff.

<u>City Response</u>: The numbering of the priorities is a numerical system. All priorities are of the high. The numerical references have been removed to avoid further confusion.

Comment #13: Under "Influence of Market Conditions" lien be reduced to 5 to 10 years from 30 years for participation in Owner Occupied Repair for accessibility home modifications. I ask that the City decrease the lien placed on households utilizing the accessibility home modifications funding be reduced to 5 or 10 years from 30 years. The

30 year lien DOES NOT affirmatively further fair housing and only contributes to families being trapped in a vicious cycle of poverty.

City Response: The City will convene owner occupied repair providers to discuss loan terms, program implementation, and possible modifications to the existing program that currently requires a 0% deferred payment loan for a 30-year term. The current program does not violate any fair housing laws and does not impede a person's right to fair housing choice. Homeowner's that are below 80% of the area median family income and in need of repairs to their homes such as furnace repair/replacement, new roof, plumbing repairs, etc. can apply to a CDBG funding homeowner repair provider for a 0% deferred payment loan for the cost of the repairs. There is no interest accumulated, and no payments due unless the house is sold or transferred to another owner within 30 years. If there is sufficient equity from the sale or transfer of the property, the loan is due and payable. If here is not sufficient equity, the loan is written off. After 30 years, the loan is forgiven.

Comment #14: To date, specifically within the downtown area, I do not see funds being included or invested in developments which offer housing opportunities to people with disabilities of low or very low income. Slowly these individuals are being priced out of this area of the City which is very concerning because this is an area of Indianapolis where environmental/architectural accessibility and transportation barriers are typically at a minimum. Therefore, please direct/allocate funds that will support development of mixed-income properties within the downtown area reversing the current trend of pricing out individuals with disabilities and other underserved populations.

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 Ensure development supports natural resources such as a public park and creates or maintains access to nearby public green spaces.
- Augmentation of Transportation Choices
 Promote the use of and access to safe, reliable, and economical transportation choices, and enhance walkability to decrease household transportation costs and promote public health.

Affordable housing and access to transportation have been will continue to be funding priorities. Applications that successfully compete for funding will be recommended to receive funding through this process.

Comment #15: I recommended that Indianapolis take action to eliminate impediments to fair housing by offering/conducting annual fair housing trainings for people with disabilities, landlords and other property staff within the City, and developers receiving funds from the City. This could easily be done by either contracting with an organization, such as the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana, or by becoming a significant financial supporter/sponsor of the FHCCI's Annual Fair Housing Conference hosted in Indianapolis. In doing so, the City would be abiding by its proposed Strategic Plan and supporting the Consolidated Plan's Fair Housing priority.

<u>City Response</u>: The City agrees with this comment and was a financial sponsor of the FHCCI Fair Housing Conference for the first time in 2014. The City will again financially sponsor this event in 2015. In addition, on page 100 of the draft Indianapolis

Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing (AI), it states that the City will Provide fair housing education to landlords and property managers through by-annual education trainings/seminars.

Comment #16: I want to say kudos to the City for supporting the establishment of a Source of Income protection ordinance and Visibility ordinance for new residential construction!!! I, too, support both of these resolutions to impediments to fair housing.

<u>City Response</u>: To clarify, the City has not taken a stance on these issues. The AI calls for a task force to be developed to study the idea of source of income as a protection ordinance and a visibility ordinance. These topics need to be studied, stakeholders must have the opportunity to provide input, and recommendations will be made through a task force process.

<u>Comment #17:</u> I encourage the City to enforce snow removal policies more regularly, because this would lead to a more livable community for everyone, and especially make the community more accessible for those with disabilities.

City Response: The Snow Removal Ordinance referenced in the comment above reads as follows:

Sec. 431-106. - Clearing snow and ice from sidewalks.

(a)The occupant of any premises, and the owner of any unoccupied premises, are required to keep the sidewalks in front of or adjacent to such premises cleared, so far as is practicable and reasonable, from snow and ice in order to facilitate pedestrian use of such sidewalks. The word "occupant," as used in this section, shall be deemed to mean the person occupying for business, residence or other purposes the first floor of any building situated on the premises so occupied; and if the first floor of any building is not occupied, then such premises shall be deemed and held to be unoccupied and the owner or lessee of the entire premises shall be required to keep the sidewalks in front of or adjacent to the premises reasonably cleared from snow and ice.

(b)In case snow or ice has accumulated or fallen on any sidewalk or is continuing to fall after 7:00 p.m., it shall be removed, if practical to do so, or a sufficient path be cleared by the occupant or owner before 9:00 a.m. of the following day. If any snow or ice has fallen or accumulated on any sidewalk after 9:00 a.m., it shall be removed or a path cleared by the occupant or owner by 7:00 p.m. of such day, if the snow has ceased to fall by that time. In either of the foregoing events, the occupant or owner shall be deemed and held to have complied with the provisions of this section.

(c)Any person violating any of the provisions of this section, upon conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00).

The City agency responsible for enforcement of this ordinance is the Department of Code Enforcement.

Comment #18: It might be of interest to know the ages of those with significant cost burdens. For instance, some have alleged that many of our seniors are experiencing

significant cost burdens late in life which are limiting their ability to stay in the homes they have lived in for decades. This is impacting housing choice and forcing our seniors into nursing homes when they could otherwise continue residing in the housing of their choice.

City Response: The source of data for cost burden is from HUD and it does not provide such data by age. The data from HUD is only available by household type.

Comment #19: Page 39, line 2 & 3 in the draft AI references that the majority of affordable homes are in Center Township. The FHCCI questions if those homes are move-in ready homes or are these homes which are currently empty but will need substantial rehabilitation in order to occupy? These homes may be affordable to purchase, but to get to basic health and safety code requirements, these homes may require substantial funds which prices most of those who are low to moderate income from purchasing these homes. In addition, the downtown area which is referenced throughout this report as having a significant building boom, particularly as it relates to apartment units, is not affordable. Despite federal, state, and local public funds and/or incentives being used to build many of these units, there have been relatively few buildings with mixed-income housing units. The downtown is extremely unaffordable to those of low to moderate income, despite it being a prime location for transportation and jobs.

City Response: The data in this section is referring to owner-occupied homes. This was unclear in the draft document and a sentence was added to clarify that this is in reference to owner-occupied units, not vacant homes.

Comment #20: The references to population decrease may be due to the number of foreclosures and currently vacant and abandoned homes. Within this AI, this is little reference to the incredible problem in Marion County post-foreclosure crisis regarding the significant number of vacant and/or abandoned homes, particularly in the neighborhoods of color.

City Response: Addressing vacant and abandoned homes is a priority for the City of Indianapolis. The City recently entered into an agreement with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell land bank homes through an open transparent process. These homes were previous vacant tax delinquent properties that are a portion of the abandoned housing problem in Indianapolis. The City and Renew Indianapolis work to sell these homes to individuals, investors and non-profit organizations to get them redeveloped and returned to the tax rolls. The City also invests HOME funds annually to acquire and redevelop vacant abandoned houses to sell or lease to low/moderate income households. Many of the actions taken to address this issue are included in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan.

Comment #21: Housing Market: Nowhere in this report is there significant mention that the City of Indianapolis has been named in recent years as one of the "most emptiest cities in America" due to the number of vacant and/or abandoned homes. This report should not only identify this significant impediment to housing choice, but also identify

the numbers of vacant home, most of which are uninhabitable without significant rehabilitation funds. In addition, the report should note where the majority of the homes are located? Racial make up of the neighborhoods? Differences in homeownership rates pre- and post-foreclosure crisis in the neighborhoods of color? What is the City doing, or going to do, to get these vacant homes occupied? These issues are all missing from the AL.

2012 in Forbes: http://www.forbes.com/pictures/mkk45ffdm/indianapolis-in/http://www.forbes.com/sites/joannmuller/2012/03/30/americas-emptiest-cities/2011 in CNN: http://www.cnbc.com/id/44860467?slide=10

City Response: This data is not a required data component of the AI and therefore is not included. It is however, a component of Indianapolis' Action Plan. Data shows that there is a housing surplus in Indianapolis and the majority of the vacant and abandoned homes are located in Center Township where the majority of Indianapolis' HUD funding is invested. Addressing vacant and abandoned homes is a priority for the City of Indianapolis. The City recently entered into an agreement with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell land bank homes through an open transparent process. These homes were previous vacant tax delinquent properties that are a portion of the abandoned housing problem in Indianapolis. The City and Renew Indianapolis work to sell these homes to individuals, investors and non-profit organizations to get them redeveloped and returned to the tax rolls. The City also invests HOME funds annually to acquire and redevelop vacant abandoned houses to sell or lease to low/moderate income households. Many of the actions taken to address this issue are included in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan. The AI does include a recommendation to continue working with Renew Indianapolis to market and sell homes to homeowners.

Comment #21: It should be noted that:

- In October, the Indianapolis Housing Agency opened its housing assistance voucher list for the first time in over a decade. In a 3-day period, they had over 45,000 applicants for a lottery to get on a 6,000 person waiting list to get 1,000 vouchers. This shows an incredible demand for affordable housing in our community.
- · As noted in the FHCCI's recent Section 8 Testing Audit Report:
 - According to Census and HUD data, there were 159,157 rental units in Marion County in 2013. The racial component of these households was 53% white, 36% black, 9% Hispanic, and 2% other. Households of single mothers with minor children present comprised 10.3% of the rentals. In contrast, there were 7,247 housing choice voucher households in Marion County, indicating that housing choice holders made up only 4.6% of total renters. However, the racial demographics were more striking with voucher holders being 89% black, 8% white, 1% Hispanic and 1% other. Female headed households with children comprised 56% of voucher holders in Marion County, while persons with disabilities comprised 18%. Thirty-one percent of voucher holders were persons 51 years of age or over as heads of household. Area voucher holders were also extremely

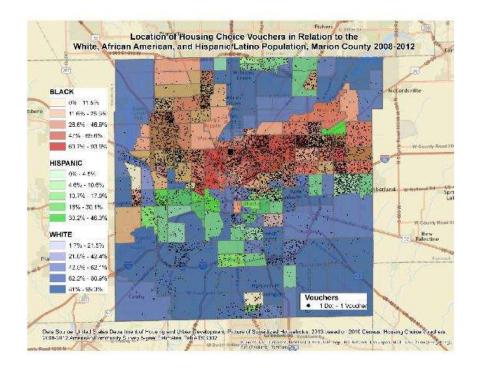
stable renters having resided at their current housing unit on average 81 months according to the HUD data.

The November 2014 FHCCI Section 8 Rental Testing Audit Report notes: A recent report by the Fair Housing Center of Central Indiana found that persons using housing vouchers, in particular, face significant barriers when trying to find housing outside high poverty areas. The report notes that 82% of tested properties in Marion County refused Section 8 voucher recipients. In the majority white areas, there was a 90% refusal rate. People should not be denied opportunities for safe, affordable housing just because they get help to pay their rent. Note: This was not a City funded testing

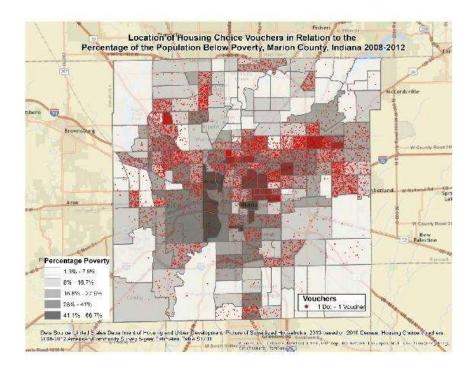
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activities. They City will offer these opportunities through an open competitive process. In addition, the City will be seeking funding opportunities for additional fair housing

Comment #28: It must be noted that neither the FHCCI, nor ICRC, receive City support for their fair housing programs. The FHCCI, in particular, does not have sufficient funds to do the work it needs to ensure equal housing opportunities. The lack of funding, including City of Indianapolis funding, affects the FHCCI's ability to conduct testing and education programs and assure fair housing options for Marion County residents.

City Response: The City of Indianapolis must fund this activity outside of Community Development Block Grant administrative funds. These funds are capped by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and barely cover the City's costs to administer the funds. The 2015-2019 AI, calls for the City to invest in fair housing activities. They City will offer these opportunities through an open competitive process. In addition, the City will be seeking funding opportunities for additional fair housing resources in Indianapolis.

Comment #29: Impediment 4: Resolution/Outcome needs to be explained in more detail as to what the City intends to do to affirmatively further fair housing. This is currently very vague.

City Response: The goal is to seek additional funding to support fair housing activities.

Comment #30: The City website must also be easy to locate, accessible and in multiple languages.

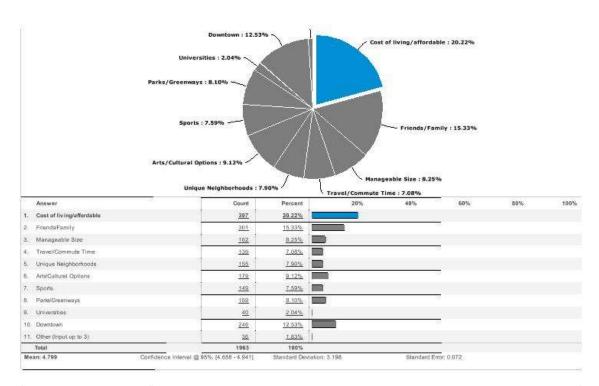
<u>City Response</u>: DMD has no authority of the City website, but we shared this comment with those who do.

Comment #31: There were a number of comments regarding minor typos and clarification required.

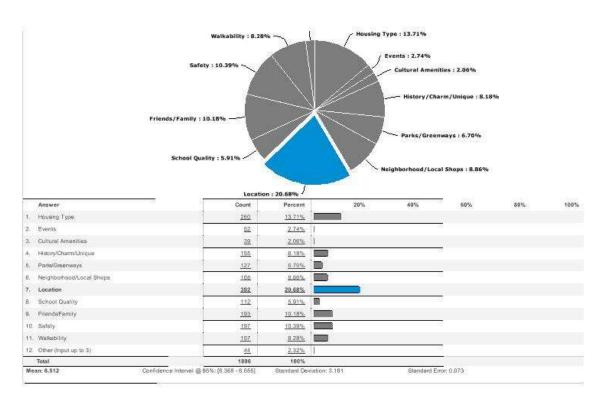
<u>City Response</u>: Typos have been addressed and clarification has been provided in the final version.

| ○ 755 | % □ 70 | |
|--------------|--------|--|
|--------------|--------|--|

Appendix B

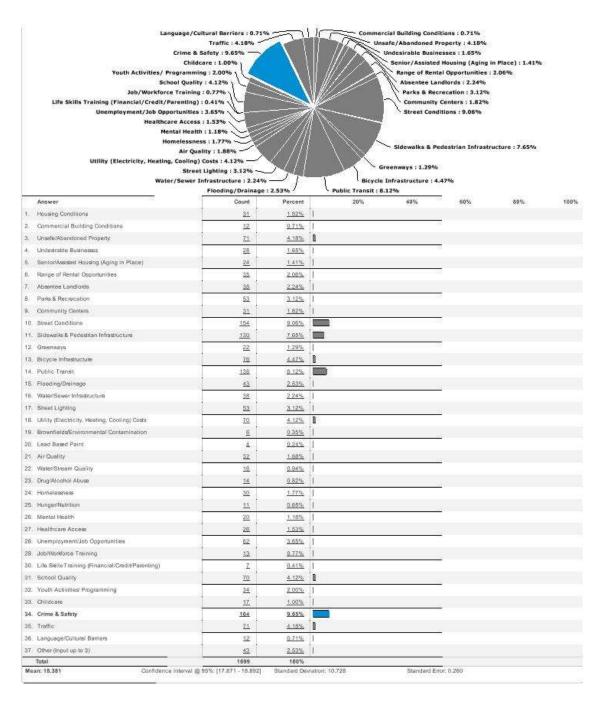


| 469382 07/29/2014 | Having large city amenities within a small town feet | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 70234 07/28/2014 | Kids attivaties | |
| 72900 07/29/2014 | Walkability / bike routes; Farmer's Markets | |
| 01400 07/30/2014 | friendly atmosphere | |
| 507716 07/30/2014 | civic engagement | |
| 14494 07/30/2014 | schools | |
| 336208 07/31/2014 | friendly atmosphere, welcoming city | |
| 582828 08/01/2014 | Local/Regional Food | |
| 587857 08/01/2014 | Ability to engage in civic activity, it seems that overall things are improving/hopeful | |
| 588241 08/01/2014 | Variety of restaurants in cost and cuisine. | |
| 861263 08/04/2014 | growing and exciting! | |
| 653841 08/04/2814 | Growing quickly | |
| 317273 08/07/2014 | Disability Enendliness | |
| 59698 08/08/2014 | Craft beer scene | |
| 26918 08/12/2014 | my neighborhood | |
| 72108 08/13/2014 | None | |
| 73041 08/13/2014 | BREWERIESI | |
| 121610 08/14/2014 | Relative low crime | |
| 150766 08/15/2014 | None of those. I'm stuck here because of family. | |
| 303549 08/19/2014 | If a home | |
| 303718 08/19/2014 | Nathing | |
| 304350 08/19/2014 | private schools | |
| 304470 08/19/2014 | Grocery store closs | |
| 488325 08/24/2014 | nothing | |
| 188556 08/24/2014 | 200 | |
| 08623 08/25/2014 | big city feel of a small town | |
| 539413 08/26/2014 | relatively safe. | |
| 546064 08/26/2014 | Ths 200 | |



| 7370319 | 07/25/2014 | size of house for money |
|---------|------------|--|
| 7439746 | 07/28/2014 | Tall trees |
| 7478679 | 07/29/2014 | No other |
| 7488320 | 07/29/2014 | Affordability |
| 7512685 | 07/30/2014 | Community gardens |
| 7522137 | 07/30/2014 | Browerida |
| 7522707 | 07/30/2014 | Hilly and woodey |
| 7522771 | 07/30/2014 | Chance to make a difference, low cost, community spirit |
| 7552913 | 07/34/2014 | affordable |
| 7587857 | 08/01/2014 | Willingness of neighbors to help out each other |
| 7669311 | 08/04/2014 | affondsbillity |
| 7815288 | 08/07/2014 | Affordable |
| 7816685 | 08/07/2014 | shursb |
| 7817273 | 08/07/2014 | Universal Design |
| 7863625 | 08/08/2014 | Neighborhood changed, do not like |
| 7868489 | 08/08/2014 | close to Whrany |
| 8026119 | 08/12/2014 | I don't like my neighborhood. My car gets broken into al least once a month. |
| 8026561 | 08/12/2014 | Location in relation to work |
| 8070763 | 08/13/2014 | Canal |
| 8072108 | 08/13/2014 | none |
| 8120914 | 08/14/2014 | Affordatziny |
| 8245079 | 08/18/2014 | GREAT MIX OF PEOPLE |
| B308436 | 08/19/2014 | Sports, location, liferstatamily |
| 8539740 | 08/26/2014 | Affordable |
| 8540098 | 08/26/2014 | Quies |
| 8540689 | 08/26/2014 | Large wooded tots |
| BS41797 | 08/26/2014 | neighbors |
| 8546698 | 08/26/2014 | active neighborhood organization |

| 8757723 | 09/02/2014 | The people |
|----------|------------|--|
| 8993741 | 09/08/2014 | Access |
| 9119204 | 09/11/2014 | Good Neighbors, Big Yards |
| 9119951 | 09/11/2014 | neighborhood association; neighborhood eventstart shows organized by the residents |
| 9120803 | 09/11/2014 | Big Yards |
| 9152627 | 09/11/2014 | Grocery States |
| 9675771 | 09/22/2014 | I wouldn't say I tove my neighborhood |
| 9679751 | 09/22/2014 | Lost or living |
| 10654286 | 10/07/2014 | NOTHING |
| | | |
| | | <u>.</u> l |

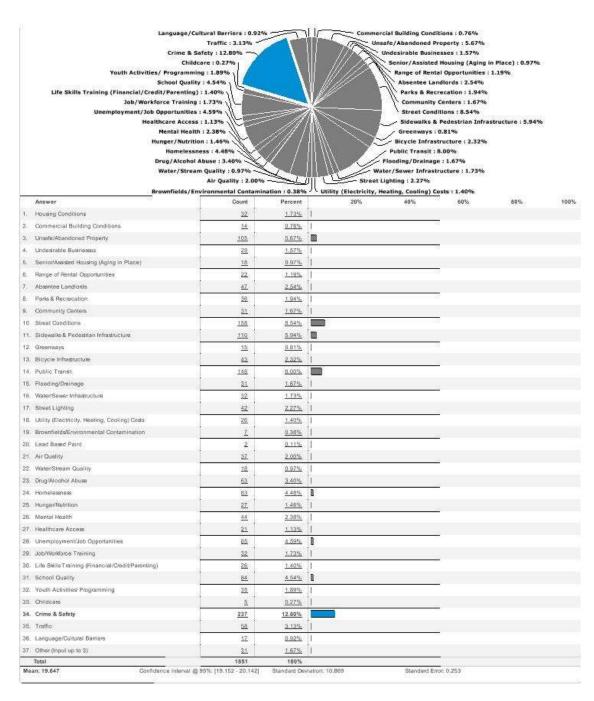


What are the top 3 challenges or needs facing <u>your household or family?</u> (Select or input up to 3) - [Text Data for Other (Input up to 3)]

7386848 07/28/2014 | No 8/6spiay area within walking our bilking distance. If would be nice not to have to drive.

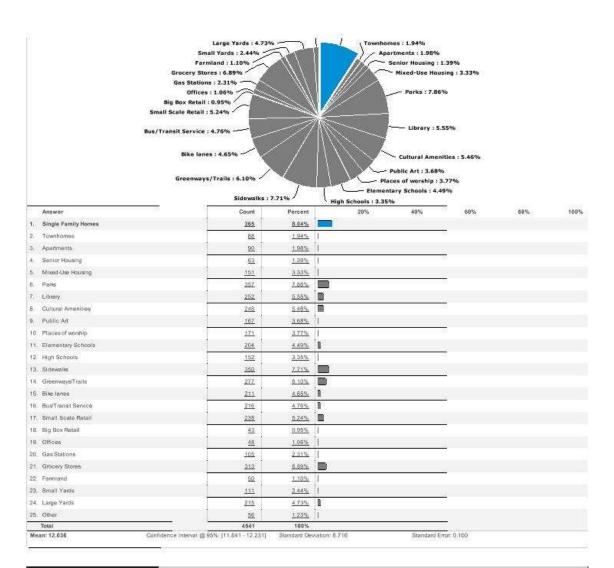
7469725 07/29/2014 | Recital issues

| | 07/30/2014 | High rental rate/meraporisable tanditords |
|---------|------------|--|
| 7522137 | 07/30/2014 | Trash & other pollution |
| 7522771 | 07/30/2014 | Decades of pies poor housing policies coming out of a series of mayonal administrations, including this one: distorted tax and revenue policies that have favored consumers of revenue over producers of revenue. |
| 7536556 | 07/31/2014 | Potholes on many streets around where I live |
| 7541377 | 07/31/2014 | There are far nor many "luxury" apartments popping up in downtown that make a huge gap between those who qualify for affordable housing and those who can afford \$1400 a month for a 1 bedroom. I would love to see more in the \$5.900 range that are not in unasfer areas. We will soon be overnor with "luxury" apartments that are actually really peor qualify builds have seen inside a few and the builders should be adhamed for the cheap construction One place in particular has massive condensation problems (and black mold on window slife!!) because they used shodly windows! That would be, CityWay*!! |
| 7570239 | 08/01/2014 | Too few minority families |
| 7575060 | 08/01/2014 | We used to have good quality schools, until the number of people NOT speaking English have taken over our schools. People do not take care of their property. Loud and hasty neighbors |
| 7587857 | 08/01/2014 | Rising cost of basics such as food and gesoline, |
| 7616013 | 08/02/2014 | Cost of healthcare with insurance |
| 7658800 | 08/04/2014 | Lack of accessible, affordable, integrated housing for people with disabilities |
| 7887051 | 08/04/2014 | Allordable safe housing in urban core |
| 7709245 | 08/05/2014 | good employment appartunities for those entering the job market |
| 7818518 | 08/07/2014 | solicitors |
| 7817563 | 08/07/2014 | Tax/septoperty: parking |
| 7817273 | 08/07/2014 | People with disabilities are often isolated or excluded from the rest of the Indianapolis community. This is especially true in the case of housing discrimination. Landlords routinely refuse to allow people with disabilities to live in their buildings under the guise of not wenting to fill out paperwork equirated government housing assistance programs. Further the buy environment of Indianapolis mutnerly equipment with physical disabilities to see their waters, wheelchairs, and spootness in the aftests when no addewnike are available. The lack of investment in infrastructure keeps many people with disabilities as useful for their owners and away from the community. A truly world class city celebrates all members of their community regardless of gender, race, disability, or sexual crientation. I would love to see the city progress and truly embrace the tenants of the Americans with Disabilities Act and other federally mandated non-disaminisation laws. |
| 7829151 | 08/07/2014 | connectivity to Lafayette Square. |
| 8026325 | 08/12/2014 | Parking |
| 8026918 | 08/12/2014 | police harrasment of citizens |
| 8033125 | 08/12/2014 | nagative namatives |
| 8114071 | 08/14/2014 | minority opportunities |
| 8121507 | 08/14/2014 | neighborhood exteries. |
| 8122790 | 08/14/2014 | Liquor stores |
| 8245079 | 08/18/2014 | Institutional users buying and demoing residential properties for campus / organizational expansion |
| 8304051 | 08/19/2014 | restrictive governmental regulations |
| 8345965 | 08/20/2014 | mentage equality |
| 8505971 | 08/25/2014 | \$8X85 |
| 8506711 | 08/25/2014 | commute, healthcare benefits |
| 8546698 | 08/28/2014 | snow removal |
| 8561969 | 08/28/2014 | we need a library |
| 8612497 | 08/28/2014 | affordable youth programing, lack of communal feeling/connections |
| 8614525 | 08/28/2014 | No household concerns among items listed |
| 8665029 | 08/29/2014 | Neighborhood needs sports facility like YMCA |
| 8670266 | 08/29/2014 | Bite route from White River Gmernway to downtown (monument Circle) |
| | 09/02/2014 | Dog mass in my yard |



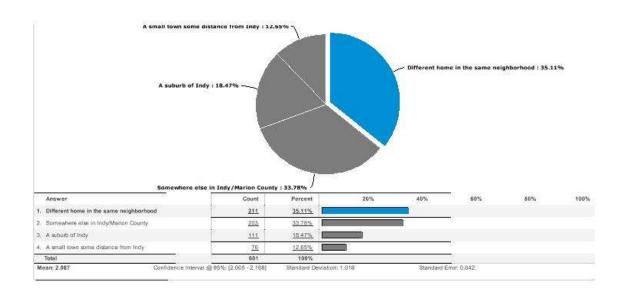
| What | are the top | 3 challenges or needs facing your community? (Select or input up to 3) - [Text Data for Other (Input up to 3)] | |
|---------|-------------|--|--|
| 7477387 | 07/29/2014 | jobs for ex-affenders | |
| 7478774 | 07/29/2014 | weak housing market, property values still depressed | |
| 7482431 | 07/29/2614 | lack of affordable, accessible housing | |

| 7658800 | 08/04/2014 | Lack of accessible, affordable, integrated housing for people with disabilities |
|----------|------------|---|
| 7687051 | 08/04/2014 | Access to quality food |
| 7817563 | 08/07/2014 | Property |
| 7817273 | 08/07/2014 | There needs to be increased funding to organizations in the city that provide free or reduced fee services to people with disabilities. This includes services for both people with physical and mental disabilities. An important aspect of the crime problem in the city is the mental health of those who commit crimes. One only needs to look at the mental health needs of those individuals in the prison population to understand this impact. Crime could be reduced by increasing these services to individuals BEFORE they become overwhelmed by society and commit a crime. It is only one piece of the crime problem in the city, but preventative treatment will reduce presentabilitative code for the city. |
| 7824114 | 08/07/2014 | not enough affortable accessable housing for disabled population |
| 7861947 | 08/08/2014 | Accessible Housing |
| 8026494 | 08/12/2014 | Guns |
| 8026918 | 08/12/2014 | police midreatment of citizens and mond harassment of low income organizations and homeowners |
| 8033125 | 08/12/2014 | negative carrative |
| 8114789 | 08/14/2014 | Preventing contract with c/a with new jail, ICE working with local jails: |
| 8121507 | 08/14/2014 | Public Transit for the handicapped, |
| 8122790 | 08/14/2014 | Liquor sone |
| 8345965 | 08/20/2014 | gay oghts |
| 8346254 | 08/20/2014 | Increasing number of rental properties in the community |
| 8347888 | 08/20/2014 | access to arts |
| 8578755 | 08/27/2014 | No more walmads |
| 8579837 | 08/27/2014 | Law Malers, Police |
| 8612497 | 08/28/2014 | lack of cosmmunal feeling/connections |
| 8613138 | 08/28/2014 | walmart |
| 8665029 | 08/29/2014 | Neighborhood needs spans facility like YMCA |
| 8876327 | 09/05/2014 | aiducational astainment |
| 9670115 | 09/22/2014 | Access to post ascendary education: |
| 10654286 | 10/07/2014 | Government Comption |



| 7390918 | 07/26/2014 | Community centers, unique restaurants (not chains) and small scale night life (friendly pub type atmosphere) |
|---------|------------|---|
| 7439746 | 07/28/2014 | Lots of trees, no power lines |
| 477367 | 07/29/2014 | jobs for ex-affenders |
| 477827 | 07/29/2014 | mixed-income housing |
| 478044 | 07/29/2014 | mixed socioeconomics |
| 7478679 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 500515 | 07/30/2014 | Jow vehicle treffic through neighborhood |
| 7500336 | 07/30/2014 | small residurants, less bars, police presence, banks, pharmacies, trees, medical services |
| 7501331 | 07/30/2014 | few rental properties |
| 7502916 | 07/30/2014 | Diversity of people |
| 7505144 | 07/30/2014 | Centers of employment, diverse commercial mix including restraurants and retail butlets |
| 7513764 | 07/30/2014 | Bring local business back to the Southwest side. |
| 7514494 | 07/30/2014 | thriving businesses in the community. |
| 7522771 | 07/30/2014 | Mixed sparlinized income housing development, mixed density, large sight triangles, solar, wind, and other in neighborhood power generation, rainwater capture, government swey streets quasi-governmental resident's associations. |

| 663841 | 08/04/2014 | Pop-up stores, street vendors, high-rise housing |
|----------|------------|---|
| 667051 | 08/04/2014 | If by "familand" you mean urban familand, then yes |
| 810991 | 08/07/2014 | Electric plug instor cars. |
| 816519 | 08/07/2014 | dogs on feasib |
| 817273 | 08/07/2014 | A heighborhood where all individuals are welcome regardless of age, race, disability, sexual orientation, or gender. A diverse community is much stronger than a homogenous community. A community that is accessible to everyone. Onethat embraces universal design so no one is barred from participating in their community. |
| 828814 | 08/07/2014 | Weiheblility |
| 830201 | 08/07/2014 | Fitness Center |
| 070048 | 08/13/2014 | Safe Housing |
| 3072625 | 08/13/2014 | Not looking for perfect |
| 115735 | 08/14/2014 | serioty |
| 1303549 | 08/19/2014 | Small businesses |
| 303718 | 08/19/2014 | fits not perfect |
| 346254 | 08/20/2014 | Diversity |
| 508711 | 08/25/2014 | farmers-markets, affordable rental property |
| 3506960 | 08/25/2014 | street lighting |
| 509723 | 08/25/2014 | dog parks |
| 540098 | 08/26/2014 | Farmers manets |
| 1563699 | 08/26/2014 | I want the Indy connect plant |
| 1577784 | 08/27/2014 | Universities |
| 1579837 | 08/27/2014 | Less Police, More community organizing |
| 8613138 | 08/28/2014 | Great dog walking neigborhood |
| 1684615 | 08/29/2014 | No big box retail (no wellmant) Diverse population: race, age, income level atc) |
| 1665029 | 08/29/2014 | Biles Lanes separate from traffic |
| 670266 | 08/29/2014 | Universities |
| 1757723 | 09/02/2014 | It's about the people |
| 757817 | 09/02/2014 | Nice Neighbors, Neighborhood Watch |
| 757913 | 09/02/2014 | Great Neighborhood |
| 9119204 | 09/11/2014 | Gardens |
| 369321 | 09/16/2014 | Quality Architecture |
| 670115 | 09/22/2014 | Community Connections, Business Development |
| 670639 | 09/22/2014 | Community Centérs, Collaboration, Recreation Areas |
| 675771 | 09/22/2014 | Sandwiches |
| 10093092 | 09/29/2014 | Restaurants, bars, community centers and neighborhood gathering places. |
| 10854286 | 10/07/2014 | Cul-de-sac |



| 7276713 | 07/22/2014 | * |
|---------|------------|--|
| 7276713 | 07/22/2014 | |
| 7283025 | 07/22/2014 | * |
| 7317066 | 07/23/2014 | We love our neighborhood. |
| 7337522 | 07/24/2014 | Safer, access to better whools |
| 7350706 | 07/24/2014 | |
| 7370319 | 07/25/2014 | I would like to live downtown when my Mds grow up. |
| 7373703 | 07/25/2014 | Indianapolis doesn't offer many options for the type of neighborhood I want to live. Even my neighborhood, which I believe to be one of the best in the city (for my needs/preferences) |
| | | fools like a compromise in many ways. |
| 7374892 | 87/25/2014 | |
| 7375333 | 07/25/2014 | I love what's happening in Indy, and I want to be a part of it. I'm not going anywhere. |
| 7378655 | 07/25/2014 | Schools |
| 7386846 | 1 | Province to describe that has policibiotical above to delive the |
| 7387301 | 07/26/2014 | Proximity to downtown but nice neighborhood close to stores and still safe. |
| 7307301 | 1 | Describe and offset the tree of house with accords around trailing fortulation County that Local title (but an ideal most to be too for from fatallity and which could be an |
| 7390918 | 07/26/2014 | Probably can't afford the type of house with enough property around it within Indy/Marien County that I would like. But wouldn't want to be too far from "stuff to do", which could be an issue in a small town. |
| 7439746 | 07/28/2014 | I would prefer to stay in Indianapolis, but Fishers and Carmel are beginning to offer the kind of middle-scale, mixed-use town centers and living with nice design that appeals to me. I want to live in a community, and one where I can walk sometimes. |
| 7468852 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7469018 | 07/29/2014 | I would move to a location where the police came out the 1st time that you called them. |
| 7469382 | 07/29/2014 | Want to say in Indy even though the allow of quality public schools where you don't have to have a degree in figuring out the landscape and can just be assured your kids will receive good schooling in a safe environment is tempting to move to abouts. With raising kids, the quality exhools focus is the center of attention. Of course, lower taxes would be nice as well. We essentially gay more taxes, more in home maintaining and have greatly reduced quality public schools compared to a home of equal companion in the suburbs. Taught competition. |
| 7469760 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7469773 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7469774 | 07/29/2014 | I like Marion County it has lot to offer regasting green spaces, outdoor activities and restaurants. |
| 7469793 | 07/29/2014 | larger lots, more green specie |
| 7469725 | 07/29/2014 | 1 like living in Marion County and Hille living in Washington Township. |
| 7469837 | 07/29/2014 | Title my house and neighborhood but would love to live somewhere within watking distance of cultural/artistood. |
| 7469992 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7470234 | 07/29/2014 | There is a lot of crime that goes on in my neighborhood. |
| 7471505 | 07/29/2014 | The crime rate here is worse than Boston and NYC. We feel unsafe and are unhappy about living in Marton County. City leadership does not have national or international experience in addressing crime issues. City lacks vision to attractive lain readerits and only follows the lead of other cities like Circlinati and St Louis. |
| 7472200 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7472900 | 07/29/2014 | 1 love Tiving downtown - it's convenient for me and visitors to walk / bilse to destinations. |
| 7475012 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7476194 | 07/29/2014 | Incallier is great |
| 7476138 | 07/29/2014 | I like the towndrup that I like in and the schools that my children attend. |
| 7477367 | 07/29/2014 | so I could find an employer that would hime asmessine with a felony on their record |
| 7477403 | 07/29/2014 | To upgrade my housing studion. But I am not planning on it since I like my home and location. |
| 7477480 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7477559 | 07/29/2014 | I fove Invington. |
| 7477531 | 07/29/2014 | J <u></u> ; |
| 7477783 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7477756 | 07/29/2014 | Title where Hive, it is truly a neighborhood. |
| 7477827 | 07/29/2014 | I like Indy but live in Franklin Township and it very boring here. There are plenty of chain restaurants, strip malls and asedy bars. But it's tacking in entensinment, cultural/ans districts, |
| | Females of | and locally owned thops |
| 7477865 | 07/29/2014 | Closer to children, large yard and affordability |
| 7478044 | 07/29/2014 | I would want to continue living downtown |
| 7478679 | 07/29/2014 | I like the space between houses |
| 7479038 | 07/29/2014 | How the leasting place to decrease. The pulment disease of the elements and the place to the control of the elements and the place to the elements and the elements and the elements and the elements are the elements and the elements and the elements are the e |
| 7479106 | 07/29/2014 | Hove the location close to downtown, the cultural diversity of the community and the older homes with amenities such as stained glass windows, leaded glass, woodwork, etc. Not looking for funity or behavior under his or an afford core downtown. Want access to mix of retailing (local & chain), employment centers, pedestrian friendly, a VARIETY of housing options (not just large single homes or cramped apartments, Safety is critical. Good investment in housing is ultra critical. Higher taxes olary it community offers a high quarity of fliving. |
| 7479454 | 07/29/2014 | I love everything about my neighborhood - Irvington. Housing stock, retail and testaurants, proximity to downtown, parks and trails, wonderful neighbors, tree-lined streets, cultural and recreational offerings, all of tit |
| 7479857 | 07/28/2014 | Safetyhising crime |
| 7479464 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7480159 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7480330 | hrosportal | ** |

| 7483705 | 07/29/2014 | Love the seea |
|---------|-----------------|--|
| 7483784 | 07/29/2014 | If I had to move, I would start fresh in a new city |
| 7483929 | 07/29/2014 | Just for a change of scenery, I'd still stay downtown |
| 7484580 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7486077 | 07/29/2014 | Nice neighborhood: Close to most things |
| 7480068 | 07/29/2014 |) ; |
| 7486702 | 07/29/2014 | I enjoy the quiet and would like a large yard that I can put a garder into along with a pole barn to store my toys. |
| 7486908 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7487499 | 07/29/2014 | |
| 7488320 | 07/29/2014 | Balter school quality |
| 7490223 | 07/29/2014 | We live downtown, and after 2 years of wellking to the office, we couldn't storach the suburbs again. |
| 7496442 | 07/30/2014 | 1 |
| 7499140 | 07/30/2014 | 7 |
| 7499071 | 07/30/2014 | Lenjoy the accessability of downfown living. |
| 7500212 | 07/30/2014 | Safety |
| 7500213 | 07/30/2014 | I love being close to downtown and the historic architecture |
| 7500355 | 07/30/2014 | To get away from the come and schools in the city. |
| 7500515 | 07/30/2014 | Indy is porfect city size. Good cultural and entertainment/dining amenities. Family is here. Interesting, fairly diverse neighborhoods. Easy to get around IF you have a car. |
| 7500581 | 07/38/2014 | |
| 7500336 | 07/30/2014 | I live in an area of mostly two story homes I would like to live in a one level home as I age. Property taxes will make a difference. |
| | Yana and a same | Hove being close to downtown, but there isn't any other place in Indy that I would love to live. If type the gritiness and culture of downtown that you can't get any other place around |
| 7500775 | 07/30/2014 | the city. Plus, you're class to everything. |
| 7501205 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7501247 | 07/30/2014 | Want to stay in this neighborhood |
| 7501331 | 07/39/2014 | it would be a way to revitalize the neighborhood, to restore my frome, sell it, buy another in the neighborhood risdore it sell it etc. |
| 7501400 | 07/30/2014 | Baceuse I have triends in my neighborhood and really enjoy the local shops and redaurants near by that have recently opened |
| 7501701 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7802207 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7502457 | 07/30/2014 | () · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 7502916 | 07/30/2014 | None of the above, I would move to a large city in the south. |
| 7504531 | 07/30/2014 | location, close to large park friends and family |
| 7505144 | 07/30/2014 | Hove my neighborhood. I have deep relationships here, I have my job, my home, and my church within walking distance, |
| 7505829 | 07/30/2014 | () |
| 7506444 | 07/30/2014 | Safer and more affordable |
| 7507385 | 07/30/2014 | I would rather stay to the near downtown area |
| 7507716 | 87/38/2014 | |
| 7511097 | 07/39/2014 | 5 |
| 7511602 | 97/30/2014 | |
| 7512020 | 07/30/2014 | \$ |
| 7512685 | 07/30/2014 | To many people and crime. |
| 7513128 | 07/30/2014 | I like historic, old homes |
| 7513658 | 07/30/2014 | Currently in a Condo, and wouldn't be able to move to an affordable house in my neighborhood on a single salary. |
| 7514023 | 07/30/2014 | |
| | 07/30/2014 | Hove my neighborhood. West Indianapolis but it feets forgotten. Organizations like Mary Riggs, Churches and neighborhood organizations can old do so much. We need to encourage more home ownership and less rentals. Absentee landlords have been a big problem driving down the quality of living. Also, there should more code enforcement. Many of the churches in the neighborhood are being turned into multiple dwelling residences holding more than 20 people. |
| 7814852 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7514845 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7513920 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7514494 | 07/30/2014 | Looking for a friendly but, diversity community |
| 7515319 | 07/30/2014 | it would be a retirement facility with access to our mends, church, and relatives. |
| 7516099 | 07/30/2014 | If I had to move from our neighborhood it would most likely be because we were experiencing a financial crisis so we wouldn't be able to afford a house in our neighborhood (which would be my first choice). So, if that westne exacon, we also wouldn't be able to afford the private school that we pay for: I will not put my son in public school in Marien County. So, we would move outside of Marien County to be able to have a good school in a safe neighborhood. |
| 7516635 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 7516637 | 07/30/2014 | Where is the option for a larger city outside of Indy? |
| 7517613 | 07/30/2014 | Closer to downtown |
| 7517699 | 07/30/2014 | could not efford to live elsewhere |
| 7518129 | 07/30/2014 | 9 |
| 7519075 | 07/30/2014 | less crime |
| 7521459 | 07/30/2014 | I like Indianapolis, but mostly have lived elsewhere. I dont see the problems with crime improving significantly for a long time in the areas of the inner city - so I wouldn't move closer, but surber out if I needed to move. |

| 7523123 | 07/30/2014 | |
|---------|------------|--|
| 7523130 | 07/30/2014 | Hove my neighborhood and love living downtown. |
| 7523480 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 523604 | 07/30/2014 | |
| 523642 | 07/30/2014 | I would move out of state, perhaps back where I'm from on the East Coast. Why is that not an option? |
| 7529918 | 07/31/2014 | Location |
| 7534712 | 07/31/2014 | Like Marion county, don't went to be in auburb's |
| 7536206 | 07/31/2014 | Line month county want to be in suburily |
| 7536545 | 07/31/2014 | |
| 7536556 | 07/31/2014 | Tilke the Pike township area |
| 7537102 | 07/31/2014 | 3 mediate - rise community when |
| 7537583 | 07/31/2014 | Columbus, IN is an amazing small town that puts an emphasis on art and design. |
| 7537812 | 07/31/2014 | I like the neighborhood |
| 7538104 | 07/31/2014 | me increasing |
| 7538118 | 07/31/2014 | (<u> </u> |
| 7538338 | 07/31/2014 | |
| | 1 | () |
| 7538608 | 07/31/2014 | |
| 7539126 | 07/31/2014 | Better living conditions to raise a family, better access to schools, safe neighborhoods |
| 7539428 | 07/31/2014 | Crime. |
| 7540003 | 07/31/2014 | away from rising crime, better schools; better community activities |
| 7540778 | 07/31/2014 | Vision and framer with the presidents in manufactured |
| 7540638 | 07/31/2014 | I am not happy with the residents in my neighborhood. |
| 7541045 | 07/31/2014 | Proximity to all areas of Indianapolis, true neighborhood feel with walk or short drive access to retail. |
| 7541052 | 07/31/2014 | We love our neighborhood and see it becoming a safer, more wallwate place. We till the cultural and historical aspect of the neighborhood and are not auto we could find that anywhere else in Indy (not even Broad Repple, where we used to live.) We just need a few small shops (butcher shop, small grocer with good produce, belieny), and it would be perfer- |
| 541377 | 07/31/2014 | I used to live in broad ripple but now live in the old nonhaide. Hove the proximity to downtown but that it has a community feel with historic shuctures. I would live to see more development on 16th sheet. |
| 541540 | 07/31/2014 | Downsize: |
| 7842520 | 07/31/2014 | Living downtown has always appealed to me |
| 7543648 | 07/31/2014 | Taxes used to fund things other than infrastructure/roads, business properly taxes not worth the cost. |
| 7544065 | 07/31/2014 | I would like to live in a cultural district or an up and coming neighborhood. Fountain Square, Fletcher Place/Hoty Cross/Hoty Rosary are on the top of my favorite neighborhood list the moment. |
| 7544321 | 07/31/2014 | Better schools, proximity to family, affordability |
| 7545036 | 07/31/2014 | I would move somewhere I could walk, run, bike immediately out of my neighborhood. |
| 7547150 | 07/31/2014 | I like the cultural vibrancy in the downtown area. |
| 7550566 | 07/31/2014 | I can work from home in my job, and we would like to have some land to have animals, a garden, woods, etc. |
| 7551760 | 07/31/2014 | |
| 7552913 | 07/31/2014 | 1 enjoy being in the city |
| 7557013 | 07/31/2014 | More space/land, less violence, better school system |
| 7560355 | 07/31/2014 | |
| 7570239 | 08/01/2014 | Proximity to work, cultural events and Indy is more diverse and welcoming than suburbs or small town some distance from Indy |
| 7573189 | 08/01/2014 | I like the ligastion of my neighborhood in relation to downtown. |
| 7574043 | 08/01/2014 | liease expires) - looking to experience different cultural neighborhood of Indy |
| 7575060 | 08/01/2014 | I want to live in a neighborhood where houses are bought NOT to become a child care business or a Group Home or Rental Property. Where people take care of their property. This was a very nice neighborhood at one time, but now it has given way to rednecks, immigrants (prohably illegal) that do not speak any English. |
| 7575820 | 08/01/2014 | 1 feel like people don't keep sheir properties in good condition. |
| 7576724 | 08/01/2014 | Carmel, More money sperit on sidewalks, roads, dead tree removal from ROW. Crime is not a problem in Greenbrian. |
| 7577312 | 08/01/2014 | The H.O.A. is totally vested in the neighborhood is walkable neighborhood. |
| 7578630 | 08/01/2014 | Cost of upkeeptraffic control tack of small retail shops |
| 7582504 | 08/01/2014 | Prefer the city; |
| 7582828 | 08/01/2014 | I would stay to or near fountain square. Love the neighborhood but would consider SoBro |
| 7583325 | 08/01/2014 | We love Herron-Moron Place! We participate in and help organize neighborhood events so that we get to know our neighborhood, have fun, and build community. We need help will offine and safety, alley misurfacing, street pobbles, sidewalk repair, bible lanes, street lighting, and small, unique retail. |
| 7587231 | 08/01/2014 | Safety, location, nearby shopping, quality of neighbors, schools close by |
| 7587857 | 08/01/2014 | The near Eastside has its problems but it is looking up. There is a lot of variety close by in terms of cultural and educational and recreational offerings, though I would love even more, I doubt I could find a house as nice as the one I live in at a price I could afford in another area of the city. |
| 7568241 | 08/01/2014 | Convenience of using the bus several food pantries in the neighborhood, neighbors/goking out for each other, some "third places", though I would like more |
| 591341 | 08/01/2014 | To a different country To escape the bad management by federal government |
| 7616013 | 08/02/2014 | We have an older home. Due to teck husbend's health and fack of work we're struggling financially to make it. As lower middle class we aren't suffering enough to get assistance wit ANYTHING, Will likely loose our home soon. But we like the neighbors and neighborhood. So if possible I would stay in our location. Feels like a neighborhood, but perfect quick success to work and retail needs. |
| 7629609 | 08/03/2014 | The state of the s |
| | ns/na/2014 | *** |

| | | 9 |
|---------|------------|--|
| 7665584 | 08/04/2014 | Great Location, quality housing, incredible neighbors |
| 7667051 | 08/04/2014 | Looking to live even closer to downtown, with hopes of biring/walking most of the time. |
| 7667373 | 08/04/2014 | have small children and our decision would be based on schooling and child services as our children grow |
| 7669311 | 08/04/2014 | |
| 7869431 | 88/04/2014 | Always lived on the north side and will continue to live somewhere on the north side. |
| 7672475 | 08/04/2014 | |
| 7707941 | 08/05/2014 | would like to move into a singletevile drewling |
| 7709245 | 08/05/2014 | I like my neighborhood. Closs/easy access to any part of town, lots of housing options, good schools, easy access for family and friends |
| 7718185 | 08/05/2014 | A low cost tropical island. |
| 7731272 | 08/05/2014 | samily |
| 7805559 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7807467 | 06/07/2014 | Out of State - More employment growth and accommic growth in Mr, OH, TX and FL |
| 7810991 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7811161 | 08/07/2014 | Live too far away from most shopping, cultural events, etc. Not on the bus line |
| 7811733 | 08/07/2014 | Would file a regular house, rench style. No longer a home that has stairs and association fees. |
| 7814878 | 08/07/2014 | Orime Increase |
| 7815105 | 08/07/2014 | I enjoy being close to downtown. |
| 7815288 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7815526 | 08/07/2014 | Moving to Invington September 14 because of neighborhood. |
| 7815673 | 08/07/2014 | Accestrilltywailability |
| 7815916 | 08/07/2014 | lave tiring downtown |
| 7816127 | 08/07/2014 | Cleaner eir and water |
| 7816265 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7816519 | 08/07/2014 | Church |
| 7816274 | 08/07/2014 | Really like being in the "big city", but very disappointed in the poor development of the cities south, east, and west sides of townthey seem to have been forgotten. The north and immediate downtown areas, seem to get ALL the focus. |
| 7B16685 | 08/07/2014 | Love south indy |
| 7816826 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7816952 | 08/07/2014 | We love Retcher Place |
| 7816721 | 08/07/2014 | More unique neighborhouds, closer to job, safe |
| 7817104 | 08/07/2014 | Downtown near north side. CLoser to Herrori High School. |
| 7817280 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7817431 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7817563 | 08/07/2014 | Like living downtown |
| 7817273 | 08/07/2014 | Sustainability is incredibly important to me. Living in a city is much more sustainable than living in suburb, I also love dense walkable neighborhoods: |
| 7824114 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7824511 | 08/07/2014 | I need to live in a place where I can walk on a sidewalk and feel safe, have parks to go and enjoy and have illuminated streets. |
| 7828498 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7828633 | 08/07/2014 | Love where I live. Good balance between transportation and business College and 54th. |
| 7828814 | 08/07/2014 | Love the neighborhood and family in the area. |
| 7828964 | 08/07/2014 | Schools IPS school system is a problem in current neighborhood. |
| 7829151 | 08/07/2014 | Need to be close to work and play. Close to bisoways with law traffic roads |
| 7829308 | 08/07/2014 | Schools |
| 7829456 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7829625 | 08/07/2014 | * |
| 7829790 | 08/07/2014 | Water, Not man made drop spots and retention ponds |
| 7829960 | 08/07/2014 | Tid just like to have someplace where I can participate but he free to garden and do what I want with my land |
| 7830102 | 08/07/2014 | Close to eventhing |
| 7830201 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7830274 | 98/07/2014 | Bigger Home |
| 7839411 | 08/07/2014 | \$ |
| 7830516 | 08/07/2014 | Cheaper apartments |
| 7830852 | 08/07/2014 | Bigger house |
| 7830813 | 08/07/2014 | |
| 7859451 | 06/08/2014 | |
| 7859540 | 08/08/2014 | Our relighborhood is quiet and unknown by most people in Indy. We have freedom to do what we want to our houses and the neighbors watch out for each other. |
| 7859898 | 08/08/2014 | Fountain Square |
| 7859828 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7861947 | 08/08/2014 | |
| | | Unclear question — why would I move or why would I move to where I'm moving IFI had to move? I actually am moving _and I'm moving because I line in a "transitional" area that taking too long to transition for moving to contain a finite in a moving to another national or inch her sure. I want two out I'm not |

| | | good things that City is doing/fostering (like bike/ped infrastructure, parks, street/sidewelks, enravated housing) often land temporary in settact follow-on private investment in these "transitional" bilghted areas, what makes City leaders think folis with choices about where to live will went stay (i.e. also juinteded) there? The missing pieces are the world-class municipal services. Just because people arenth paying tools of issees and scenaring to their Councilors and/or high-level personal is contacts at the City doesn't mean the City is "off the noof" to provide best-in-class services to those areas in fact, they require "more" services. Decause social norms and value systems in spiciosconomically diverse areas arediverse, If fails of the City to provide services that create conditions conductive to at least median level qualify of first is the function of our society/povernment. Right now, the City totestes blighting conditions. City needs to increase their game 10-fold in this area. The only value this community engagement planning services will have its if you can use the "results" to knock these City approvies into high gear. If this is extracted from the conditions of |
|---------|------------|---|
| 7863211 | 08/08/2014 | California |
| 7883302 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7863413 | 08/08/2014 | Availability of amenities |
| 7863502 | 08/08/2014 | Less crime and noise |
| 7863625 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7863687 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7863781 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7863861 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7883601 | 08/08/2014 | I feel that places outside of Marino county are well taken care of lie Hamilton County |
| 7863969 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7864102 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7864279 | 08/08/2014 | Loursingly live in an apartment and would trive to buy a house. |
| 7864373 | 08/08/2014 | I love my neighborhood and the houses in it |
| 7864491 | 08/08/2014 | Claser to downtown |
| 7866723 | 08/08/2014 | I like the area I live in because it is easy access to shopping, entertainment etc. and it is close to my job. |
| 7867916 | 08/08/2014 | The crime rate would possibly be lower. |
| 7868489 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7872732 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 7908022 | 08/09/2014 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 7941627 | 68/10/2014 | Hive in a production neighborhood with dense population. I would like to live in a more rural setting with less noise pollution and privacy. |
| 7983053 | 08/11/2014 | Public transportation and better streets |
| 7986583 | 08/11/2014 | |
| 7986714 | 08/11/2014 | Too many robberies in my relighberhood. |
| 8025396 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8025686 | 08/12/2014 | Love our location and waterfrom |
| 8025805 | 08/12/2014 | Hove my neighborhood, I have lived there nearly all my life. It's safe and convenient. |
| 8026119 | 08/12/2014 | The shell in my neighborhood is baid. |
| 8026276 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8026325 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8026422 | 08/12/2014 | Samething new |
| 8026494 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8026561 | 08/12/2014 | Taxes |
| 8026651 | 08/12/2014 | Downtown-close to work-close to the eirport. |
| 8026730 | 08/12/2014 | 1 work in Marion County and want to stay close! |
| 8026860 | 08/12/2014 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 8026931 | 08/12/2014 | Get sway from crime and better schools |
| 8027027 | 08/12/2014 | Claser to grandchildren |
| 8027085 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8026918 | 08/12/2014 | To get away from unjust treatment by MCHD and IMFO of citizens |
| 8027164 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8027276 | 08/12/2014 | Too much crime |
| 8027390 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8027845 | 08/12/2014 | 1 |
| 8027956 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8028077 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8028522 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8028593 | 08/12/2014 | Safer area |
| 8028697 | 08/12/2014 | Affordability |
| 8028796 | 08/12/2014 | 2 |
| 8028884 | 08/12/2014 | Claser to my grown children who live 45 minutes sudside of lindy, but clase enough to get to work-downtown. |
| 8029080 | 08/12/2014 | Tred of Irwing in Haughville, a lot of problems with theft reping and more. I feel like I can't sleep |
| 8029202 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8031678 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8031796 | 08/12/2014 | Environment, uplicep often improved. Enjey small town feel, shops, etc |
| 8032063 | 08/12/2014 | Leest traffic |

| 8032936 | 08/12/2014 | |
|--------------|------------|--|
| 8033125 | 08/12/2014 | We lave our neighborhood. Need a bigger house. |
| 8033255 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8033349 | 08/12/2014 | |
| 8033429 | 08/12/2014 | More quiet, more space between houses and smaller schools |
| 8033505 | 08/12/2014 | Schools |
| 8033640 | 08/12/2014 | 7 |
| 8053562 | 08/12/2014 | Family and locallon dus to zoo and downtown |
| 8069949 | 08/13/2014 | 7 |
| 8070048 | 08/13/2014 | Safer |
| 8070133 | 08/13/2014 | ** |
| 8070191 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8070252 | 08/13/2014 | ** |
| 8070302 | 08/13/2014 | 1 liks my neighborhood |
| 8070443 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8070525 | 08/13/2014 | Tilike where if live |
| 8070645 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8070763 | 08/13/2014 | Larger House, Better schools, more parks. |
| 8070838 | 08/13/2014 | Tible the area |
| 8070933 | 08/13/2014 | Something new |
| 8071010 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071103 | 08/13/2014 | When retind-country life |
| 8071185 | 08/13/2014 | I love the charm and history of my neighborhood |
| 8071262 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071349 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071394 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071543 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071607 | 08/13/2014 | I like the small town feel my city has to offer |
| 8071750 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8071825 | 08/13/2014 | Love inlington but don't feve my house |
| 8071910 | 08/13/2014 | Don't care about the structure of the home. It's all I can efferd right now. |
| 8072015 | 08/13/2014 | Schools and family |
| 8072108 | 08/13/2014 | Homeleas |
| 8072172 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8072233 | 08/13/2014 | Closer to work |
| 8072303 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8072381 | 08/13/2014 | Because the neighborhood I lived in before is not good, |
| 8072449 | 08/13/2014 | I really like the area where my school is located, Butler Tarkington, more so than the area where my family is. |
| 8072625 | 06/13/2014 | <u> </u> |
| 8072694 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8072766 | 08/13/2014 | Offme is becoming bad in many assist in Indianapolis |
| 8072874 | 08/13/2014 | |
| 8072935 | 08/13/2014 | Cowntown because of all of the events offered-arts |
| 8073041 | 08/13/2014 | I like my location. Very close to 2 downtown grocery stores, cultural stall, food, bars, browenes, Monon, and various other cultural districts |
| 8065219 | 08/13/2014 | · |
| 8111274 | 08/14/2014 | Oblaudy - I like my community. |
| 8114071 | 08/14/2014 | Lenjoy my neighborhood just don't enjoy the variety of housing available. Need better spaces for small businesses. |
| 8114461 | 08/14/2014 | I fove indy |
| Mark and the | 08/14/2014 | |
| | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8115115 | i | IUPUI student and need close groximity |
| | 08/14/2014 | Move downtown to be closer to work'school and culture) amenities. |
| 8115294 | 08/14/2014 | \$ |
| 8115366 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8115446 | 08/14/2014 | Different state. Not from Indy and have no desire to stay but trade school keeps me here. |
| 8115499 | 08/14/2014 | |
| | 08/14/2014 | \$ |
| | 08/14/2014 | Parish and |
| | 08/14/2014 | Country |
| 8115735 | Luciarzosa | |

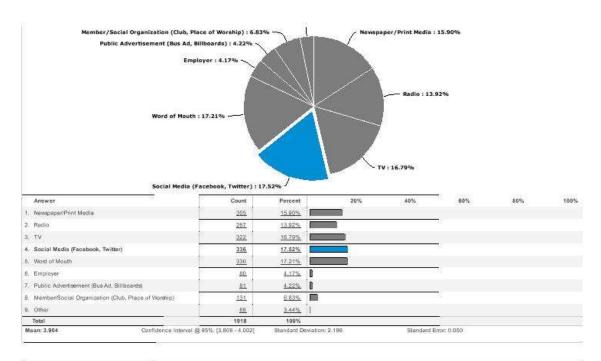
| 8121000 | 08/14/2014 | |
|---------|------------|--|
| B121557 | 08/14/2014 | Get out of the city |
| 8121810 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8121662 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8121690 | 08/14/2014 | Move downstown |
| 8121752 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8121814 | 08/14/2014 | <u> </u> |
| 8121890 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8121962 | 08/14/2014 | <u> </u> |
| 8121988 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8122060 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8122130 | 08/14/2014 | I file the south |
| 8121507 | 08/14/2014 | There are too many gas stations, cheep quality resell, bars and liquor stores. Need more local eatenes and store front service shops |
| 8122198 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8122274 | 08/14/2014 | We like tryington |
| 8122365 | 08/14/2014 | Make my commute more convenient |
| 8122451 | 08/14/2014 | The time has come to move, the house is just a little too big with ablings off at school. |
| 8122566 | 08/14/2014 | reduced onime |
| 8122662 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8122719 | 08/14/2014 | For smaller housing accommodations |
| 8122790 | 08/14/2014 | Downtoint |
| 8122848 | 08/14/2014 | |
| 8245079 | 08/18/2014 | would like to be closer to downlown / mass ave / fountain square areas amenifies, restourants, cultural attractions, and shorten commute |
| 8250535 | 08/18/2014 | sile nature - would move to country property surrounded by trees, ability to see stars at night |
| 8264467 | 08/18/2014 | Currently in an apartment and hope to move into a home in the future |
| 8303474 | 08/19/2014 | Want to be away from city. |
| 8303549 | 08/19/2014 | We just want to be in more of the country and it's not so expensive |
| 8303639 | 08/19/2014 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 8303718 | 08/19/2014 | Indy's run by a bunch of self serving bigots |
| 8304123 | 08/19/2014 | Moving out of state |
| 8304215 | 08/19/2014 | I really like our neighborhood, but if we didn't reside in our home, I would prefer to move to Zionsville, it's small and quaint |
| 8304350 | 08/19/2014 | |
| 8304470 | 08/19/2014 | quiet |
| 8304550 | 08/19/2014 | Love our neighborhood and that area of town |
| 8304647 | 08/19/2014 | |
| 8304739 | 08/19/2014 | Callandon-love that area |
| 8304831 | 08/19/2014 | Would like to experience a new location with more cultural amenities |
| 8305094 | 08/19/2014 | The state of the s |
| 8305226 | 08/19/2014 | to get away from the city: |
| 8305277 | 08/19/2014 | the broad ripple neighborhood has everything i like |
| 8305394 | 08/19/2014 | |
| 8305498 | 08/19/2014 | 1 love my neighborhood and the community small fown fael |
| 8306436 | | |
| | 08/19/2014 | Carmel, feels aafer |
| 8328229 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8335063 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8345881 | 08/20/2014 | My street is not safe anymore with traffic and violence broad apple has |
| 8345965 | 08/20/2014 | I plan on moving downtown later this. Larger gay community |
| 8346063 | 08/20/2014 | Family closer and better schooling |
| 8346148 | 08/20/2014 | <u> </u> |
| 8346205 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8346254 | 08/20/2014 | Because of the smaller amount of crime, pride in ownership, better school system potentially |
| 8346388 | 08/20/2014 | I enjoy being close to downtown |
| 8346453 | 08/20/2014 | <u></u> |
| 8346507 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8346573 | 08/20/2014 | Musband gatting new jobs |
| 8346635 | 08/20/2014 | Моге дстваде-че але штоал homesteaders |
| 8346737 | 08/20/2014 | <u></u> |
| 8347183 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8347228 | 08/20/2014 | 1 life the area, easy for school and work |
| 8347338 | 08/20/2014 | |
| | | |

| 0.047.770 | UQCEULEU 14 | |
|------------|------------------|--|
| 8347828 | 08/20/2014 | |
| 8347888 | 08/20/2014 | closer to officer |
| 8348019 | 08/20/2014 | lave neighborhood |
| 8348076 | 08/20/2014 | 2 |
| 8348114 | 08/20/2014 | proximity to job, church, friends |
| 8348158 | 08/20/2014 | <u></u> |
| 8487073 | 08/24/2014 | Open space and a place to relax |
| 8487132 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487165 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487202 | 08/24/2014 | so be with family |
| 8487236 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487275 | 08/24/2014 | Too much construction, traffic and crime |
| 8487297 | 08/24/2014 | would move closer to college for convenience. |
| 8487336 | 08/24/2014 | downsizing |
| 8487370 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487417 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487433 | 08/24/2014 | I love my neighborhood and the schools. I wish we could walk more places though |
| 8487467 | 08/24/2014 | so we can have fand |
| 8487541 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487587 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487612 | 08/24/2014 | less come |
| 8487754 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487793 | 08/24/2014 | I would move to a house inside my neighborhood because I love it. |
| 8487849 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487900 | 08/24/2014 | Desire to own a home and move out of an apartment |
| 8487940 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8487971 | 08/24/2014 | peace and seenity |
| 8488026 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488061 | 08/24/2014 | 1 |
| 8488082 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488128 | 08/24/2014 | Homeless |
| 8488158 | 08/24/2014 | I don't like the conditions of my neighborhood |
| 8488189 | 08/24/2014 | chicago, wisconsin |
| 8488216 | 08/24/2014 | Hove my neighborhood |
| 8488254 | 08/24/2014 | chicago |
| 8488287 | 08/24/2014 | rural background |
| 8489325 | 08/24/2014 | so get away from comption |
| 8489346 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8489385 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488421 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488470 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488511 | 08/24/2014 | |
| 8488556 | 08/24/2014 | It is a good clean neighborhood |
| 8488811 | 08/24/2014 | Landston Landston Condition Confession (Co.P.) |
| 8505729 | 08/25/2014 | * |
| 8505971 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508037 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508073 | 08/25/2014 | cheaper housing |
| | 08/25/2014 | 20.00000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| 8506176 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8506212 | 08/25/2014 | I prefer not to live in a more busy city |
| 8506270 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8506325 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508405 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8506462 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508501 | 08/25/2014 | close to work |
| 8508556 | 08/25/2014 | I would move to a better neighborhood |
| PRODUCTION | June 11 12 11 14 | The second property of the property of the second property of the se |
| 8506641 | 08/25/2014 | |

| 0000000000 | | |
|------------|-------------|--|
| 0007200 | UOCEDIEU 14 | The state of the s |
| 8507280 | 58/25/2014 | The lived on the south side all my life |
| 8507350 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8507441 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8507497 | 08/25/2014 | • |
| 8507554 | 08/25/2014 | close to downtown |
| 8507608 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8507694 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508262 | 08/25/2014 | 2 |
| 8508310 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8508355 | 08/25/2014 | great neighborhood |
| 8508416 | 08/25/2014 | good neighborhood but would look for close neighborhood with sidewalks and perhaps amenities |
| 8508485 | 08/25/2014 | getting alder, less naise |
| 8508562 | 08/25/2014 | Because Flove living in Speedway |
| 8508623 | 08/25/2014 | need a home with more space and a larger yard |
| 8508674 | 08/25/2014 | I like the area I am in |
| 8508751 | 08/25/2014 | soo much traffic congestion and road construction |
| 8508813 | 08/26/2014 | |
| 8508861 | 08/26/2014 | Schools different clientel as far as my child would be around |
| 8508925 | 08/25/2014 | Like Inving in city, like Indy |
| 8508995 | 08/25/2014 | I five in a small condo in Lawrence township. I would prefer to live in Hamilton County. |
| 8509049 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8509093 | 08/25/2014 | Broad ripple-can walk or ride bile there |
| 8509189 | 08/25/2014 | Space reasons |
| 8509296 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8509377 | 08/25/2014 | to be close to grandkids |
| 8509517 | 08/25/2014 | <u></u> |
| 8509560 | 08/25/2014 | Age of neighborhoods |
| 8509601 | 08/25/2014 | [<u></u> |
| 8509631 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8509676 | 08/25/2014 | |
| 8509723 | 08/25/2014 | I love inrington and fountain square. Cute little places close to downtown |
| 8509818 | 08/25/2014 | I love living clase to downtown. We would stay in the uptown area or another historic neighborhood that is bikelpedestrian friendly. |
| 8527711 | 08/25/2014 | I love the neighborhood I live in because of convenience. Most everything I need/want is within 5-10 mine from my home, and I have an easy 15 min drive to work. |
| 8539315 | 08/26/2014 | The second secon |
| 8539306 | 08/26/2014 | We are fixing here because we recently had a child, and the public elementary school size will go to is one of the bast in the county. We would love to live downtown egain sameday, because level increasing in the more well-solt energy for the city. That combined with the cost of sending our child to a private school because IPS achools are so poor makes unsure if that's a possibility for us. Our current neighborhood is a great location within the city, but because there are no good bite tanes or sidewells on Kessler going toward Broadrigpte, we are not sure if we want to stay here long term. |
| 8539371 | 08/26/2014 | Would love a neighborhood with sidewalks where I could walk to enall shops. |
| 8539444 | 08/26/2014 | Great neighbors and community. Good generational mix. Ethnic diversity |
| 8539501 | 08/26/2014 | We live in Highland Kessler outside Broadrippis and we love our neighborhood. |
| 8539760 | 08/26/2014 | |
| 8539740 | 08/26/2014 | Offmo rate increasing, more space - large yard or land |
| 8540098 | 08/28/2014 | Would love to find a contemporary home in or near downtown. Contemporary homes in the suburbs are hard to find. |
| 8540689 | 08/26/2014 | ofine |
| 8541797 | 08/26/2014 | getting ready to retire and downszing |
| 8541929 | 08/26/2014 | Hove my neighborhood. The HKCL Neighborhood Association is vital, informed and involved in making our neighborhood self- and inviting. |
| 8542762 | 08/26/2014 | Indianapolis lacks major diversity for young professionals and the so called "Cultural Districts" do not represent ethnic groups or cultures at all. I will most probably move for that very reason after graduation. |
| 8546064 | 08/26/2014 | 1 leve my neighborhood. I am going broke trying to pay to live here because I feel safe. |
| 8546598 | 08/26/2014 | There is no militarisent community in my neighborhood. |
| 8547230 | 08/26/2014 | |
| 8549356 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8549715 | 08/26/2014 | Better schools |
| 8550939 | 08/26/2014 | I love indy but need a neighborhood with addwalls and safe areas for my yearning to become more independent elementary school aged child to play and ride her bits safely. |
| 8553226 | 08/26/2014 | I would move to a warmer climate |
| 8554269 | 08/26/2014 | * |
| 8554378 | 08/26/2014 | comfortable with area |
| 8554889 | 08/26/2014 | |
| 8561969 | 08/28/2014 | I like my neighbors and my family lives in the same neighborhood. |
| 8563699 | 08/26/2014 | Love the location |

| 8578755 | 08/27/2014 | Another Country |
|--------------------|------------|---|
| 8579837 | 08/27/2014 | Leave Indiana |
| 8580130 | 08/27/2014 | |
| 8580304 | 08/27/2014 | |
| 8586077 | 08/27/2014 | |
| 8585924 | 08/27/2014 | to be close to my family, and friends |
| 8586836 | 08/27/2014 | I like my neighborhood-it's riverside and generally a very nice neighborhood, but rough commercial businesses are starting to move in pawnshops, convenient stores etc. |
| 8588939 | 08/27/2014 | |
| 8587024 | 08/27/2014 | 988 |
| 8612414 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8612497 | 08/28/2014 | 1 liks fiving dawntown |
| 8612626 | 08/28/2014 | I love Inington and would like to stay |
| 8612707 | 08/28/2014 | Love It, great character and characters |
| 8812786 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8612982 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8613138 | 08/28/2014 | A setrement community |
| 8613219 | 08/28/2014 | Strong neighborhood organizations |
| 8613507 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8614262 | 08/28/2014 | I like being 15 mins from downtown but have the resources of the suburbs |
| 8614525 | 08/28/2014 | downsze space |
| 8623957 | 08/28/2014 | |
| 8628446 | 08/28/2014 | Family |
| 8628559 | 08/28/2014 | Slower Place |
| 8663439 | 08/29/2014 | I would have to move in with one of my children because the rential mertet is over priced for my senior income (SSI). |
| 8663766 | 08/29/2014 | To evoid crime and traffic conjection |
| 8663910 | 08/29/2014 | or A Small town some distance from Indy |
| 8664061 | 08/29/2014 | My wife & I would live somewhere else to make our work commutes shoder. |
| 8664325 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8864615 | 08/29/2014 | or somewhere else in IndyMtarian County |
| 8865029 | 08/29/2014 | or Somewhere else in Indy/Marian County |
| 8665259 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8669841 | 08/29/2014 | Great relighbors |
| 8669902 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8669952 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8670102 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8670171 | 08/29/2014 | |
| 8670266 | 08/29/2014 | To be closer to work |
| 8670373 | 08/29/2014 | maintaining Home |
| 8706924 | 08/31/2014 | <u> </u> |
| 8720301 | 09/01/2014 | tocation |
| 8744012 | 09/01/2014 | Larger home downtown with a yard for my dog. |
| 8755827 | 09/02/2014 | Great Neighbors |
| 8755688 | 09/02/2014 | |
| 8755758 | 09/02/2014 | |
| 8755820 | 09/02/2014 | |
| 8756024 | 09/02/2014 | or A small town-tridy is too large |
| 8756364 | 09/02/2014 | They dont make ranch homes with yards anymore |
| 8756906 | 09/02/2014 | Indy is good |
| | 09/02/2014 | It's about the people |
| 8757913 | 09/02/2014 | and of the state |
| 8757913 8758013 | 1 | out of the city |
| 8797235 | 09/02/2014 | Like downtown area |
| 8806770 | 09/03/2014 | Transi accordility |
| 8876327 | 1 | Transi accessibility |
| 9119204 | 09/08/2014 | want to be downtown With a spinor would lonk for monds to move in a satilled naterblock and |
| | 09/11/2014 | We're aging would look for condo to move in a settled neighborhood. |
| 9119408 | 09/11/2014 | We She an unpromptide sciably about class |
| 9119951 | 09/11/2014 | We like our near eastede neighborhood stoff |
| 9120803 | 09/11/2014 | because I like where I live city amenities are important to me-cultural events-health care options-diversity |
| 9120003 | Laminosta | and analyzing the milestrated against and it read affinished and it. |

| 40 CHOOM | 0906818014 | pacause i rowe una prace and mess people and i wain to be neer, neighnig to make it a batter prace for anyone to rive. |
|----------|------------|--|
| 670880 | 09/22/2014 | because I know things will get done, such as fixed roads, community engagement. |
| 671187 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 872490 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9673100 | 09/22/2014 | Ac. |
| 9673348 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9673961 | 09/22/2014 | Ac. |
| 9674846 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 874999 | 09/22/2014 | because I want to live in the downtown area |
| 9675419 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9675771 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9876200 | 09/22/2014 | Peace of Mind |
| 9676825 | 09/22/2014 | or a Suburth of Indy -I would live outside of 465 just because people were shocked when I said that's where I used to live. |
| 9677430 | 09/22/2014 | 1 lové downtown |
| 9678558 | 09/22/2014 | Love Gerileid Park |
| 9679071 | 09/22/2014 | Tim-too far from everything |
| 9679751 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9680209 | 09/22/2014 | ` |
| 9680429 | 09/22/2014 | |
| 9780078 | 09/23/2014 | Love the history and uniqueness of our neighborhood and being able to walk to a couple of redsurants and grocery and centrally located. |
| 9929103 | 09/25/2014 | |
| 9963627 | 09/26/2014 | |
| 0093092 | 09/29/2014 | Garfield Park neighborhood is the best neighborhood for cost, neamess to downtown, parks, transit and bliedped access, safety and caring neighbors. |
| 10201376 | 09/30/2014 | Misridian Kessler is a partect integration of education, kindness, friendliness and progressive thirdings |
| 10282971 | 10/01/2014 | 1 |
| 10654286 | 10/07/2014 | Government Comption. DPWs improper and illegal Resubdivision of parcels of (and by deed and grants of easement, with NO legal approval of Resubdivision of Iand - CHANGE in phitsof-way, easements and lot lines - by DMD, MDC, Plat Committee, in violation of Subdivision Control Ordinances. See Revised Code Sec 731-324 and Sec. 891-143(b) ALL permanently dead-ended stress SHALL be terminated by CULS-DE-SAC. DCE inspectors and IMPD offices, authorized to make inspections in order to enforce ALL zoning ortinances and land use regulations, chaose not to do so. See Revised Code Sec. 731-334. & Sec. 733-033. |
| 11198950 | 10/14/2014 | I want to be closer to bicycle infrastructure |



| 7337522 | 07/24/2014 | Online news/blogs |
|---------|------------|---|
| 7374892 | 07/25/2014 | Internet: |
| 7386846 | 07/26/2014 | Brag newsetter for the Binford area |
| 7439746 | 07/28/2014 | Websites |
| 7472900 | 07/29/2014 | Leadership Indianapolis, Indyfub, We Are City |
| 7477403 | 07/29/2014 | Online, I never raid the local newspaper in hard copy. I listen to WEYI pretty much all the time. |
| 7479106 | 07/29/2014 | community center |
| 482431 | 07/29/2014 | Emails :: |
| 7500213 | 07/30/2014 | internet and emails |
| 500515 | 07/30/2014 | Internet after such as downtown indy inc |
| 7500775 | 07/30/2014 | D0397, ID6 |
| 7500338 | 07/30/2014 | email, internet |
| 501205 | 07/30/2014 | internet - email (idserves |
| 505144 | 07/30/2014 | Internet, neighborhood organization websites and email blads |
| 7512685 | 07/30/2014 | Riverside civic league |
| 7514645 | 07/30/2014 | email newslettera |
| 7515319 | 07/30/2014 | email. |
| 7516099 | 07/30/2014 | email listervs and newsetters |
| 7519075 | 07/30/2014 | internet: |
| 523642 | 07/30/2014 | neighborhood lidserv |
| 536206 | 07/31/2014 | electronic school newsietter |
| 541045 | 07/31/2014 | Internet |
| 541052 | 07/31/2014 | Email sterts (BJ, IndyStar, etc. |
| 544321 | 07/31/2014 | Email alerts from print media |
| 560355 | 07/31/2014 | internet: |
| 577312 | 08/01/2014 | H.O.A. newsletter |
| 582828 | 08/01/2014 | WeAreCity |
| 587857 | 08/01/2014 | Community boards and flyers, postal mail from organizations promoting events, but mostly email and online newdetters. The free community newspapers and the online versions the things in the Star that are shared with me on the computer. |
| 7588241 | 08/01/2014 | Free novepapers and flyers |
| 7709245 | 08/05/2014 | newpaper |

| novvesta | UNITARED IN | Imosoper | |
|----------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 8072108 | 08/13/2014 | None | |
| 8111274 | 08/14/2014 | newsletters | |
| 8121507 | 08/14/2014 | Mayor's liaison | |
| 8250535 | 08/18/2014 | TV station websites | |
| 8345881 | 08/20/2014 | internet | |
| 8346573 | 08/20/2014 | IBJ daily | |
| 8347336 | 08/20/2014 | web | |
| 8508925 | 08/25/2014 | electronic media | |
| 8509560 | 08/25/2014 | Internet | |
| 8509676 | 08/25/2014 | Internet | |
| 8509723 | 08/25/2014 | Neighborhood flier | |
| 8540098 | 08/26/2014 | Friends as well as other online | ources (NOT Facebook or Twitter) |
| 8554378 | 08/26/2014 | neighborhood | |
| 8578275 | 08/27/2014 | List Serve for Neighborhood | |
| 8587024 | 08/27/2014 | Nothing | |
| 8612786 | 08/28/2014 | Internet | |
| 8612982 | 08/28/2014 | Internet other than social media | i) |
| 8663910 | 08/29/2014 | My eyes | |
| 8665029 | 08/29/2014 | email | |
| 8668902 | 08/29/2014 | Email | |
| 8670266 | 08/29/2014 | Neighborhood League | |
| 8756906 | 09/02/2014 | Friends | |
| 8797235 | 09/03/2014 | Internet | |
| 9119951 | .09011/2014 | Internet | |
| 9152712 | 09/11/2014 | Internet search-nuvo, Do 317, Y | elp |
| 9670880 | 09/22/2014 | Lidont | |
| 9675771 | 09/22/2014 | School | |
| 7 | 10/07/2014 | internet | |

| 7337623 | 07/24/2014 | 27 |
|---------|------------|---------|
| 7370319 | 07/25/2014 | 39 |
| | 07/25/2014 | 37 |
| 7374892 | 07/25/2014 | 24 |
| | 07/25/2014 | 36 |
| 7378655 | 07/25/2014 | 36 |
| | 07/26/2014 | 34 |
| 7387090 | 07/26/2014 | 31 |
| | 07/26/2014 | 35 |
| | | J1250 |
| 7439746 | 07/28/2014 | 22 |
| | | 43 |
| 7469018 | 07/29/2014 | 33 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 46 |
| 7469773 | 07/29/2014 | 30 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 54 |
| 7469793 | 07/29/2014 | 49 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 44 |
| 7469837 | 07/29/2014 | 37 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 47 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 36 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 38 |
| 7472200 | 07/29/2014 | 28 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 52 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 57 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 33 |
| 7476138 | 07/29/2014 | 39 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 56 |
| 7477480 | 07/29/2014 | 48 |
| 7477403 | 07/29/2014 | 68 |
| 7477559 | 07/29/2014 | 45 |
| 7477531 | 07/29/2014 | 65 |
| 7477783 | 07/29/2014 | 53 |
| 7477756 | 07/29/2014 | 65 |
| 7477827 | 07/29/2014 | 35 |
| 7477789 | 07/29/2014 | 36 |
| 7477865 | 07/29/2014 | 47 |
| 7478044 | 97/29/2014 | 36 |
| 7478679 | 07/29/2014 | 65 |
| 7479038 | 07/29/2014 | 31 |
| 7479106 | 07/29/2014 | 80 |
| 7478774 | 07/29/2014 | 51 |
| 7479454 | 07/29/2014 | 54 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 59 |
| 7479464 | 07/29/2014 | 53 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 30 |
| 7480263 | 07/29/2014 | 50 |
| 7480339 | 07/29/2014 | 44 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 37 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 42 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 74 |
| | 07/29/2014 | ** |
| | 4 | 63 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 74 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 53 |
| | 07/29/2014 | over 50 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 32 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 39 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 62 |
| 7486068 | 07/29/2014 | 34 |
| | 07/29/2014 | 30 |
| 7488008 | hrnetaettn | 58 |

| | \$ | <u> </u> |
|---------|---------------|----------|
| 7500213 | 07/30/2014 | 50 |
| 7500355 | 07/39/2014 | 42 |
| 7500581 | 07/30/2014 | 67 |
| 7500515 | 07/30/2014 | 54 |
| 7500775 | 07/39/2014 | 25 |
| 7500336 | 07/30/2014 | 66 |
| 7501205 | 07/30/2014 | 47 |
| 7501247 | 07/39/2014 | 71 |
| 7501331 | 07/30/2014 | 59 |
| 7501400 | 07/30/2014 | 25 |
| 7501701 | 07/30/2014 | 26 |
| 7802207 | 07/30/2014 | 42 |
| 7502457 | 07/30/2014 | 28 |
| 7502916 | 07/30/2014 | 70 |
| 7504531 | 07/30/2014 | 57 |
| 7505144 | 07/30/2014 | 45 |
| 7505829 | 07/30/2014 | 60 |
| 7506444 | 07/30/2014 | 28 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 65+ |
| 7507716 | 07/30/2014 | 27 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 62 |
| 7511802 | 07/30/2014 | 59 |
| 7512020 | 07/30/2014 | 40 |
| 7512685 | 07/30/2014 | 33 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 21 |
| 7513659 | 07/30/2014 | 32 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 26 |
| 7513764 | 07/30/2014 | 37 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 32 |
| | As possession | ACC |
| 7514645 | 07/30/2014 | 33 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 38 |
| 7514494 | 07/30/2014 | 50+ |
| | 07/30/2014 | 70 |
| 7516099 | 07/30/2014 | 45 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 48 |
| 7516637 | 07/30/2014 | 40 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 72 |
| 7517699 | 07/30/2014 | 54 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 67 |
| 7519075 | 07/30/2014 | 77 |
| 7521459 | 07/30/2014 | 50 |
| 7622137 | 07/30/2014 | 33 |
| 7522707 | 07/30/2014 | 38 |
| 7522771 | 07/30/2014 | 41 |
| 7523064 | 07/30/2014 | 42 |
| 7523046 | 07/30/2014 | 34 |
| 7523123 | 07/30/2014 | 42 |
| 7523130 | 07/30/2014 | 30 |
| 7523480 | 07/30/2014 | 53 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 29 |
| | 07/30/2014 | 54 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 34 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 54 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 42 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 34 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 51 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 29 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 4 |
| | | 41 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 52 |
| 7538164 | 07/31/2014 | 55 |

| 7640278 | 107/31/2014 | 90 |
|--|--|----------------|
| 7540638 | 07/31/2014 07/31/2014 | 28 47 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 77 38 |
| | | |
| 7541052 | 07/31/2014 | 31 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 31 |
| 541540 | 07/31/2014 | 46 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 50 |
| 7543648 | 07/31/2014 | 1 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 28 |
| 7544321 | 07/31/2014 | 35 |
| 7545036 | 07/31/2014 | 33 |
| 7547150 | 07/31/2014 | 37 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 51 |
| | 07/31/2014 | |
| | 07/31/2014 | 35 |
| 7557013 | 87/31/2014 | 36 |
| | 07/31/2014 | 18 |
| 570239 | 08/01/2014 | 34 |
| | 08/01/2014 | 27 |
| 574043 | 08/01/2014 | 22 |
| 7575060 | 08/01/2014 | 58 |
| 7575620 | 08/01/2014 | 38 |
| 576724 | 08/01/2014 | 66 |
| 577312 | 08/01/2014 | 64 |
| 578630 | 08/01/2014 | 44 |
| 1582504 | 08/01/2014 | 58 |
| 582828 | 08/01/2014 | 27 |
| 583325 | 08/01/2014 | 37 |
| 7587231 | 08/01/2014 | 68 |
| 587857 | 08/01/2014 | 42 |
| 588241 | 08/01/2014 | 43 |
| 591341 | 08/01/2014 | 56 |
| 616013 | 08/02/2014 | 52 |
| 629809 | 08/03/2014 | 46 |
| 656420 | 08/04/2014 | 27 |
| 658855 | 08/04/2014 | 27 |
| 659691 | 08/04/2014 | 43 |
| 658800 | 08/04/2014 | 36 |
| 661135 | 08/04/2014 | 45 |
| 7663841 | 08/04/2014 | 28 |
| 665077 | 08/04/2014 | 64 |
| 665584 | 08/04/2014 | St: |
| 867051 | 08/04/2014 | 38 |
| 667373 | 08/04/2014 | 36 |
| 669311 | 08/04/2014 | 40 |
| 669431 | 08/04/2014 | 58: |
| 872475 | 08/04/2014 | 36 |
| 707941 | 08/05/2014 | 50-60 |
| 709245 | 08/05/2014 | 84 |
| | 08/05/2014 | 65 |
| | 08/05/2014 | 46 |
| | 08/07/2014 | |
| | | 26 |
| 805559 | | DRAFT. |
| 805559 807467 | 08/07/2014 | 1 5d |
| 805559 807467 810991 | 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 | 56 54 |
| 7805559 7807467 7810991 7811161 | 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 | 50 |
| 7805559 7807467 7810991 7811161 7811733 | 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 | 56 43 |
| '805559 '807467 '810991 '811161 '811733 '814878 | 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 | 50 41 97 |
| 7805559 7807467 7810991 7811161 7811733 7814878 | 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 08/07/2014 | 56 43 |

| F0001 n 1 | 100/0716014 | (9) |
|-----------|-------------|------|
| 816826 | 08/07/2014 | (#) |
| 816952 | 08/07/2014 | 50 |
| 817104 | 08/07/2014 | 52 |
| 816721 | 08/07/2014 | 38 |
| 817280 | 08/07/2014 | 70 |
| 817431 | 08/07/2014 | 92 |
| 817563 | 08/07/2014 | 26 |
| 817273 | 08/07/2014 | 29 |
| 824114 | 08/07/2014 | 65 |
| 824511 | 08/07/2014 | 51 |
| 826496 | 08/07/2014 | 33 |
| 828633 | 08/07/2014 | 28 |
| 828814 | 08/07/2014 | 34 |
| 828964 | 08/07/2014 | 35 |
| 829151 | 08/07/2014 | 27 |
| | 08/07/2014 | 42 |
| 829456 | 08/07/2014 | 33 |
| 829825 | 08/07/2014 | 39 |
| 829790 | 08/07/2014 | 35 |
| 829960 | 08/07/2014 | 34 |
| 838102 | 08/07/2014 | 77 |
| B30201 | 08/07/2014 | 25 |
| 830274 | 08/07/2014 | 33 |
| | 08/07/2014 | 31 |
| 830411 | 4 | |
| | 08/07/2014 | 22 |
| 830852 | 08/07/2014 | 27 |
| 830813 | 08/07/2014 | 56 |
| 859451 | 08/08/2014 | 21 |
| 859540 | 08/08/2014 | 55 |
| 859698 | 08/08/2014 | 29 |
| 859828 | 08/08/2014 | 70 |
| 861947 | 08/08/2014 | 29 |
| 860877 | 08/08/2014 | 43 |
| 863211 | 08/08/2014 | 36 |
| 863302 | 08/08/2014 | 46 |
| 863413 | 08/08/2014 | 55 |
| 863502 | 08/08/2014 | 59 |
| 863625 | 08/08/2014 | |
| 863887 | 08/08/2014 | 69 |
| 863781 | 08/08/2014 | 57 |
| 863861 | 08/08/2014 | 24 |
| 863969 | 08/08/2014 | 52 |
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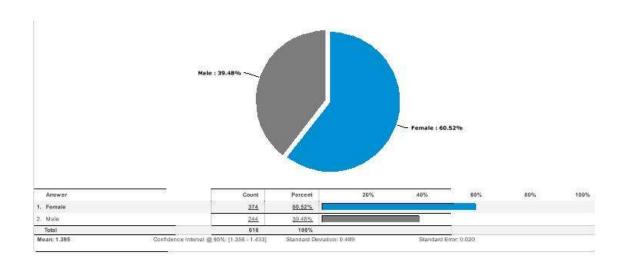
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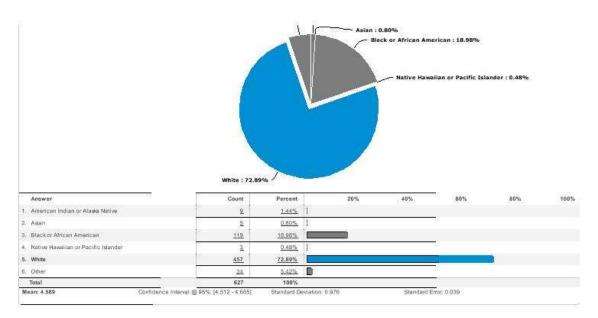
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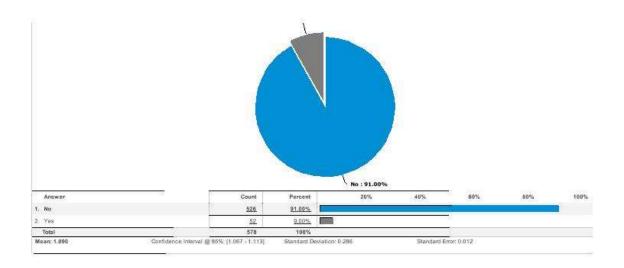
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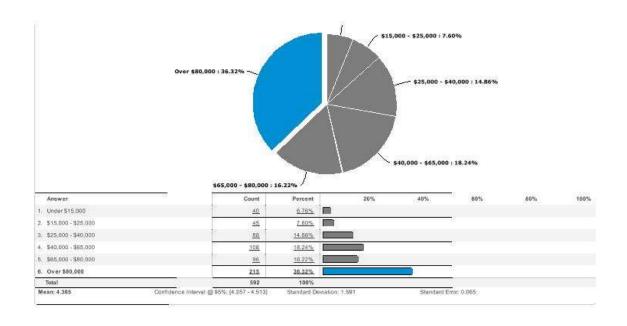
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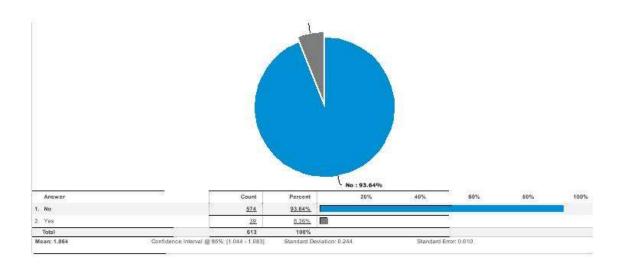
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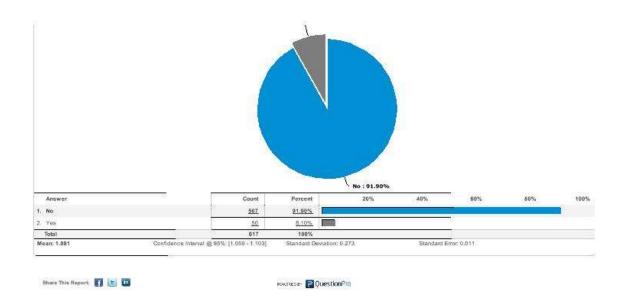


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| 511602 07/38/2014 | Hispanic | |
| 557013 07/31/2014 | Mixed white/Hispanic | |
| 718185 08/05/2014 | West Indian | |
| 366723 08/08/2014 | Middle Eastern | |
| 986583 08/11/2014 | Hispanic | |
| 073041 08/13/2014 | European American (white) | |
| 115115 08/14/2014 | Mexican | |
| 115208 08/14/2014 | Mexican | |
| 549715 08/28/2014 | Middle-Eastern American | |









Appendix C

Homeless Service Providers - City of Indianapolis

| Organization Name | Project Name | Target Pop. A | CH Beds | Veteran Beds | Youth Beds | Total Beds | Target Pop. A CH Beds Veteran Beds Youth Beds Total Beds Utilization Rate |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------|---------|--------------|------------|------------|---|
| Emergncy Shelters | | i i | | | | | |
| Catholic Charities | Holy Family Shelter | НС | 8 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 95% |
| Dayspring Center | Dayspring Center | HC | | 0 | 0 | 60 | 75% |
| Family Support Center | Children's Bureau | YMF | | 0 | 24 | 24 | 0% |
| For God So Loved the World | Shepard's Pathway | HC | | 0 | 0 | 80 | 55% |
| Gennesaret Free Clinic | Health Recovery Program | SM | - 23 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 62% |
| Good News Ministries | Mens Shelter | SM | 334 | 0 | 0 | 181 | 44% |
| Horizon House | Extreme Weather Emergency Overflow | SMF | 200 | 0 | 0 | 114 | 100% |
| Interfaith Hospitality Network | Interfaith Hospitality Network | НС | | 0 | 0 | 28 | 54% |
| Missionaries of Charity | Queen of Peace | SFHC | | 0 | 0 | 14 | 71% |
| Partners in Housing | VADOM - Blue Triangle | SMF | | 50 | 0 | 50 | 42% |
| Quest for Excellence Inc. | WINGS | SMF+HC | | 0 | 0 | 28 | 43% |
| Stopover, Inc. | Stopover, inc | YMF | - 3 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 83% |
| The Julian Center | The Julian Center | SFHC | - 3 | 0 | 0 | 108 | 62% |
| The Salvation Army Social Service Center | Homeless Shelter | SFHC | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 105 | 81% |
| The Salvation Army Social Service Center | Homeless Shelter DV Component | SFHC | | 0 | 0 | 52 | 42% |
| Wheeler Mission Ministries | Center for Women and Children | SFHC | 66 | 0 | 0 | 144 | 85% |
| Wheeler Mission Ministries | Wheeler Mission Lighthouse Center | MS | | 0 | 0 | 309 | 91% |
| Permanet Supportive Housing | | | | ¥ 3 | - | 20000 | |
| Partners In Housing | Blue Triangle | SMF | | 0 | 0 | 46 | 100% |
| Adult & Child Center | Permanent Housing 1 | SMF | 1 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 100% |
| Adult & Child Center | Permanent Housing 2 | SMF | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 81% |
| Adult & Child Center | Shelter Plus Care | SMF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 828 |
| Englewood CDC | The Commonwealth | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | ×5 |
| Hayes Gibson International | The Barton Center | HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 56% |
| Homeless Initiative Program | Dowe Project | SMF | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 200 |
| John H. Boner Community Center | Brookside Manor - Our Town | SMF | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 100% |
| John H. Boner Community Center | Scattered Site | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 100% |
| John H. Boner Community Center | Special Needs | SMF | 18 | 0 | 0 | 87 | 95% |
| Midtown CMHC | Intecare 1 (St. George) | SMF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 94% |
| Midtown CMHC | Intecare 2 | SMF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 83% |
| Midtown CMHC | Shelter Plus Care Adult | SMF+HC | 36 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 100% |
| Midtown CMHC | Shelter Plus Care Youth | SMF | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 60% |
| Midtown CMHC | The Villages | SMF | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 95% |
| Partners in Housing | Burton Apartments | SMF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 96% |
| Partners in Housing | Colonial Park | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 100% |
| Partners in Housing | Crown Pointe | SMF | 39 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 100% |
| Partners In Housing | Mapleton Park | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 89% |
| Partners in Housing | Mozingo Place | SMF | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 100% |
| Partners in Housing | Mozingo Place | 11 | SMF | | SMF 10 0 | | |

Homeless Service Providers - City of Indianapolis

| Para la Caralla | O Losses | 5 | 2 | 2 | > | 47 | 0.40 |
|--|---|--------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Partners in Housing | St. George Apartments | SMF | 0 (| 0 0 | 0 0 | 15 | 93% |
| Partners in Housing | The Orleans | НС | 10 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 100% |
| Partners In Housing | Threshold | SMF | 42 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 90% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway IV | SMF | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 100% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway V | HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 100% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway VI | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 100% |
| Richard L. Roudebush VA Medical Center | VASH - Indianapolis HUD-VASH | SMF+HC | 237 | 316 | 0 | 316 | 100% |
| The Damien Center | Damien Center S+C | SMF+HC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 | 85% |
| The Julian Center | 34 North | SFHC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 70% |
| Rapid Re-Housing | | | | | | 8 | |
| Homeless Initiative Program | RRH Emergency Solutions Grant | SMF+HC | | 0 | 0 | 7 | 100% |
| Homeless Initiative Program | SSVF - Supportive Services for Veteran Families | SMF+HC | | 29 | 0 | 29 | 100% |
| HVAF of Indiana | SSVF - Supportive Services for Veteran Families | SMF+HC | | 47 | 0 | 47 | 100% |
| Volunteers of America | SSVF - Supportive Services for Veteran Families | SMF+HC | - 30 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 100% |
| Safe Haven | | 848 | | 88 | 575 | 800 | |
| Midtown CMHC | First Home | SMF | 86 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 88% |
| Transitional Housing | | | | | (-) | 8- | |
| Catholic Charities | Holy Family Transitional Housing | ЭН | | 0 | 0 | 27 | 100% |
| Catholic Charities | Holy Family Transitional Housing | HC | - | 0 | 0 | 63 | 108% |
| Coburn Place | Coburn Place | SFHC | | 0 | 0 | 28 | 108% |
| Dayspring Center | Wellspring Cottage | НС | - 8 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 59% |
| Good News Ministries | Family Shelter | HC | - 35 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 95% |
| Homeless Initiative Program | GPD - Veterans Per Diem TIPS | SMF+HC | | 9 | 0 | 9 | 100% |
| Homeless Initiative Program | GPD - Veterans' Per Diem Housing Program | SMF+HC | | 39 | 0 | 39 | 51% |
| HVAF of Indiana | GPD - Carson Apartments | SM | 83 | 13 | 0 | 13 | 108% |
| HVAF of Indiana | GPD - Donald W., Moreau Sr., Veterans House | SMF | | 40 | 0 | 40 | 105% |
| HVAF of Indiana | GPD - HVAF Warman Woods | SM | | 47 | 0 | 47 | 100% |
| HVAF of Indiana | GPD - Manchester | SMF | | 51 | 0 | 51 | 102% |
| HVAF of Indiana | GPD - Scattered Site GPD | SM | | 25 | 0 | 25 | 100% |
| HVAF of Indiana | HVAF Scattered Sites | SM | | 9 | 0 | 9 | 67% |
| HVAF of Indiana | REST Program | SM | * | 22 | 0 | 22 | 59% |
| Partners in Housing | GPD - Linwood Manor VA Grant Per Diem | SMF | 8 | 28 | 0 | 28 | 96% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway I | SMF | | 0 | 0 | 22 | 100% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway II | SF | _ | 0 | 0 | 00 | 75% |
| Pathway to Recovery Inc. | Pathway III | SM | | 0 | 0 | 9 | 78% |
| Quest for Excellence Inc. | Ada's Place | SF | - 20 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 93% |
| Quest for Excellence Inc. | Agnes inn Between | SFHC | - 20 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 55% |
| Quest for Excellence Inc. | Billy's Manor | SMF+HC | | 0 | 0 | 14 | 71% |
| Quest for Excellence Inc. | John's Delaware Lodge | SMF+HC | <u> </u> | 0 | 0 | 11 | 100% |
| | | | | | | | |

Homeless Service Providers - City of Indianapolis

| | | Sum: 48 | Sum: 783 | Sum: 459 | | | |
|------|----|---------|----------|------------|------|---|--|
| 117% | 18 | 0 | 0 | (S) | SM | Wheeler Mission Working Guest Program | Wheeler Mission Ministries |
| 60% | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | SM | STEPS | Wheeler Mission Ministries |
| 38% | 13 | 0 | 0 | -3 | SF | Higher Ground | Wheeler Mission Ministries |
| 60% | 45 | 0 | 0 | =2 | SM | Hebron Center | Wheeler Mission Ministries |
| 100% | 48 | 0 | 0 | | HC | Families in Transition | Westside Community Development Corporation |
| 100% | 20 | 0 | 20 | | SM | GPD - VOA VA GPD | Volunteers of America |
| 67% | 18 | 0 | 18 | | SMF | Contract Emergency Residential Services | Volunteers of America |
| 77% | 52 | 0 | 0 | () () | SFHC | New Life Transitional Housing | The Julian Center |
| 100% | 00 | 00 | ٥ | 000 000 | SMF | Stopover Transitional Living | Stopover, Inc. |
| 69% | 13 | 0 | 0 | | SF | Seeds of Hope | Seeds of Hope |

Appendix D

Indianapolis Continuum of Care Rental Assistance Policies

2013

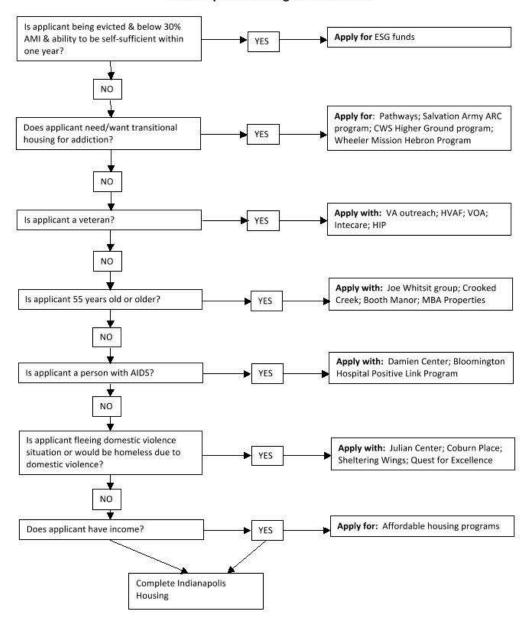
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Indianapolis Supportive Housing Programs - on overview

The City of Indianapolis' Continuum of Care (HUD funded housing programs for the homeless) has made some very positive changes. To be in compliance with the Federal Hearth Act standards that will begin in 2014, and in an effort to streamline housing opportunities, all rental assistance programs (some formerly known as Shelter Plus Care) now share one common application, one common wait list and one common housing committee. Applicants are housed based on their vulnerability score and meeting housing criteria based on housing availability. A vulnerability score measures a person's or family's likelihood of dying on the streets based on physical and mental health diagnosis, domestic violence and other predictive factors.

Indianapolis Housing Decision Tree



The Indianapolis Housing Committee strongly encourages applicants/advocates to apply for all available housing opportunities within Indianapolis. We are providing this decision tree to assist in determining what other housing opportunities might be available. If submitting an Indianapolis Housing Committee application as well as contacting alternative resources, please indicate that in the notes section of the application.

How to Apply to the for Indianapolis Supportive Housing Programs

In an effort to coordinate housing programs, reduce barriers to housing, and assist our most vulnerable citizens, a common application and wait list are now being utilized by all Indianapolis Continuum of Care Rental Assistance providers. These programs are for single and family households who are (1) experiencing homelessness, and (2) include a head of household who is living with a disability.

This common application is an Excel spreadsheet that is to be electronically submitted (with completed Application and Vulnerability Index tabs – additional household information tabs completed for each household member other than the applicant – note "family" is however the applicant defines it) along with the following signed documents submitted in PDF format (scanned documents):

- · Release of Information (ROI)
- Documentation Declaration
- · Documentation of Disability (Physician/CNS Statement)
- Homeless Documentation indicating homelessness within 30 days of application date
- If applicant is chronically homeless, must also provide documentation of one continuous year of homelessness or 4 homeless episodes in the prior 3 years

All of these documents can be found under a tab within the application. Please answer ALL questions on the application. Only complete applications including all necessary documentation will be considered.

To obtain the application, please contact Karin Thornburg at Karin thornburg@wishard.edu.

Providers should submit the application with all of these components to Karin Thornburg at Karin.thornburg@wishard.edu. There will be two attachments, the excel spreadsheet (application and VI), and one scanned document with the signed documents listed above. E-mail Karin if you are unable to submit the application packet electronically to make other arrangements. Once a completed application is submitted and all information is complete, the household will be part of the common waiting list that is organized by level of vulnerability.

If you or your organization utilize ClientTrackr, please check the basic demographics section of the Client Dashboard (same area as the name and DOB) of the applicant you are serving before starting the application. If the Waitlist question states, "Yes" or "Application in Progress" then you do not have to fill out the application. An agency has either submitted a completed application or is in the process of completing one. If the Waitlist question is blank and you begin the application, then please go to Edit the Client Information and select "Application in Progress" once you start the process, and then "Yes" after you have successfully submitted it. We appreciate your time in this so we can reduce the duplication of services.

Supportive housing providers meet every other week on Tuesdays at noon in the Community Room of Horizon House. Providers who submit an application on behalf of an applicant will be invited to a future meeting when the application is matched to an available housing unit. The applicant is always able to reject the offer of a supporting housing option without any penalty, and will be offered a different supportive housing option in the future as a unit that the household is eligible for becomes available.

Note: Documents requested for the Indianapolis Housing Application are only the common elements to all rental assistance programs. Please be aware that once an applicant has been approved for an available unit, the rental assistance provider may require additional documentation related to their specific housing program

Documentation of Disability

To meet eligibility requirements for Indianapolis Supportive Housing programs, an individual must have a disabling condition. There are five (5) categories of disabling condition: serious mental illness (diagnosable in DSM 5) (SMI); chronic substance abuse (CSA); persons with AIDS (PWA); persons with other disability (PWOD). The fifth category is survivor of or fleeing domestic violence (DV), which is not a disability but is a category under rental assistance programs. Persons with DV must also have one of the other four disabling conditions above to qualify.

The disability must meet the following criteria:

- Is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration
- · Substantially impedes an individual's ability to live independently and
- · Is of such a condition that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions.

The condition must also limit the individual's ability to perform at least three or more activities of daily living in the areas of self care; receptive and expressive language; learning; mobility; self-direction; capacity for independent living and economic self-sufficiency. This must be documented on the Documentation of Disability.

Additional criteria include a diagnosis of addiction, and/or disease arising from etiological condition of HIV/AIDs and/or survivor of/fleeing domestic violence situation.

The Physician/CNS Statement form (a tab in the electronic application) should be used for documentation of disability; however the following is acceptable documentation of disability:

- · SSI disability entitlement benefits showing diagnosis
- · SMI diagnosis no more than 2 years old
 - o By current physician/CNS
 - Letter from licensed (including but not limited to MD, RN, LCSW, LMHC) representative
 of a medical or mental health center or physician office indicating that there are EMR
 (electronic medical records) with diagnosis within prior 2 years. Note that the letter
 must indicate what the diagnosis is.
 - Statement from lawyer indicating that there is an SSI appeal and indicating diagnosis and accompanied by original documentation of diagnosis (in this instance, the documentation of diagnosis may be over 2 years old)
 - o EMR print out showing physician, diagnosis and date of diagnosis entry

If there are unusual circumstances where documentation of disability cannot be obtained through above means, the Indianapolis Housing Committee should be approached to discuss creative means of obtaining documentation needed to satisfy HUD requirements.

Documentation of Homelessness

Homeless documentation:

- · Must be within 30 days of submission of application
- · Must be able to document homelessness within 30 days of getting housed
- · Must document that the applicant is staying in a shelter or
- · Must document that the applicant is staying at a place not meant for human habitation

Documentation of homeless for those staying in a place not meant for human habitation must be completed by a locally recognized Indianapolis outreach team member. Locally recognized outreach teams are identified below. When homelessness is documented for those staying at a place not meant for human habitation, the outreach worker documenting MUST visually observe the person at the place that they are staying (including, but not limited to homeless camp, abandoned building).

The approved Locally Recognized Indianapolis Outreach Teams are

- · Homeless Veterans Assistance Funds (HVAF)
- · Veterans Administration Outreach Team
- · The Bethlehem House Outreach Team
- · Tear Down the Walls Ministries
- · Homeless Initiative Program (HIP) Outreach Team
- · Horizon House Outreach Team
- · The Pour House, Inc.
- · Outreach, Inc.
- IMPD Homeless Unit
- · Marion County Homeless Probation Team
- Salvation Army Outreach Team
 See appendix for approved signatures from each of the teams above.

Documentation from the following shelters will be accepted for the purposes of documenting homelessness for Rental Assistance program applications:

- · Wheeler Mission Ministries
- · Center for Women and Children
- · Queen of Peace Shelter
- Good News Mission
- Salvation Army
- Holy Family Shelter
- Dayspring Shelter
- · Interfaith Hospitality Network
- Stopover
- Julian Center
- · Quest for Excellence

The following are acceptable forms of homeless documentation:

- Shelter letter or homeless documentation form showing dates applicant stayed
- ClienTrack documentation print out indicating notes by outreach workers of dates that they
 actual viewed applicant at place not meant for human habitation, and location.

- Letter from licensed (including but not limited to MD, RN, LCSW, LMHC) representative of mental health center or physician office indicating that there are EMR records indicating applicant's homeless status and date.
- Self attestation form. A self-attestation form may be used in the case that the applicant and
 provider have exhausted all other possibilities of obtaining homeless documentation. If the selfattestation form is used, the provider must include documentation of due diligence in obtaining
 homeless documentation, such as written verification listing dates and outcomes of calling
 shelters where applicant reports staying.

Chronic homelessness is defined by HUD as:

- Applicant has been continuously homeless for a year or more or
- Applicant has had four episodes of homelessness in the past three years. Each episode of homelessness must be at least 15 days in duration to ensure consistency for counting and eligibility purposes, per HUD regulations.

For many of the rental assistance programs, a person must be chronically homeless. Identifying as chronically homeless and documenting that will provide more rental assistance opportunities for the applicant. Accepted chronic homeless documentation must document:

- Four or more incidents (not concurrent dates) of homelessness in the three years prior to the application
- · Continuous homelessness for a year or more.

The following are acceptable forms of documenting chronic homelessness:

- Shelter letter documenting applicant has resided there for one year or showing four or more dates (non-consecutive) in the prior three years
- ClienTrack documentation print out indicating notes by outreach workers of dates that they
 actually viewed applicant at a place not meant for human habitation, and location showing
 consistent encounters for a year or more or four or more encounters (non-consecutive) in the
 prior three years.
- Documentation showing applicant has been in transitional housing for a year accompanied by documentation of homelessness prior to transitional housing
- Documentation signed by an approved outreach provider indicating that they have witnessed
 and had contact with applicant at a place not meant for human habitation for over one year.
- ClienTrack documentation indicating that the applicant has used services at one of the nonshelter homeless service provider programs (such as Horizon House or HIP) showing consistent contact for over a year or four or more episodes of involvement over the past three years
- A self-attestation form may be used to document chronic homelessness in the case that the
 applicant and provider have exhausted all other possibilities of obtaining homeless
 documentation. If the self- attestation form is used, the provider must include documentation
 of due diligence in obtaining chronic homeless documentation, such as written verification
 listing dates and outcomes of calling shelter where applicant reports staying.

Transitional Housing – if applicant is currently in a transitional housing program (defined by HUD as a program of no longer than two year duration), documentation (for approved documentation see above) must be obtained of applicant's homelessness prior to entering transitional housing to be considered homeless. If such documentation can be obtained, applicant is considered homeless during transitional housing stay. Please note that some programs, not identified above as an approved shelter, are considered transitional housing programs.

Persons exiting an institution (correctional, hospitalization) where they have resided for 90 days or less must have documentation of homelessness prior to entering the institution to be considered homeless.

Persons on the housing wait list that are moved to transitional housing programs, will be put on "hold" status on the wait list and will not be considered for rental assistance opportunities. The case manager/provider working with the applicant must advise the housing designee when the applicant is ready to be considered for independent housing at which time the "hold" status will be removed and they will once again be considered for housing opportunities.

U.S. Citizenship

Please note that all applicants must be a U.S. Citizen or a U.S. resident with legal documentation supporting that. This pertains to all rental assistance programs except HOPWA. Documentation of citizenship is not needed for the application, but if there is any question of citizenship, documents must be available.

Flow of Indianapolis Supportive Housing Programs Rental Assistance – How it Works

- 1. A completed application is sent to the Housing Committee designee.
- Housing Committee designee will check for completeness and correctness. This includes: Application must have the following at time of submission:
 - o Completed application with all questions completed
 - Completed VI index
 - Completed Household Information tabs for each additional household member other than applicant, if applicable
 - Signed Documentation Declaration
 - Signed and completed Documentation of Disability Physician/CNS Statement dated within 6 months of application
 - Signed and valid homeless documentation (see homeless documentation below) dated within 30 days of application
 - Supporting documentation of chronic homelessness, if applicable
- Upon accepted and complete application, applicant's name and information (criteria) will be added to the Indianapolis Housing Wait List.
- 4. Housing providers will provide the Housing Committee designee (via "Available Units" in Google Docs) of available housing units, designating number of bedrooms, special criteria and lead time for applications. Note that this document must be updated as soon as possible when housing providers have knowledge of an upcoming vacancy so that there is adequate lead time (two week minimum) for Housing Committee designee to contact appropriate persons. Housing Committee designee will check Google Docs often, match possible applicants with available housing and contact the applicant's case manager to invite them to attend the next available housing committee meeting.

Note: The exception to this is for those housing programs that have no turn-over time (i.e. safe haven programs where someone moves out and someone else can move in immediately). In those instances and with those few programs, the housing provider will notify the housing designee of available beds and housing designee will forward the application for the next applicant that meets that housing provider's criteria. These applicants will not be staffed at the housing committee so that the most expedient housing is provided for these programs.

- 5. Appropriate applicant to housing availability will be determined by the following:
 - o Only those with a complete application will be considered
 - o Applicant that meets all criteria with the highest VI score
 - If two or more applicants meet all criteria and have equal VI scores, the applicant with the earliest application date (month/year) will be considered first
 - If two or more applicants meet all criteria and have equal VI scores and equal application date, current living situation will determine who is considered first (i.e., if one applicant is in transitional housing and a second applicant is living on the streets, the applicant living on the streets would be considered first).

6. At housing committee meetings (every two weeks), the Indianapolis Housing Committee will review all available housing opportunities, review appropriate applicants and triage each applicant to see what would be the best housing fit for that applicant. If the applicant's case manager cannot attend the meeting, it is requested that they staff the applicant with the housing committee representative from their agency prior to the meeting, so that they can present the client. It will be determined who has a relationship with that applicant and a plan for contacting that applicant will be devised.

NOTE: It is strongly recommended that case managers/providers advise applicants that they are being considered for a housing opportunity and NOT indicate that they will be placed in housing. The housing committee's purpose is to review the applicant information and available housing and find the best fit. There is no guarantee that because an applicant is being considered, that they will be placed in housing at this time.

- 7. The housing provider is responsible for setting up a meeting with the applicant and inviting the applicant's case manager to attend that meeting. The housing provider is encouraged to discuss any additional paperwork that they might need for their housing program with the applicant's case manager as soon as possible so that they can begin coordinating that documentation. At this meeting the applicant will be shown the available housing, or be given a reasonable amount of time to find housing if scattered site housing. The applicant has the right of refusal of the housing offer. If the applicant refuses, they are NOT taken off of the housing wait list, but return to the pool of applicants waiting for the next opportunity to be matched with available housing. If the applicant accepts the housing opportunity, a Housing Plan is developed with the applicant and housing provider, and input from the service provider, identifying goals for the applicant/resident to work toward. If the housing provider is unsuccessful in contacting the applicant, after showing due diligence (including but not limited to contacting the service provider, outreach, emergency contact listed and phoning applicant, if applicable), after two weeks from receiving the application, the housing provider will contact the Housing Committee designee to advise, and the Housing Committee designee will provide the housing provider with the application for the next applicant on the wait list that meets criteria and has the highest VI score.
- The housing provider completes their process for housing the applicant and the applicant is matched with a mentor (where desired). Arrangements are made for the applicant to be moved in and to receive a welcome kit.
- Housing provider is responsible for updating "Available Unit" chart in Google Docs to show date housed. Housing Committee designee will note that applicant is housed and remove them from the active Housing Wait List.

During the period of transition to housing, continued contacts and communication between agencies (service provider and housing provider) are strongly encouraged to afford the applicant the best possible opportunity for success and coordination of care. (This is an eligible expense under the new CofC grant for up to six months).

Housing providers are responsible for submitting to service providers quarterly, a listing of residents in their housing program that are also receiving services from the service provider agency, along with dates of residence. Service provider agencies are responsible for reporting back to the housing provider, via quarterly reports (tab on application) on resident progress during the quarter. Quarters are defined as:

- January through March reports due by April 15th
- April through June reports due by July 15th
- July through September reports due by October 15th
- October through December reports due by January 15th

Service providers are responsible for notifying housing providers when a supportive housing program resident is no longer in service with that provider.

Indianapolis Housing Committee has developed a standard quarterly report that will be used universally for all supportive housing programs. This can be found on a tab on the rental assistance application and will be automatically updated with housing plan goals when the housing plan is completed. These quarterly service reports can/will be used as documentation of resident services and match for HUD.

Service provider agencies, who have a partnership agreement with the housing provider agency, will submit quarterly or annual match amounts to housing provider agencies, as requested.

Resident Housing Plans are to be reviewed and updated at a minimum of annually. The Indianapolis Housing Committee strongly recommends that this take place with the housing provider, the resident and the service provider, if applicable.

The Indianapolis Housing Committee

The Indianapolis Housing Committee is made up of representatives of all supportive housing programs in Indianapolis, as well as homeless service provider representatives from various agencies. The Indianapolis Housing Committee meets on a weekly basis. Every two weeks, the meeting agenda focuses on linking available housing units with applicants that meet the available housing program criteria. Applicants that meet the criteria and are highest on the vulnerability index are discussed/triaged with the applicant's service provider, or designee, so that the most appropriate housing opportunity for that applicant to be successful is identified.

On alternative weeks, the Indianapolis Housing Committee agenda focuses on those residents that are housed but that whose behaviors are problematic and put them in jeopardy of loosing their housing. The resident is discussed/triaged with the Housing Committee and the resident's service provider and housing provider, to determine what course of action can be taken to change the problematic behaviors and assist the resident with maintaining their housing.

Transfers from one housing program to another will only be considered under extreme circumstance with the following conditions (including and not limited to):

- Major life changing event that would warrant a different size unit (housing composition change)
- · Violence Against Women Act (gender neutral) one time move only will be considered
- All possible eviction prevention strategies have been pursued and homelessness is imminent without this transfer
- Resident no longer meets the criteria of the housing program (example: age out of youth program)

All transfers MUST be approved by the Indianapolis Housing Committee.

The Vulnerability Index – What is It?

The City of Indianapolis and the housing and service providers have joined the 100,000 Homes Campaign. The 100,000 Homes Campaign is a nation-wide grass-roots movement of communities working together to find permanent homes for 100,000 of the country's most vulnerable homeless persons within five years. As of May, 2013 the campaign has already hit the 50% mark, having housed 50,000 persons across the country.

In most cases, the solution to homelessness is apparent—it's implementing that solution that often proves challenging. This is because most communities **have** no clear, intentionally developed process for moving homeless people from the streets to permanent housing quickly and efficiently. Typically, different local agencies and organizations own different pieces of the housing process and rarely communicate with one another. These various groups require redundant forms, applications, and interview steps and often fail to process these requirements in a regular or timely way. As a result, it often takes more than a year to move a single individual from homelessness to a home, even with sustainable funding in place.

100,000 Homes communities are committed to pulling together their multiple overlapping service systems into a single, well-oiled housing placement machine capable of moving homeless individuals into permanent housing in as little time as possible. By applying process improvement techniques drawn from industry and the private sector to local housing and human service work, many communities have been able to dramatically reduce the amount of time required to house a single homeless person by as much as 80 percent. (100khomes.org)

Part of this movement includes indentifying those individuals that are the most vulnerable of dying on the streets. A Vulnerability Index is a tool for identifying and prioritizing the street homeless population for housing according to the fragility of their health. It is a practical application of research into the causes of death of homeless individuals living on the street conducted by Boston's Healthcare for the Homeless organization, led by Dr. Jim O'Connell. The Boston research identified the specific health conditions that cause homeless individuals to be most at risk for dying on the street. For individuals who have been homeless for at least six months, one or more of the following markers place them at heightened risk of mortality:

- · more than three hospitalizations or emergency room visits in a year
- · more than three emergency room visits in the previous three months
- aged 60 or older
- · cirrhosis of the liver
- end-stage renal disease
- · history of frostbite, immersion foot, or hypothermia
- HIV+/AIDS
- · tri-morbidity: co-occurring psychiatric, substance abuse, and chronic medical condition

In Boston, 40% of those with these conditions died prematurely, underscoring the need for housing and appropriate support for this group. The Vulnerability Index is administered in a form of a survey, which captures a homeless individual's health and social status. It identifies the most vulnerable through a ranking system which take into account risk factors and the duration of homelessness. This ranking allows those with the most severe health risks to be identified and prioritized for housing and other support.

Dr. Jim O'Connell said it best:

"The painfully obvious lesson for me has been the futility of solving this complex social problem solely with new approaches to medical or mental health care...! dream of writing a prescription for an apartment, a studio, an SRO, or any safe housing program, good for one month, with 12 refills."

From the early successes of its *Street to Home* program, Common Ground has consistently observed that putting names and faces – and now medical conditions – to formerly anonymous street homeless individuals inspires action. The commitment of housing resources and the expedited housing placement of the medically-fragile, have been the direct, concrete results of the use of the Vulnerability Index. The Vulnerability Index has been used in New York City, Los Angeles County's infamous Skid Row, Santa Monica, and New Orleans as a powerful force for change. This simple and replicable tool, rooted in solid scientific research, helps mobilize communities to act decisively, organize around individuals' housing needs, and solve a seemingly intractable problem. (http://www.jedc.org/forms/Vulnerability%20Index.pdf)

Indianapolis has adopted the use of the Vulnerability Index to prioritize our most vulnerable homeless individuals and work toward obtaining housing for them as soon as possible. The Indianapolis Vulnerability Index has been revised to include some additional elements that various housing providers deemed relevant to our particular population. The Vulnerability index will be reviewed and revised periodically to assure that it reflects the needs of Indianapolis' homeless population.

The Housing Wait List

Indianapolis has historically, had more applicants than available housing. Therefore a common city-wide wait list was developed in an effort to better place applicants into available housing that is a good fit for them. The wait list identifies those applications that are complete and all information has been received. It is then sorted by vulnerability index score, from highest to lowest.

The applicant that fits the available housing program criteria, with the highest VI score, is discussed and presented at the next available Housing Committee housing meeting to determine if the available housing opportunity is a good fit for that applicant.

The wait list is fluid, as new housing applications are being received daily. For this reason, we do not give out information related to "where someone is on the waiting list", as someone might have the highest VI score today, but there may be 2 applications received tomorrow with higher VI scores. As well, the applicant might have the highest VI score but not meet other criteria for any of the available housing programs.

The Housing Plan

A Housing Plan is a resident identified list of services or goals that they feel would be helpful to them to maintain their housing.

These services must be related to obtaining and maintaining housing and maximum self sufficiency. Housing providers may NOT require an applicant/resident to be in or remain in services for mental illness, care coordination, substance abuse or any other disability related service as a condition of housing. If the appliance/resident identifies such as something they desire and agree to on the housing plan, it may be included. The one exception is where a programs "primary purpose is to provide substance abuse treatment services", substance abuse treatment may be a condition of housing.

Post-Housing

If someone is institutionalized (hospitalized), they can maintain their housing for up to 90 days. If they are in jail/DOC, they may maintain their housing for up to 30 days.

Appendix E

Sub Award Process, ESG:

Annually, the City of Indianapolis issues an application for funding and holds a public meeting to discuss the available funds through the Emergency Solutions Grants. Any agency that is eligible may submit an application without regard to community or faith based status so long as they comply with the regulations. Under the requirements of the HEARTH Act of 2009, the City cannot award more than 60% of its funds to emergency shelter and street outreach activities. In 2010, the City elected to issue no more than 50% to emergency shelters and street outreach and to have a focus on prevention and rapid re-housing projects.

Completed applications are reviewed by a team who scores them. If the application meets the threshold score established by the Department of Metropolitan Development leadership, that application will receive some level of funding. Typically, the funding is a percentage based on scores or a maximum amount available, whichever is less. Contracts are then issued and funds are paid on a reimbursement basis.

- A. CED (Community Economic Development) will issue an RFP for entitlement funds in conjunction with the consolidated planning process. The RFP will consist of instructions to complete the application, an application, and a listing of the evaluation criteria. A notice of the release of the RFP will be published in at least one newspaper of general circulation, two weeks prior to the issuance and a public hearing will be held to announce it. A deadline for proposal submission will be included in these announcements.
- B. A question and answer session will be held by CED staff at least one week in advance of the proposal due date.
- C. Proposals must be received in Suite 2042 of the City-County Building by 12:00 p.m. (noon) on the due date. Applications will be date stamped for verification of receipt. Any proposals received after the announced deadline will be ineligible for consideration.
- D. A team or teams will be convened to review proposals. A standard evaluation form will be used to assess all proposals, based on the criteria identified in the RFP. Through this evaluation process, the review team(s) will establish recommendations.
- E. The Mayor and the Director of DMD (Department of Metropolitan Development) will review the recommendations and will either approve or amend these recommendations.
- F. The proposals recommended through the above process will be presented to the appropriate governing body. This governing body has the final authority to approve or amend the funding recommendations.

- G. Applicants will receive written notification, indicating the level of support, if any, which will be awarded. Participation in further discussion regarding the outcomes of the application process will be at the discretion of review team members and City administration.
- H. Funds for those projects that have received approval will be made available upon the execution of a signed contract between the City and the Project Sponsor.

Performance Standards:

Performance standards are based on the HUD Continuum of Care goals as outlined below:

| Required Performance Measures: «Project» | 7 | | |
|--|---|---|---------------|
| Persons to be served | With children | Without children | Children only |
| Performance Measure | Target # of persons expected to accomplish this measure | Target % of persons expected to accomplish this measure | |
| Housing Stability: the % of persons who will remain housed at the end of the year OR who will have exited to permanent housing (with or without a subsidy) during the year | | | |
| 2. Increase Total Income: the % of persons age 18 and older who maintained or increased their total income from all sources by the end of the operating year or at program exit | | | |
| Earned Income: the % of persons age 18-61 who maintained or increased their earned income (i.e. employment income) at the end of the year or at program exit | | | |

Additional Agency Performance Measures (must provide at least one):

| Performance Measure | Target # of | Target % of |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | persons | persons |
| | expected to | expected to |
| | accomplish | accomplish this |
| | this measure | measure |
| 1. | | |
| | | |
| 2. | | |
| 2. 3. | | |

Agencies are required to submit this chart with their application and must provide a minimum of one measurable goal related to accessing other community services and public benefits. They are required to report quarterly on their progress and failure to meet goals without a detailed explanation and

improvement plan can affect future funding. All agencies are required to enter information into the jurisdictions HMIS program or its equivalent and produce reports that aggregate client data. Annually, the department will collect those reports, aggregate them and evaluate progress achieved toward the goals listed above. That information is shared with the Continuum of Care for project development and technical assistance purposes as well as to provide information required under the HEARTH Act. The City has representation on the Continuum of Care Blueprint Council (Board) as well as all Continuum of Care Committee's. At present, there is not a Continuum-wide Coordinated Assessment process that ESG recipients are required to use but do participate in the Permanent Supportive Housing Coordinated Assessment process.

| STATE: INDIANA | | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS | 2014 | HOME PR | OGRAM RENTS | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|--|------|---------|-------------|------|------|-------|--|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR 5 BR 6 BR | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR | |
| Anderson, IN MSA | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 463 | 522 | 658* | 778* | 857* | 958* | 1047* | |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 463* | 522* | 677 | 903 | 286 | 1121 | 1208 | |

| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------------|--------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Anderson IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 463 | 522 | 658* | 778* | 857* | 958* | 1047* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 463* | 522* | 677 | 903 | 985 | 1121 | 1208 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 412 | 500 | 677 | 903 | 985 | 1133 | 1281 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 506 | 542 | 651 | 751 | 828 | 925 | 1011 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 638 | 684 | 823 | 943 | 1033 | 1121 | 1208 |
| Bloomington, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | trea | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 558 | 598 | 718 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 571 | 624 | 779 | 1044 | 1145 | 1245 | 1345 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FOR BOXED TIMES | n 0 ^ H | я о о к о ф | 710 | 1087 | 1500 | 1001 | 5411 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 706 | 758 | 912 | 1044 | 1145 | 1245 | 1345 |
| Greene County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 399 | 463 | 626 | 725 | 810 | 893 | 976 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 399* | 463 | 626 | *108 | 942 | 1078 | 1163 |
| | For Information Only: | 313 | 200 | n J | 780 | 0 4 3 | 200 | 300 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 488 | 523 | 628 | 725 | 810 | 893 | 976 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 615 | 660 | 794 | 909 | 994 | 1078 | 1163 |
| Owen County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | trea | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 468 | 489 | 626 | 723 | 806 | 890 | 973 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 468* | 489* | 626 | 802 | 991 | 1076 | 1159 |
| | For Information Only: | | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | FALK MAKKET KENT | - AU | 487 | 525 | 802 | FOTT | 12/5 | 7867 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 614 | 659 | 792 | 906 | 908 | 1076 | 1159 |
| Gary, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 478 | 620 | 743 | 859 | 958 | 1058 | 1156 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 478 | 645 | 803 | 1006 | 1073 | 1234 | 1395 |
| | For Information Only: | 479 | n A A | 803 | 1006 | 1073 | 1034 | 1205 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 578 | 620 | 743 | 859 | 958 | 1058 | 1156 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 733 | 786 | 946 | 1083 | 1189 | 1293 | 1397 |
| Jasper County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Area | | | | | | | |
| *** | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 539 | 542 | 711 | 883 | 953 | 1086 | 1188 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 539* | 542* | 711* | 900* | 953* | 1096* | 1239* |
| | For Information Only: | | 83 | | | | 1000 | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 507 | 511 | 169 | 861 | 923 | 1061 | 1200 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 595 | 637 | 765 | E883 | 985 | 1086 | 1188 |
| | | 754 | 809 | 070 | 1114 | 1224 | 1221 | 1439 |

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014 STATE: INDIANA

| STATE: INDIANA | | | 201 | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS | GRAM RENT | Sī | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|------|-------------------------|-----------|------|------|-------|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
| Cincinnati-Middleton, OH-KY-IN HUD Metro FMR Area | N HUD Metro FMR Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 459 | 561 | 735 | 927 | 1035 | 1141 | 1247 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 459* | 561* | 735 | 1018 | 1121 | 1289 | 1457 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 442 | 554 | 735 | 1018 | 1121 | 1289 | 1457 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 625 | 669 | 802 | 927 | 1035 | 1141 | 1247 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 791 | 849 | 1022 | 1172 | 1288 | 1402 | 1516 |
| Columbus, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 597 | 640 | 767 | 886 | 990 | 1091 | 1193 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 608 | 665 | 827 | 1087 | 1122 | 1290 | 1446 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 608 | 665 | 827 | 1087 | 1122 | 1290 | 1459 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 597 | 640 | 767 | 886 | 990 | 1091 | 1193 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 756 | 812 | 977 | 1119 | 1229 | 1337 | 1446 |
| Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 479 | 520* | 624* | 720* | *004 | *888 | 971* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 479* | 571* | 742 | 106 | 986 | 1069 | 1157* |
| | For Information Only: | | 5 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | MALA SARANT ANAL | 200 | 1 0 | 1 6 | 196 | TTGO | 1300 | F067 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 610 | 655 | 788 | 901 | 986 | 1069 | 1152 |
| Evansville IN-KY HID Metro FMR Area | WR Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | G S S S | 572 | 718 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 533 | 572 | 739 | 941 | 1028 | 1182 | 1336 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 533 | 572 | 739 | 941 | 1028 | 1182 | 1336 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 558 | 598 | 718 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 706 | 758 | 912 | 1044 | 1145 | 1245 | 1345 |
| Gibson County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | MR Area | | į | | | } | | |
| | TACH HOME DENN TANTE | 477+ | 470 | 000 | 0 0 | 0 4 | 1000 | 1000 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | 0 | 4 | **** | **** |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 452 | 474 | 626 | 838 | 841 | 967 | 1093 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 573 | 614 | 737 | 851 | 950 | 1048 | 1146 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 726 | 779 | 937 | 1074 | 1179 | 1282 | 1385 |
| Fort Wayne, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 474 | 520 | 664 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 474 | 520 | 664 | 854 | 969 | 1114 | 1260 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 474 | 520 | 664 | 854 | 969 | 1114 | 1260 |
| | 50* RENT LIMIT | 200 | 1 50 | 710 | 0.58 | 926 | 1201 | 1116 |
| | DOW MENT LIMIT | /06 | 108 | 77.6 | TUGG | 1145 | 1245 | 1345 |

Page

* Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent.

For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low HOME Rent Limit.

| STATE: INDIANA | | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS | 20 | 14 HOME PRO | GRAM RENTS | | | 1 | |
|--|------------------------|--|------|-------------|------------|------|-------|-------|--|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY 1 BR 2 BR 3 BR 4 BR 5 BR 6 BR | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR | |
| Indianapolis, IN HUD Metro FMR Area L | TO FMR Area | 516 | 625 | 753 | 873* | 976* | 1079* | 1180* | |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 516* | 625 | 777 | 1036 | 1205 | 1311 | 1417 | |
| | FOR TONOURSE OF OR THE | | | | | | | | |

| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Indianapolis, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Area | | | | | | | |
| 8 | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 516 | 625 | 753 | 873* | 976* | 1079* | 1180* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 516* | 625 | 777 | 1036 | 1205 | 1311 | 1417 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | SOF BENT CINTE | 586 | 628 | 753 | 870 | 971 | 1071 | 1170 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 741 | 796 | 957 | 1097 | 1205 | 1311 | 1417 |
| Putnam County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 533 | 538 | 653 | 820 | 915 | 1010 | 1104 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 533* | 538* | 653* | 922 | 1059 | 1218 | 1329 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 506 | 514 | 626 | 922 | 1059 | 1218 | 1377 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 552 | 591 | 710 | 820 | 915 | 1010 | 1104 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 869 | 749 | 901 | 1032 | 1133 | 1231 | 1329 |
| Kokomo, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 494 | 507 | 671 | 788* | *188 | 973* | 1063* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 494* | 507* | 671* | 888 | 970 | 1116 | 1261 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 472 | 490 | 663 | 888 | 970 | 1116 | 1261 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 526 | 563 | 676 | 781 | 872 | 962 | 1051 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 664 | 713 | 857 | 982 | 1075 | 1168 | 1261 |
| Lafayette, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Þ | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 540 | 591 | 710 | 820 | 915 | 1010 | 1104 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 540 | 618 | 780 | 1021 | 1133 | 1231 | 1329 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 540 | 618 | 780 | 1021 | 1283 | 1475 | 1668 |
| | 558 RENT LIMIT | 869 | 749 | 106 | 1032 | 1133 | 1231 | 1329 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Carroll County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | R Area | i i | | | 1 | | | |
| | TOW HOME REAL PINIT | 500 | 0 00 | 626 | 0 4 | 8 9 8 | 1028 | 1123 |
| | For Information Only: | 500 | 070 | 979 | 0,40 | 0,40 | TOSS | 110/ |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 506 | 528 | 626 | 898 | 898 | 1033 | 1167 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 562 | 602 | 722 | 835 | 931 | 1028 | 1123 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 711 | 763 | 918 | 1052 | 1154 | 1255 | 1355 |
| Louisville, KY-IN HUD Metro FMR Area | Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 485 | 567 | 705 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 485 | 567 | 705 | 976 | 1104 | 1245 | 1345 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 485 | 567 | 705 | 976 | 1104 | 1270 | 1435 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 558 | 598 | 718 | 830 | 926 | 1021 | 1116 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 706 | 758 | 912 | 1044 | 1145 | 1245 | 1345 |

S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/20
TATE: INDIANA

| STATE: INDIANA | | | 201 | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS | GRAM RENT | PS 83 | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|----------|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
| Washington County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | FMR Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 427* | 467* | 557* | 648* | 723* | 798* | 873* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 434* | 508 | 626 | 787 | 884* | 957* | 1030* |
| | For information only: | 430 | 808 | 808 | 00 | 00 | 1017 | 1140 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 425 | 455 | UT 00 | 630 | 703 | 776 | 848 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 533 | 572 | 688 | 787 | 858 | 928 | 866 |
| Michigan City-La Porte, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| *************************************** | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 458 | 531 | 702 | 811 | 905 | 866 | 1092 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 458 | 531 | 719 | 952 | 961 | 1105 | 1249 |
| | For Information Only: | | 500 | | | E C | | VR0025 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 458 | 531 | 719 | 952 | 961 | 1105 | 1249 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 546 | 585 | 702 | 811 | 905 | 998 | 1092 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 690 | 741 | 891 | 1020 | 1119 | 1216 | 1313 |
| Muncie, IN MSA | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 471 | 505 | 909 | 701* | 785* | *898 | 951* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 483* | 521* | 668 | 875 | 956 | 1049* | 1130* |
| | SAID MARKET BENT | Ann | 212 | 200 | 877 | 1183 | 1360 | 1538 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 471 | 505 | 606 | 700 | 781 | 861 | 941 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 593 | 636 | 766 | 875 | 956 | 1037 | 1117 |
| South Bend-Mishawaka, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | tro FMR Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 507 | 566 | 678 | 784 | 875 | 965 | 1055 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 507* | 572* | 714 | 906* | 954 | 1097 | 1240 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 490 | 55 | 714 | 895 | 954 | 1097 | 1240 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 528 | 566 | 678 | 784 | 875 | 965 | 1055 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 666 | 716 | 198 | 985 | 1080 | 1173 | 1266 |
| Terre Haute, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | rea som som ram | 404 | 203 | 623 | 730 | 9 | 0 | 000 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 434 | 540 | 730 | 909 | 1003 | 1088 | 1173 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 434 | 540 | 730 | 909 | 1067 | 1227 | 1387 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 492 | 527 | 632 | 730 | 815 | 668 | 983 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 620 | 666 | 801 | 917 | 1003 | 1088 | 1173 |
| Sullivan County, IN HUD Metro FMR Area | MR Area | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 506 | 528 | 626 | 761 | 850 | 938 | 1025 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 506 | 528 | 626 | 919 | 922 | 1060 | 1199 |
| | For Information Only: | B 1000 | 2001200 | | 1000000 | | 0.0000000 | 00000000 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 506 | 020 | 62.6 | 616 | 0 W | 1060 | 1199 |
| | SON KENT PLATE | STC | 000 | 000 | 197 | 850 | 926 | 1025 |
| | ODS RENT MINIT | 040 | 090 | 0 | 7.06 | TORO | 1577 | 1770 |

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* Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent.

For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low HOME Rent Limit.

| C | | | *** | A second a second | Annual America | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|--------|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
| Adams County, IN | | | | ľ | | E C C | | |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 434* | 505 | 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 830 | 1019 | 1112 | 1200 |
| | For Information Only: | | | ; ; | | | | |
| | 50% RENT LINES | 502 | 5 a c | 646 | 746 | 832 | 918 | 1004 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 634 | 680 | 818 | 936 | 1025 | 1112 | 1200 |
| Blackford County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 437 | 474 | 603 | 701* | 785* | *898 | 949* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 437* | 474* | 626 | 780 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| | For Information Only: | | ì | | 2 | | | |
| | SOF SENET TATE | 470 | л a Э о | 679 | 200 | 777 | 7/7 | 020 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| Cass County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 409 | 463 | 617 | 712 | 795 | 877 | 959 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 409* | 463 | 626 | 780 | 975 | 1057 | 1140 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 780 | 1107 | 1273 | 1439 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 480 | 514 | 617 | 712 | 795 | 877 | 959 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 604 | 648 | 779 | 892 | 975 | 1057 | 1140 |
| Clinton County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 441* | 516* | 668 8 | 852 | 959 | 1103 | 1247 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 397 | 494 | 899 | 852 | 959 | 1103 | 1247 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 535 | 573 | 687 | 794 | 886 | 978 | 1069 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 675 | 725 | 872 | 999 | 1095 | 1189 | 1284 |
| Crawford County, IN | TON HOME BROW TIME | 808 | 465 | 603 | 600* | 777 | р Л | 040* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 465* | 626 | 780 | 688 | 1022 | 1114 |
| | For Information Only: | A 000 | 463 | n n | 780 | 000 | 1033 | 1186 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 470 | 503 | 603 | 969 | 777 | 85.0 | 938 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| Daviess County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 434 | 471 | 626 | 742 | 828 | 914 | 999 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 434* | 471* | 626 | 668 | 911* | 1037 | 1173 |
| | For Information Only: | 100 | 463 | 636 | 000 | 900 | 1037 | 1173 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 500 | 7 A | 540 | 742 | 808 | 914 | 999 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 630 | 676 | 813 | 931 | 1019 | 1106 | 1193 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| * Adjusted Low HOME Rent of | Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent. | : 2010-2012 inc | orrect ho | ld harmles | s rent. | | | |
| | For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low HOME Rent Limit. | the HUD calcul | ated High | HOME Rent | Limit . | and/or Low | HOME Rent | Limit. |

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|------------|-------------------------|
| PROGRAM | |
| EFFICIENCY | |
| 1 BR | |
| 2 BR | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS |
| 3 BR | FRAM RENTS |
| 4 BR | |
| 5 BR | |

| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
|---------------------|-----------------------|------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|------|
| Decatur County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 444 | 506 | 640 | 738 | 823 | 909 | 994 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 444* | 506* | 683 | 863 | 913 | 1050 | 1186 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 406 | 505 | 683 | 863 | 913 | 1050 | 1187 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 497 | 533 | 640 | 738 | 823 | 909 | 994 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 626 | 673 | 608 | 926 | 1014 | 1100 | 1186 |
| DeKalb County, IN | | Í | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 424 | 490 | 632 | 789* | 879* | 971* | 1061 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 424* | 490* | 632* | 168 | 1049 | 1161 | 1252 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | MALK MARKET KENT | E (4) | 401 | 070 | 168 | 1049 | 1206 | 1364 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 660 | 708 | 852 | 975 | 1069 | 1161 | 1252 |
| Dubois County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 472 | 626 | 910 | 933 | 1073 | 1213 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 472 | 626 | 922 | 933 | 1073 | 1213 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 472 | 626 | 922 | 933 | 1073 | 1213 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 612 | 656 | 787 | 910 | 1015 | 1120 | 1225 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 776 | 833 | 1002 | 1149 | 1263 | 1375 | 1487 |
| Fayette County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 446 | 189 | 603 | ×207 | /85* | 0 0 0 | 949* |
| | FOR Information Only: | 446 | 185 | 644 | 825 | 198 | 066 | 1114 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 446 | 481 | 644 | 825 | 861 | 990 | 1119 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 470 | 503 | 603 | 696 | 777 | 858 | 938 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| Fountain County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 415 | 528 | 626 | 746 | 832 | 918 | 1004 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 415* | 528 | 626 | 885 | 688 | 1022 | 1156 |
| | For Information Only: | | 3 | 3 | 9 | | 2 | 1 |
| | SOP DENN THAT | n 4000 | 5000 | n 0 | 746 | 0 0 0 | 2207 | 1004 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 634 | 089 | 818 | 936 | 1025 | 1112 | 1200 |
| Fulton County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 453 | 503 | 603 | 701* | 785* | *898 | 949* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 453* | 523 | 653 | 829* | 873 | 1004 | 1114 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 426 | 523 | 653 | 813 | 873 | 1004 | 1135 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 470 | 503 | 603 | 969 | 777 | 858 | 938 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |

Jefferson County, Jackson County, Henry County, IN Grant County, IN U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014 STATE: INDIANA Jay County, Huntington County, Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent. For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low Ħ H LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR Information Only: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT EFFICIENCY 487 614 408 470 590 491 463 497 626 521 658 495 467 533 673 483 503 558 706 BR HOME PROGRAM RENTS 626 792 626 603 763 641 811 670 849 626 640 809 603 763 BR 740 929 910 701* 828 723 906 696 872 773 972 BR 826 1016 785* 918 918 918 777 954 1016 823 1014 888* 777 954 BR HOME Rent Limit. 1102 952 1157 909 1100 BR 949* 973 1159 938 1114 995 1189 1041 1249 994 1186 938 1114

Marshall County, Lawrence County, IN LaGrange County, Kosciusko Knox County, County, H ij LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION Only: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR Information Only: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT 388 382 483 609 666 467 467 610 470 590

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Jennings County, IN

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014 STATE: INDIANA

EFFICIENCY

BR

BR

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BR

BR

HOME PROGRAM RENTS

701* 872

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| Rent | nless |
| Limit | The sted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent. |
| or all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low HOME Rent Li | |
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| | ono const | VORFICTERS | 1 BR | 2 BR | RR | 20 | S | d d |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------|------|----------------|------|-------|-------|
| | FINOGRAM | DE E LOLDING L | | 200 | O DO | | | o ba |
| Martin County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 760 | 848 | 936 | 1023 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 922 | 973 | 1119 | 1226 |
| | For Information Only: | 200 | R S S | 202 | 933 | 973 | 1110 | 1068 |
| | 50% MANT LIMIT | 512 | 54.6 | 658 | 760 | 848 | 936 | 1023 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 646 | 694 | 834 | 955 | 1046 | 1136 | 1226 |
| Miami County IN | | | | | | | | |
| - Course | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 372 | 503 | 603 | 701* | 785* | *898 | 949* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 372 | 528 | 626 | 867 | 954 | 1041* | 1128* |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 372 | 528 | 626 | 867 | 1019 | 1172 | 1325 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 470 | 503 | 603 | 696 | 777 | 858 | 938 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| Montgomery County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 426 | 513 | 693 | 803 | 968 | 989 | 1081 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 426 | 513 | 693 | 971 | 686 | 1137 | 1286 |
| | For Information Only: | s h | ם ב | 603 | 077 | 000 | 1101 | 1000 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 541 | 500 | 500 | 803 | 900 | 080 | 1081 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 684 | 734 | 882 | 1010 | 1108 | 1203 | 1299 |
| Noble County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 458 | 515 | 652 | 754 | 841 | 931* | 1021* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 458* | 515* | 655* | *608 | 1036 | 1125 | 1214 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 399 | 485 | 637 | 793 | 1093 | 1257 | 1421 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 507 | 543 | 652 | 754 | 841 | 928 | 1015 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 640 | 889 | 827 | 947 | 1036 | 1125 | 1214 |
| Orange County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 463 | 603 | *T0/ | 782* | *898 | 949 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 853 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 80 53 33 | 1062 | 1221 | 1381 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 470 | 503 | 603 | 969 | 777 | 858 | 938 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 590 | 634 | 763 | 872 | 954 | 1034 | 1114 |
| Parke County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 434 | 471 | 617 | 712 | 795 | 877 | 959 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 434* | 471* | 626 | 851 | 975 | 1057 | 1140 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 851 | 1109 | 1275 | 1442 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 480 | 514 | 617 | 712 | 795 | 877 | 959 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 604 | 648 | 779 | 892 | 975 | 1057 | 1140 |

Page 10 01

Randolph County, IN Perry County, IN U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014 STATE: INDIANA Rush County, Ripley County, IN Pulaski County, Pike County, Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent. For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low NI H LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR Information Only: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT PROGRAM EFFICIENCY 375 375 560 708 520 497 626 470 590 495 408 470 533 466 600 759 503 634 530 503 634 556 703 BR HOME PROGRAM RENTS 667 846 640 809 720 913 603 763 636 806 603 763 BR 831 1047 701* 872 735 922 696 872 701' 872 696 872 BR 927 1148 777 954 820 1009 777 954 785* 954 904 BR HOME Rent Limit. 868* 1034 904 1095 858 1034 949 1152 BR 949* 1114 994 938 1114 988 1180 938 1114

Page 11 of

Switzerland County, Steuben County, Scott County, IN U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014 STATE: INDIANA Union County, Starke County, Spencer County, Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent. For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low H H H LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT LOW HOME RENT LIMIT HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT FOR INFORMATION ONLY: FAIR MARKET RENT 50% RENT LIMIT 65% RENT LIMIT EFFICIENCY 424 496 625 372 372 372 740 531 671 470 590 473 463 531 671 569 721 626 794 BR HOME PROGRAM RENTS 752 956 605 764 603 763 638 808 683 867 603 763 BR 3 BR 701* 828 789 992 922 922 737 924 696 872 881 1088 822 1011 968 1201 784* 955 943 785* 851 777 954 777 954 BR HOME Rent Limit. 882* 1045* 1069 1307 858 1034 BR 949* 1106 992 1184 1062 1275 938 1114

* Adjusted Low HOME Rent or High HOME Rent corrects for 2010-2012 incorrect hold harmless rent.

For all HOME projects, the maximum allowable rent is the HUD calculated High HOME Rent Limit and/or Low HOME Rent Limit.

| STATE: INDIANA | | 2014 HOME PROGRAM RENTS | 201 | 4 HOME PRO | GRAM RENT | 6 | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------|------------|-----------|------|-------|-------|
| | PROGRAM | EFFICIENCY | 1 BR | 2 BR | 3 BR | 4 BR | 5 BR | 6 BR |
| Wabash County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 755 | 842 | 930 | 1016 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 791* | 867* | 997* | 1125* |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 463 | 626 | 780 | 837 | 963 | 1088 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 508 | 545 | 653 | 755 | 842 | 930 | 1016 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 641 | 889 | 828 | 948 | 1038 | 1127 | 1215 |
| Warren County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 811 | 871 | 866 | 1092 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 852 | 871* | 1002* | 1126* |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 852 | 855 | 983 | 1112 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 546 | 585 | 702 | 118 | 905 | 998 | 1092 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 690 | 741 | 891 | 1020 | 1119 | 1216 | 1313 |
| Wayne County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 475 | 500 | 610 | 705 | 786 | 868 | 951* |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 480 | 500 | 638 | 842 | 948 | 1047 | 1128 |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 480 | 500 | 869 | 842 | 948 | 1090 | 1232 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 475 | 508 | 610 | 705 | 786 | 868 | 948 |
| | 65% RENT LIMIT | 598 | 641 | 772 | 883 | 965 | 1047 | 1128 |
| White County, IN | | | | | | | | |
| | LOW HOME RENT LIMIT | 420 | 550 | 645 | 761 | 850 | 938 | 1025 |
| | HIGH HOME RENT LIMIT | 420* | 557* | 645* | 851 | 897* | 1010* | 1123* |
| | For Information Only: | | | | | | | |
| | FAIR MARKET RENT | 408 | 528 | 626 | 851 | 854 | 982 | 1110 |
| | 50% RENT LIMIT | 513 | 550 | 660 | 761 | 850 | 938 | 1025 |
| | 65# RENT LIMIT | 648 | 202 | 836 | 957 | 1048 | 1137 | 1228 |

Page 12 of

Appendix C

GIVE US 10 MINUTES AND HELP IMPROVE INDY 20 1NDY 20

Plan 2020 is a strategic planning initiative, forging a compelling future for Indianapolis-Marion County. It is a collaboration between the Greater Indianapolis Progress Committee, Department of Metropolitan Development, and community leaders to make Indy a better place to live, work and visit.

This survey will be used to inform the Plan 2020 process, including the development of the City of Indianapolis' Consolidated Plan for how community development investments are made. Your answers are completely anonymous.

Thank you for your insight in making Indy a great place to live!

| TOP 3 THINGS OR PLACES YOU L | OVE ABOUT INDY. | | Drug/Alcohol Abuse |
|--|--|---|--|
| ☐ Cost of living/affordable | THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE | | Homelessness |
| ☐ Friends/Family | N/ 25 | | Hunger/Nutrition |
| ☐ Manageable Size | | | Mental Health |
| ☐ Travel/Commute Time | | | Healthcare Access |
| ☐ Unique Neighborhoods | | | Unemployment/Job Opportunities |
| | | | Job/Workforce Training |
| | | | Life Skills Training (Financial/Credit/Parenting |
| o | | | School Quality |
| | | | Youth Activities/ Programming |
| o | | | Childcare |
| 100 | mit . | | Crime & Safety |
| TOP 3 THINGS OR PLACES YOU LO | - Marie Commission of the Comm | | Traffic |
| ☐ Housing Type | ☐ Location | | Language/Cultural Barriers |
| ☐ Events | ☐ School Quality | | 375 370 |
| Cultural Amenities | ☐ Friends/Family | | () |
| ☐ History/Charm/Unique | ☐ Safety | | |
| □ Parks/Greenways | ☐ Walkability | - | MA. |
| ☐ Neighborhood/Local Shops | | | 33- |
| | | | St. |
| o | | | PE |
| D | | | |

TOP 3 CHALLENGES (NEEDS) FACING.

YOUR COMMUNITY (SELECT 3)

Housing Conditions

Absentee Landlords

Parks & Recrecation

Community Centers

Bicycle Infrastructure

Water/Sewer Infrastructure

Flooding/Drainage

Street Conditions

Greenways

Public Transit

Street Lighting

Lead Based Paint

Air Quality

□ □ Water/Stream Quality

YOUR HOUSEHOLD OR FAMILY (SELECT 3)

Commercial Building Conditions

Senior/Assisted Housing (Aging in Place)

Sidewalks & Pedestrian Infrastructure

Utility (Electricity, Heating, Cooling) Costs

Brownfields/Environmental Contamination

Unsafe/Abandoned Property

Range of Rental Opportunities

Undesirable Businesses

Consolidated Plan INDIANAPOLIS 354

SURVEY ALSO AVAILABLE ONLINE @ PLAN2020.COM

| WHAT MAKES UP YOUR PERFE | CT NEIGHBORHOOD? | ABOUT YOU | | | |
|--|--|---|----------|----------------|--|
| ☐ Single Family Homes | ☐ Sidewalks | All information | is comp | letely an | onymous. |
| ☐ Townhomes | ☐ Greenways/Trails | | | | 2000 2 × 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 |
| ☐ Apartments | ☐ Bike lanes | AGE | | | |
| ☐ Senior Housing | ☐ Bus/Transit Service | | | | |
| ☐ Mixed-Use Housing | ☐ Small Scale Retail | PENDED | - | ara am | ************************************** |
| □ Parks | ☐ Big Box Retail | GENDER | ☐ Fem | ale L | Male |
| ☐ Library | ☐ Offices | | | | |
| ☐ Cultural Amenities | ☐ Gas Stations | ZIP CODE WHERE | | | |
| □ Public Art | ☐ Grocery Stores | YOU LIVE | | | |
| ☐ Places of worship | ☐ Farmland | | | | |
| ☐ Elementary Schools | ☐ Small Yards | ZIP CODE WHERE | | | |
| ☐ High Schools | ☐ Large Yards | YOU WORK | | | |
| | and the state of t | PACE | □ Ame | rican Ind | lian or Alaska Native |
| | | Select any | | | ilan of Alaska Native |
| ш | - | that apply | □ Asidi | l Lar Afria | an American |
| | | | | | ian or Pacific Islander |
| | | | □ Whit | | an or Pacific Islander |
| | | | | | |
| | | | ☐ Othe | er | |
| IF YOU HAD TO MOVE OUT OF Y WOULD YOU MOVE TO? Different home in the s Somewhere else in Indy | ame neighborhood | ARE YOU OF HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN? | □ No | | Yes |
| ☐ A suburb of Indy | | ANNUAL | ☐ Unde | er \$15,00 | 0 |
| ☐ A small town some dist | ance from Indy | HOUSEHOLD | | | |
| WHY? | | INCOME | □ \$25,0 | 000 - \$40 | 0,000 |
| WHIT | | | ☐ \$40,0 | 000 - \$65 | 5,000 |
| (9) | | | □ \$65,0 | 000 - \$80 | 0,000 |
| | | | □ Over | \$80,000 |) |
| 15 16 16 | - | ARE YOU OR HAVE YOU EVER BEEN HOMELESS? | □ No | | Yes |
| | ION ABOUT HAPPENINGS IN THE | ARE YOU OR HAVE YOU EVER BEEN INCARCERATED? | □ No | | l Yes |
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| □ TV | | 50 | | | |
| | (Twitter) | | | | |
| □ Social Media (Facebook □ Word of Mouth | , iwitter) | | | | |
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| ☐ Employer | Pur Ad Billhoards | | | | |
| ☐ Public Advertisement (I | | | | | |
| □ Member/ Social Organiza | ation (Club, Place of Worship) | | | | |
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PROOF OF PUBLICATION from:

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IN DIAWA S LEADING LEGAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWSPAPER
41 E. WASHINGTON ST. SUITE 2XU, INDIANAFIOLIS, INDIANA 4220, (317) 863-2200

<u>ेक</u> of Indiana, Manon County ss:

ssonally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and sold County and at the Su Corp., publishers of Court & Commercial

ements in ordice, of which the attached is a line copy, was published on

wards. Judg: SCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, this 6th day of August 2014

Notary Public

Prescribed by State Roard of Accounts

44436-6160923



COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

MARION COUNTY, INDIANA

To: INDIANAPOLIS NEWSPAPERS
307 N PENNSYLVANIA ST - PO BOX 145
INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46206-0145

PUBLISHER'S CLAIM

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| I also certify that the printed matter anached he which was duly published in said paper. I times, | creto is a true cupy, of the same column width and type size, the dates of publication being between the dates of: |
| 08/04/2014 and 08/04/2014 | |
| Additionally, the statement oberked below is true a | iid correct: |
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| Newspaper has a Web site and this public notice the newspaper | se was posted on the same day as it was published in |
| Newspaper has a Web site, but due to a technic Newspaper has a Web site but refuses to post u | al problem or error, public notice was posted on be public notice. |
| | Quenttau_ |
| DATE: 08/ <u>04/2014</u> | Title: Clerk |

Prescribed by State Board of Accounts

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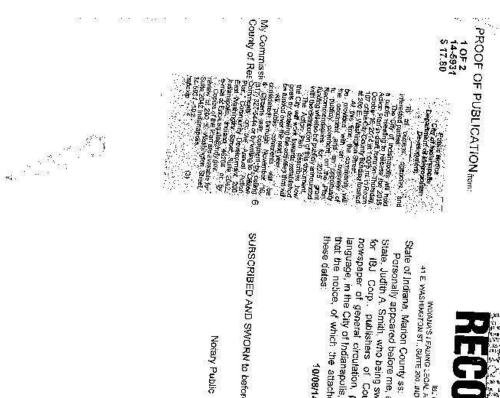
COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

MARION COUNTY, INDIANA

To: INDIANAPOLIS NEWSPAPERS 130 S. MERIDIAN ST. INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46225-1046

PUBLISHER'S CLAIM

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| DATE: 10:04:2014 | Zwh Ilas |
| DATE: <u>10/04/2014</u> | Title: Clerk |



SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, this 8th day of October 2014 Judith A. Smith

Notary Public

Gregary J. Morris

that the notice, of which the attached is a true copy, was published on Porsonally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and said County and State, Judith A. Smith, who being sworn upon her oath, says she is a Clerk for IBJ Corp. publishers of Court & Commercial Record, a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in the English language, in the City of Indianapolis, Indiana, in the County afcressid, and 10/08/14

INDIANA'S JEADING CEGAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWSPAPER.
41 E WASHINGTON ST., SUTTE 200, JUDINNAPOLIS, NICIANA 462'9, (*1.7) 636-C200

359



SF 424

The SF 424 is part of the CPMP Annual Action Plan. SF 424 form fields are included in this document. Grantee information is linked from the ICPMP xls document of the CPMP tool.

Complete the fillable fields (blue cells) in the table below. The other items are pro-titled with values from the Grantee Information Worksheet Type of Submission Applicant Identifier > Date Submitted 4/1/2015 Pre-application Application State Identifier Date Received by state Construction ☑ Construction Federal Identifier Date Roceived by HUD → Non Construction Non Construction Applicant Information IN181404 INDIANAPOLIS Indianapolis DUNS 067890848 200 East Washington Street Suite 2042 Divison of Community & Economic Development Indiana Indianapolis USA 46204 Employer Identification Number (EIN): 35-6001063 Specify Other Type if necessary: Applicant Type: Specify Other Type Local Government, City U.S. Department of Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers; Descriptive Title of Applicant Project(s); Areas Affected by Project(s) (cilles, Counties, localities etc.): Estimated Funding . 14,218 Entiltement Grant Community Development Black Grant Description of Areas Affected by CDBG Project(s) CDBG Project Titles, 2015 Community Development Block Inclanapolis, Marion County, Inciana \$Additional HUD Grant(s) LéveragedDescribe \$CDBG Grant Amount \$8,212,393 SAdditional State Funds Leveraged \$Additional Federal Funds Leveraged \$Grantee Funds Leveraged \$Locally Leveraged Funds. Other (Doscrine) \$Anticipated Program Income Total Funds Leveraged for CDBG-based Project(s) 14,239 HOME Home Investment Partnerships Program Description of Areas Affected by HOME Project(6) HOME Project Titles 2015 HOME Program SAdditional HUD Grant(s) Leverage: \$ IOME Grant Amount \$2,941,333 Additional State Europe Leveraged SAdditional Federal Funds Leveraged Version 2.0 Page 1 SF 424

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| explaining the situation. Yes: | `` | ⊠ No | Program is not covered | by EO 12372 |
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Specific CDBG Certifications

The Entitlement Community certifies that:

Citizen Participation -- It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR 91.105.

Community Development Plan — Its consolidated housing and community development plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that provide decent housing, expand economic opportunities primarily for persons of low and moderate income, (See CPR 24 570.2 and CPR 24 part 570)

Following a Plan -- It is following a current consolidated plan (or Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy) that has been approved by HIID.

Use of Funds -- It has complied with the following criteria:

- Maximum Feasible Priority. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it certifies that it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low and moderate income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular argency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available);
- Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds including section 108 guaranteed loads during program year(s) 2013-2015 (a period specified by the grantee consisting of one, two, or three specific consecutive program years), shall principally benefit persons of low and underste income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period;
- 3. Special Assessments, It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG Ends) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

The jurisdiction will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108, unless CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements financed from other revenue sources. In this case, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds. Also, in the case of properties owned and occupied by underste-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force -- It has adopted and is enforcing:

A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its

jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and

 A policy of enforcing applicable State and local taws against physically barring outrance to or exit from a facility or location which is the subject of such nen-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction;

Compliance With Anti-discrimination laws -- The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1984 (42 USC 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 USC 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.

Lead-Based Paint — Its activities concerning lead-based paint will comply with the requirements of 24 CFR Part 35, subparts A, B, J, K and R;

Compliance with Laws -- It will comply with applicable laws.

Signature/Authorized Official Date Date

Mayor Title

Specific HOME Certifications

The HOME participating jurisdiction certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -- If the participating jurisdiction intends to provide tenant-based rontal assistance;

The use of HOME funds for tenant-based rental assistance is an essential element of the participating jurisdiction's consolidated plan for expanding the supply, affordability, and availability of decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable housing.

Eligible Activities and Costs — it is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in P4 CFR § 92.205 through 92,209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in § 92.214.

Appropriate Financial Assistance — before committing any funds to a project, it will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing:

Signature/Authorized Official 31912015

Mayor

ESG Certifications

The Emergency Solutions Grants Program Recipient certifies that:

Major rehabilitation/conversion — If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation. If the cost to convert a building into an emergency shelter exceeds 75 percent of the value of the building after conversion, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion. In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the jurisdiction will maintain the building as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs — In the case of assistance involving shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the jurisdiction will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the jurisdiction serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation – Any renovation carried out with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary,

Supportive Services — The jurisdiction will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, victim services, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal State, local, and private assistance available for such individuals.

Matching Funds – The jurisdiction will obtain matching amounts required under 24 CFR 576.201.

Confidentiality — The jurisdiction has established and is implementing procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the writter, authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

Homeless Persons Involvement — To the maximum extent practicable, the juriscitetion will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities assisted under the ESG program, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and in providing services for occupants of facilities assisted under the program.

Consolidated Plan - All activities the jurisdiction undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with the jurisdiction's consolidated plan.

Discharge Policy - The jurisdiction will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from

publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, fester care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

Signature/Authorized Official

3/9/7015

Mayor

HOPWA Certifications

The HOPWA grantce certifies that:

Activities -- Activities funded under the program will meet urgent needs that are not being met by available public and private sources.

Building — Any building or structure assisted under that program shall be operated for the purpose specified in the plan:

- For at least 10 years in the case of assistance involving new construction, substantial rehabilitation, or acquisition of a facility.
- For at least 3 years in the case of assistance involving non-substantial rehabilitation or repair of a huilding or structure.

Signature/Authorized Official Date 1/2015

Mayor .

CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan. regulations, the jurisdiction certifies that:

Affirmatively Eurther Fair Housing - The jurisdiction will affirmatively further fair housing, which means it will conduct an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice within the jurisdiction, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting that analysis and actions in this regard.

Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan -- It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, and implementing regulations at 49 CFR 24; and it has in effect and is following a residential antidisplacement and relocation assistance plan required under section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the CDBG or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying -- To the best of the jurisdiction's knowledge and belief:

- No Federal appropriated lunds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any conperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
- If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person 2. for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employed of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Oisclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions; and
- 3. It will require that the language of paragraph 1 and 2 of this anti-lobbying certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shal. certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of Jurisdiction -- The consolidated plan is authorized under State and local law (as applicable) and the jurisdiction possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with plan - The housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan,

Section 3 -- It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and implementing regulations at 24 CTR Part 135.

Graph Signature/Authorized Official Date 3/9/2015

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING:

A. Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code, Any person who fails in file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Appendix - Alternate/Local Data Sources

1 Data Source Name

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HUD 07/2014

List the name of the organization or individual who originated the data set.

The US Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Provide a brief summary of the data set.

The data is provided on HUD's website for the 2014 HOME rent limits, dated July 2014.

What was the purpose for developing this data set?

It is the most recent set.

Provide the year (and optionally month, or month and day) for when the data was collected. July 2014.

Briefly describe the methodology for the data collection.

The data is provided on HUD's website for the 2014 HOME rent limits, dated July 2014.

Describe the total population from which the sample was taken.

The data is provided on HUD's website for the 2014 HOME rent limits, dated July 2014.

Describe the demographics of the respondents or characteristics of the unit of measure, and the number of respondents or units surveyed.

The data is provided on HUD's website for the 2014 HOME rent limits, dated July 2014.